

January 7, 2002

Ms. Debra Rossi Remedial Project Manager Hazardous Substance Cleanup Division U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Region III (3HS23) 1650 Arch Street Philadelphia, Pennsylvania 19103-2029

Re: Maryland Sand, Gravel and Stone Site

Remediation Technology Screening Technical Memorandum (Revised), and Ground Water Biodegradation Screening Investigation (Revised)

Dear Ms. Rossi:

On behalf of the Settling PRPs, please find enclosed the Remediation Technology Screening Technical Memorandum (Rev. 4 Jan 02) and, the Ground Water Biodegradation Screening Investigation Technical Memorandum (Rev. 4 Jan 02).

These documents have been revised to incorporate U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) and Maryland Department of the Environment (MDE) comments dated August 6, 2001, August 15, 2001, and November 27, 2001.

Should you have any questions, please do not hesitate to contact me at 703-519-2135.

Sincerely yours,

Douglas C. Ammon, PE

Douglas C. amman

Enclosure

cc: David Healy-MDE

Technical Committee Neil Peters, ERM

Maryland Sand, Gravel, and Stone Ground Water Biodegradation Screening Investigation

Technical Memorandum

15 June 2001

Revised 4 January 2002

48410.23.01

Environmental Resources Management 2666 Riva Road, Suite 200 Annapolis, Maryland 21401



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The primary objective of the investigation of natural attenuation at the MSG&S site was to collect sufficient data to evaluate the natural degradation of organic constituents in the Upper Sand ground water unit. A variety of physical, chemical and biological mass transfer processes in aquifers, including dispersion, sorption, volatilization and biodegradation, affect the rate and degree to which organic compounds are naturally attenuated. Data from the investigation was used to provide an initial screening evaluation of the extent to which natural processes are resulting in the degradation of organic compounds in ground water at this site.

This screening investigation was a means to determine whether enhanced biodegradation is a viable technology to be considered as a component of remedial alternatives during the Focused Feasibility Study (FFS) being prepared for the MSG&S site. For enhanced biodegradation to be a viable remedial alternative, it must be shown that the biodegradation, along with other attenuative processes, could be sufficient to achieve the required objectives and schedules stipulated in the FFS, likely in concert with one or more active remedial measures.

Over the past several years the role of biodegradation, and other natural processes, in reducing concentrations of chlorinated hydrocarbons in ground water, has been increasingly recognized and quantified. The natural degradation of chlorinated organic compounds can be evaluated and quantified using standard protocols approved by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA). The Technical Protocol for the Evaluation of Chlorinated Solvents in Ground water was originally developed by the Air Force Center For Environmental Excellence at Brooks Air Force Base in San Antonio, Texas (AFCEE Protocols, Wiedemeier et al, 1996). This protocol was subsequently adopted by EPA, with some changes, as an EPA guidance document entitled, Technical Protocol for Evaluating Natural Attenuation of Chlorinated Solvents in Ground water (USEPA, 1998a). Subsequent to this guidance document, EPA issued final EPA Office of Solid waste and Emergency Response (OSWER) Directive 9200.4-17P (USEPA, 1999) which stated that "three lines of evidence" can be used to evaluate natural attenuation of chlorinated aliphatic hydrocarbons, including:

(1) "Historical ground water and/or soil chemistry data that demonstrate a clear and meaningful trend of decreasing constituent mass and/or concentration over time at appropriate monitoring or sampling points. (In the case of a

- dissolved ground water plume, decreasing concentration will not be solely the result of plume migration. In the case of inorganic constituents, the primary attenuating mechanism will also be understood.)
- (2) Hydrogeologic and geochemical data that can be used to demonstrate indirectly the type(s) of natural attenuation processes active at the site, and the rate at which such processes will reduce constituent concentrations to required levels. For example, characterization data may be used to quantify the rates of constituent sorption, dilution, or volatilization, or to demonstrate and quantify the rates of biological degradation processes occurring at the site.
- (3) Data from field or microcosm studies (conducted in or with actual contaminated site media) which directly demonstrate the occurrence of a particular natural attenuation process at the site and its ability to degrade the constituents of concern (typically used to demonstrate biological degradation processes only)."

The OSWER Directive also provides the following guidance on interpreting the lines of evidence (USEPA, 1999):

"Unless EPA or the implementing state agency determines that historical data (Number 1 above) are of sufficient quality and duration to support a decision to use monitored natural attenuation, EPA expects that data characterizing the nature and rates of natural attenuation processes at the site (Number 2 above) will be provided. Where the latter are also inadequate or inconclusive, data from microcosm studies (Number 3 above) may also be necessary."

Typically, the first two "lines of evidence" can be established from the existing (and proposed) data and these two "lines of evidence" are sufficient to provide the basis to reasonably conclude that active biodegradation processes (including reductive dechlorination) are occurring.

There are several important processes at work in the subsurface, including sorption, dispersion, dilution and degradation, but the pertinent process for this discussion is biologically-induced degradation (biodegradation), and more specifically, reductive dechlorination. During dechlorination of chlorinated organic compounds, concentrations of the parent compounds decrease and the daughter products of the process increase in concentration over time. Eventually, the daughter products also decrease as they are further dechlorinated. The final end products of the dechlorination process are carbon dioxide and chloride ions (under aerobic conditions) and ethene and ethane (under anaerobic conditions). There are also important anaerobic biological process that can oxidize cis-1,2-dichloroethene and vinyl chloride to carbon dioxide. Carbon dioxide is often the most important end product under iron and manganese reducing conditions, with little production or accumulation of ethene or ethane.

1.1 INITIAL GEOCHEMICAL SCREENING

Ground water quality data collected during previous investigations at the site have shown that byproducts of the biodegradation of chlorinated organic compounds are present in site ground water. Specifically, the presence of 1,2-dichoroethene (DCE), vinyl chloride, and other "daughter" products confirms that some level of dechlorination is occurring at the site. In order to evaluate the degree to which this is occurring, an initial screening of natural attenuation potential at the MS&G site was conducted using the AFCEE screening protocol outlined in the EPA guidance (EPA, 1998). The screening protocol called for the collection and analysis of ground water samples from different areas of the site, including: (1) source area(s), downgradient of source but within the dissolved contaminant plume, (3) downgradient from the dissolved plume, and upgradient/lateral (i.e., background) locations not impacted by the plume. The locations selected for ground water sampling at the MSG&S site are discussed in Section 2.0.

The ground water samples were analyzed for a suite of chemical parameters including volatile organic compounds (VOCs), dissolved gases, selected metals, selected anions, and other properties (e.g., temperature, organic carbon, oxidation-reduction potential (ORP), alkalinity, and pH. The list of parameters analyzed for in the ground water samples is further discussed in Section 2.2.

After the field and laboratory analytical data was assembled, a "score" was assigned for each of the parameters, in accordance with the EPA guidance. Each parameter has a predetermined value in the guidance, and points are only assigned if the data met the specified criteria. The scoring protocol is also present as a simple spreadsheet component of the EPA BIOCHLOR program (EPA, 2001).

The total points awarded for a given ground water sample is reflective of the degree to which anaerobic biodegradation of chlorinated solvents is occurring at that location. AFCEE and EPA have applied the following criteria for use in evaluating the "score" for each ground water sample:

Score	Interpretation(*)
0 to 5	Inadequate evidence for anaerobic degradation of chlorinated organics
6 to 14	Limited evidence for anaerobic degradation of chlorinated organics
15 to 20	Adequate evidence for anaerobic degradation of chlorinated organics
> 20	Strong evidence for anaerobic degradation of chlorinated organics

^(*) assumes that the primary degradation pathway is through reductive dechlorination

1.2 AQUIFER PARAMETERS

Supplemental to a determination of the degree to which biodegradation is occurring at various locations at the site, it is also important to collect and evaluate hydrogeological data specific to the site. Parameters such as hydraulic gradient, hydraulic conductivity, porosity, dispersivity, and the coefficient of retardation (based on organic carbon content) are critical input parameters for geochemical solute transport models.

To understand and optimize biodegradation, it is important to assess the mechanisms and degradation pathways occurring at the site. It is common to have anaerobic, co-metabolic and aerobic processes dominating in different areas of a site. Delineating these zones is important in understanding the site-specific processes, and in assessing

the rate and completeness of biodegradation. Section 2.2.2 discusses the use of dissolved hydrogen sampling for assessing the degradation pathways at selected wells.

2.0 FIELD METHODS

This section provides information on methods and procedures for the ground water investigation.

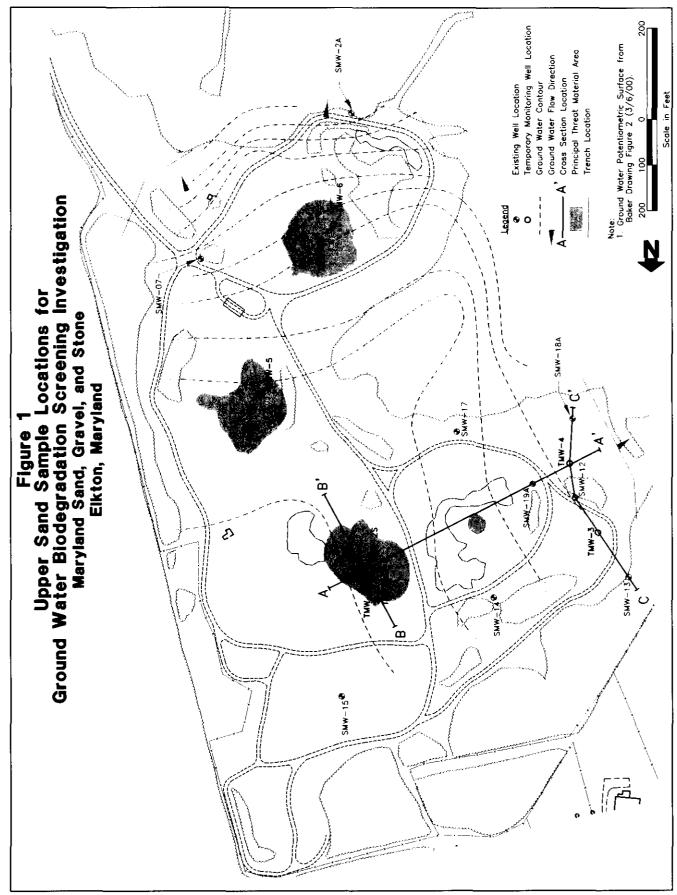
2.1 TEMPORARY MONITORING WELL COMPLETION

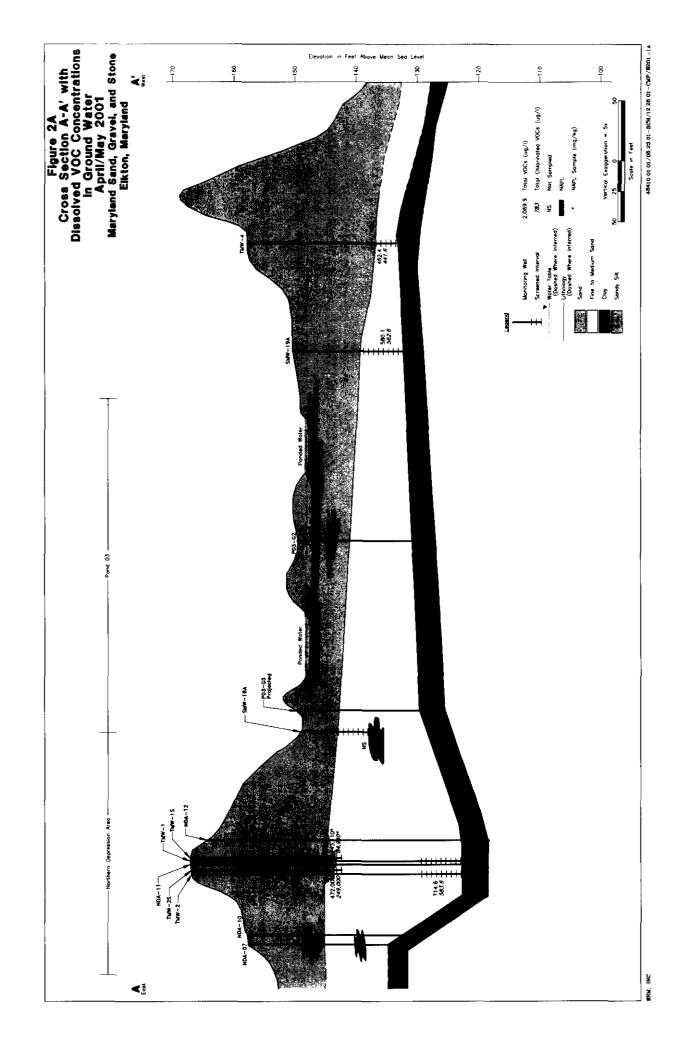
2.1.1 Well Installation

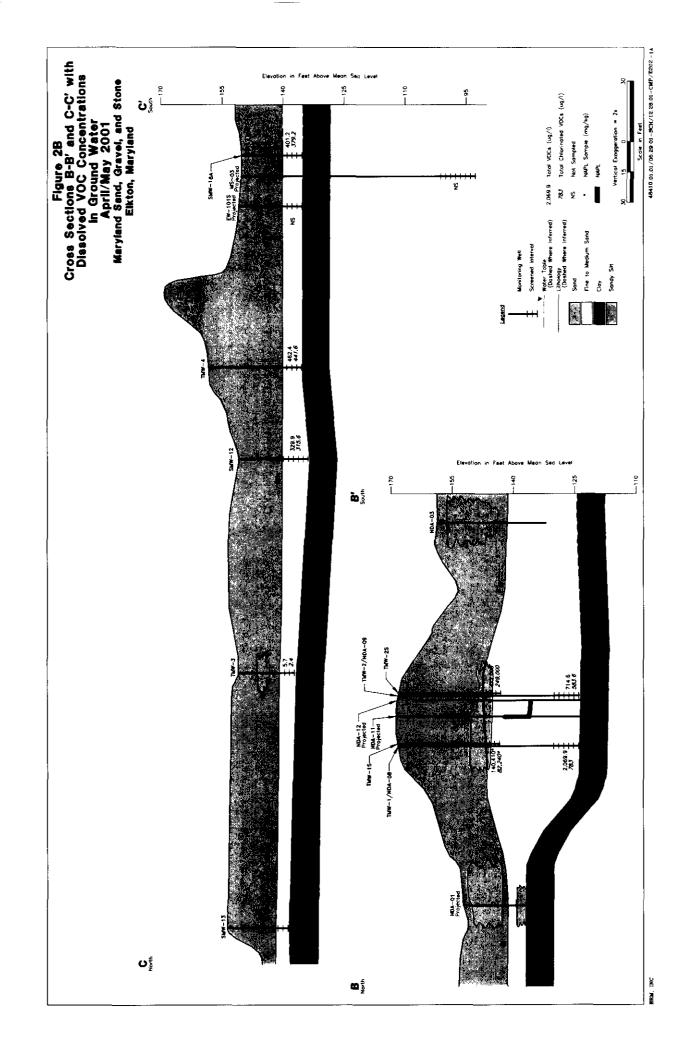
During 13 through 20 March 2001, ERM installed six temporary monitoring wells (TMW-1 through 6) using Geoprobe® direct-push equipment (Figure 1). The well screens were placed on top of the basal clay at the bottom of the Upper Sand and range in depth from 12 to 44 feet below ground surface (bgs). On 18 April 2001, four additional temporary monitoring well (TMW-1S, 2S, 5S and 6S) screens were placed across the water table in the three principal threat areas. The additional wells were installed following review of the deep wells ground water sampling results and FLUTe installations. This data indicated the majority of contamination to be at the water table and in the unsaturated soils. Total depths ranged from 13 to 24 feet bgs. Figures 2A and 2B illustrate the vertical placement of wells along the principal ground water flow path in the Northern Depression Area (NDA). To construct the wells a minimum 2.5-inch MacrocoreTM sampler was used to create a borehole in the Upper Sand aquifer. Five foot long, slotted 4-inch inside diameter, pre-packed well screens were then installed in each borehole to allow for the collection of ground water samples. The temporary wells were constructed with an outer sand filter pack and bentonite seal. Following installation, the wells were developed to remove fine-grained particles from the screened interval. Water generated during purging was processed at the on-site treatment facility in accordance with the projectspecific requirements for management of investigation-derived wastes. Well construction logs are presented in Appendix A.

2.1.2 Equipment Decontamination

Drilling and sampling tools (e.g., drilling rods and bits, Macrocore samplersTM etc.) used during well installation were decontaminated between each sample and/or drilling location as appropriate using a non-phosphate soap wash (e.g., Alconox®) followed by a tap water rinse and/or steam cleaning as determined by the field geologist to ensure







adequate cleaning and decontamination of drilling and sampling equipment.

2.2 GROUND WATER SAMPLING

Ground water samples were collected from seventeen existing and temporary monitoring wells during 3 through 6 April 2001 and on 24 May 2001 (see Figure 1). Sampling activities were conducted in accordance with the EPA-approved Ground Water Biodegradation Screening Investigation Work Plan (ERM, 2001) and 14 March addendum. Samples were collected using a SolinstTM double valve pump (DVP) and clean dedicated polyethylene tubing for each boring. The DVP uses compressed air to lift the sample to the ground surface via a series of check valves (the check valves prevent the air from contacting the ground water sample). SMW-13 and SMW-14 were sampled with a peristaltic pump due to a water column height that was insufficient to fill the DVP chamber. VOC and dissolved permanent gases were collected from the peristaltic pump by allowing the water in the sample line to drain from the tubing intake. This prevented the water from passing through the pump and potentially aerating the samples. A non-aqueous phase liquid (NAPL) was observed in wells TMW-1S and TMW-6S during sampling. A sample of the NAPL from each well was submitted for analysis of VOCs.

Ground water sampling was conducted in accordance with EPA's Region III low-flow sampling methods. When possible, based on existing data or locations of wells relative to potential principal threat areas, the order for sampling wells began with the cleanest well and proceeded to the most contaminated well. Procedures for low-flow sampling are summarized below.

2.2.1 Low-Flow Sampling Techniques

Ground water sampling performed using low-flow sampling techniques followed EPA Region III Quality Assurance Directive 23 (QAD023) entitled, Recommended Procedure for Low-Flow Purging and Sampling of Groundwater Monitoring Wells (EPA, 1999). These procedures were modified as warranted by field conditions. Low-flow sampling procedures are briefly reiterated below and are described in greater detail in the references identified above. A SolinstTM DVP or peristaltic pump was used for low-flow sampling.

Low-flow refers to the velocity that water enters the pump intake and moves through the formation in the immediate vicinity of the well screen. Water level drawdown at each well was monitored to provide the best indication of the appropriate flow rate for use during sampling. The goal was to achieve flow rates of approximately 100 milliliters per minute, with drawdown during pumping being less than 0.2 foot.

The low-flow pump intake was placed within the screen interval, and used to purge the well until the water quality parameters stabilized within acceptable ranges. The *in-situ* water quality parameters were frequently monitored in the field during pumping, and recorded on field log sheets. These parameters consisted of pH, temperature and specific conductance, as well as dissolved oxygen and ORP, and were measured using an HoribaTM U-22 water quality meter and flow-through cell. CHEMetric's CHEMets test kits were used to field verify the dissolved oxygen concentration in the ground water samples. Drawdown in the well during pumping was also monitored with an electronic water level indicator and recorded during purging.

Once the field-measured water quality parameters stabilized within acceptable tolerances, the ground water sample was collected from the flow of the pump discharge line and discharged directly into the sample bottles. Wells purged with peristaltic pumps were sampled for VOCs and dissolved permanent gases from the well intake line by removing the tubing from the well and allowing the water to drain from the intake (tube bottom) directly into the sample bottles. A HACHTM field kit was used to measure the unfiltered ferrous iron concentration in the field at the time of sampling.

2.2.2 Dissolved Hydrogen Sampling

A ground water sample was collected for the analysis of dissolved hydrogen from nine of the 16 selected wells based on the recommended sampling methodology flow rates. Dissolved hydrogen (H₂) is an indicator of microbial activity in ground water, specifically it is an indicator of the type of terminal electron acceptors being utilized by the microorganisms in the aquifer [i.e., methanogenesis (5-20 nanomoles per liter (nM/L), sulfate reduction (1-4 nM/L), iron reduction (0.2-0.8 nM/L), or denitrification (<0.1 nM/L)]. Reductive dechlorination can occur when the dissolved hydrogen concentration is greater than 1 nM/L (USEPA, 1998). The measurement of dissolved hydrogen is a sensitive process due to the highly volatile nature of this gas. Based on the pumping rates required for sampling at the nine wells, ERM followed the hydrogen

sampling protocol developed by Microseeps, Inc., Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, the laboratory designated to conduct the sample analyses for the biodegradation indicator parameters. The procedure for collection of the ground water samples for hydrogen analyses is a modified version of the "bubble-strip" procedure outlined by Chapelle et al. (1997), and described in the EPA guidance manual (EPA, 1998).

The Microseeps gas stripping cell protocol involved the use of a gassampling cell that was provided by the laboratory. The sampling protocol is presented in Appendix A of the approved Work Plan Addendum for this project. The sample vials that were collected for each well were forwarded on to Microseeps for analysis of dissolved hydrogen (Microseeps method AM20GAX).

2.2.3 Quality Assurance/Quality Control Samples

Quality assurance/quality control samples consisted of a trip blank for VOC analysis and field duplicates for full analytical analyses. Samples were collected in accordance with the site Quality Assurance Project Plan.

2.2.4 Decontamination for Ground Water Sampling

All purging and sampling equipment used at multiple sampling locations was decontaminated prior to use at each location. Purging and sampling equipment was decontaminated using an Alconox non-phosphate soap wash and distilled water rinse. Disposable equipment and supplies (e.g., sample tubing, filters, etc.) were used when appropriate to minimize the potential for cross-contamination. Decontamination fluids were contained and transported to the on site water treatment facility as appropriate for the management of investigation-derived wastes.

2.2.5 Sample Containers and Preservatives

Sample containers and preservatives appropriate for the sample media and analyses to be performed were furnished by the analytical laboratory. Each sample container was labeled with an adhesive label that contained the ERM project number, date & time of sample collection, sampler's initials, analyses to be performed, and preservatives (if any).

2.2.6 Sampling Handling and Chain-of-Custody

Immediately upon collection, sample containers were placed in coolers chilled to the appropriate temperature with wet ice. Coolers were packed

with sufficient wet ice to ensure the proper temperature was maintained during shipment to the designated laboratory and to prevent damage to sample containers. Liquid samples were also sealed in plastic "ziplock" bags. A chain-of-custody form was completed for each sample shipment. The appropriate copies of the completed chain-of-custody form were placed in a plastic bag and shipped inside the cooler with the samples. All samples contained in the cooler were listed on the chain-of-custody form. A custody seal was placed on each cooler when the cooler was sealed. Sample coolers were delivered to the designated laboratory via Federal Express priority overnight delivery service. Sample chain-of-custody forms are included in Appendix B.

Ground water samples collected for the analysis of VOCs were shipped to STL, Inc. in North Canton, Ohio for analysis. All other parameters were analyzed by Microseeps, Inc., located in Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania.

2.3 AQUIFER TESTING

On 10 and 11 May 2001, *in-situ* hydraulic conductivity tests were performed on selected Upper Sand monitoring wells. Field methods for conducting the tests are described below.

In-situ hydraulic conductivity tests were performed on the selected upper sand monitoring wells to provide data for assessing the hydraulic conductivity of the aquifer. Prior to conducting the test in each well, the static water level was measured using an electronic water level indicator. The *in-situ* hydraulic conductivity tests were performed by pumping the well at a particular drawdown.

The tests were conducted as follows (Wilson, Cho, Beck and Vardy, 1997). A 0.25-inch inside diameter polyethylene tube was inserted in the well with the tip at an elevation 0.5-foot (15 cm) below the static water level. A Solinst® peristaltic pump was used to pump water from the tube at a rate that produced both water and air. Depending on the flow rate and observed drawdown in the well the tube was then raised or lowered in three inch increments to achieve the correct water and air mixture. The well was then pumped until the flow rate came to equilibrium and the time to collect 200 mL was measured. If the yield was very slow, the yield in five minutes was measured. Specific capacity was calculated in milliliters per second per centimeter of drawdown. The specific capacity was multiplied by an empirical calibration factor, α , to estimate hydraulic conductivity in centimeters per second (cm/sec).

2.4 FIELD DOCUMENTATION

All field activities, notes and observations were documented in a bound weatherproof field book dedicated to the project. Sampling information was recorded on individual field forms which were subsequently stored in the project file.

3.0 GROUND WATER ANALYTICAL RESULTS

The field and laboratory analytical data from the ground water samples was reviewed for completeness and quality control, and summarized in spreadsheets.

3.1 FIELD DATA

Ground water field parameters collected during the low flow purging of the monitoring wells consisted of pH, temperature, specific conductance, dissolved oxygen and ORP. The parameters were measured using an HoribaTM U-22 water quality meter and flow-through cell. Aliquots were also collected for measurement in the field for dissolved oxygen and ferrous iron using field test kits. Table 1 summarizes the field parameters at the time of stabilization and immediately prior to collecting the sample for laboratory analysis. The field test kits were in fairly good agreement with the HoribaTM U-22 meter. The CHEMets dissolved oxygen kit was more accurate for samples with dissolved oxygen concentrations less than 0.5 milligrams per liter (mg/L).

Ground water at the site is slightly acidic with a pH ranging from 4.0 to 6.3; the lowest pH was at the background well SMW-15. The average ground water temperature was 11 Celsius degrees (°C) (or 52 Fahrenheit degrees).

In general, the dissolved oxygen content outside of and on the fringe of the dissolved hydrocarbon plumes was between 6 and 10 mg/L and the ORP was a positive 174 to 335 millivolts (mV), indicating aerobic/oxidizing conditions to be present. On the other hand, ground water within the dissolved hydrocarbon plumes was typically depleted of oxygen and indicated reducing conditions. Some exceptions to this were noted in the NDA area, Pond 02 area and at well SMW-19A. Dissolved oxygen was as high as 5 mg/L in the NDA area deep well TMW-2 and 10 mg/L in the BWA downgradient well SMW-2A. The ORP measurements at SMW-19A were also greater than 200 mV.

Ferrous iron was measured using a HACH field test kit and in the samples provided to the designated laboratory, STL-North Canton, Ohio. The results of the field tests indicated ferrous iron concentrations were greatest where there was anaerobic and reducing conditions.

					Tomporal Parameters	meters			Field Kits	Kits
		į			Specific		Dissolved		Dissolved	Ferrous
	Frincipal	Date	ļ	Toursday	Conductance	Turbidity	Oxygen	ORP	Oxygen	Iron
Well Identification	Threat Area	Sampied	ьи	(Degrees C)	(m/S/m)	NTC	(mg/L)	(M	(mg/L)	(mg/L)
				(2,000)	(saw france)	75				
Permanent Monitoring Wells						;			9	č
SMW-2A	BWA	4/5/2001	5.2	8.06	ເກ	8	10.0	767	10.0	# !
17 Miles	2	4/4/2001	6.3	11.80	45	17	9.0	- -	0.0	>10
/P-MINIC	107 VI	4/4/2001	, r.	9.20	R	46	9.0	-24	0.7	6.4
5MW-12		1000/1/7	0	10.12	œ	6	9.6	210	10.0	0.0
SMW-13	VON .	*/ 3/ 2001) O	10.17	. 40	-	2.6	174	9.0	0.0
SMW-14	Z :	4/0/2001	9 9	02.11	, ₂	· ur	6.3	335	6.0	0.0
SMW-15	NDA	4/3/2001	4 .	11.70	3:	, (1	5	<u>-</u>	-
SMW-17	NDA	4/3/2001	6.1	10.10	\$	8); O	3) (2 6
SMW-18A	NDA	4/4/2001	4.7	10.40	12	7	6.2	273	7.0	0.P
SMW-19A	NDA	4/4/2001	5.3	10.20	12	99	1.0	506	1.0	1.2
Tennorary Monitoring Wells						,	;		ć	7.
TMW-1	NDA	4/6/2001	5.4	8.90	ដ	210	2.3	661-	7.5	1.0
27 641 16	ACIN	5/24/2001	•	•	•	1	•	1	•	,
T.WMI	NO.	4/6/2001	4.5	11.40	19	320	3.4	-145	5.0	1.5
IMW-2	A CA	5/24/2001	4	12.63	Ę	8	0.0	2 6	1.0	4.3
IMW-25	Y CA	4/6/2001	4.0	10.31	œ	8	6.1	190	6.0	9.0
IMW-3	2 2	4/6/2001) Y	1 1 1 1 1 1 1	16	15	9.0	-128	0.0	7.8
TMW-4	¥ON CA	4/0/2001) is	10.90	77	22	9.0	-57	0.0	>10
TMW-5	2	1007/5/4	9 1	13.46	9	44	00	-10	0.0	5.6
TMW-5S	\$	2/24/2001	1.0	10.40	3 4	180	. C	ž	0.0	>10
TMW-6	BWA	4/5/2001	9.0	227	Q :	8 9	3	3 6	0.0	,,
TMW-6S	BWA	5/24/2001	4.85	13.99	92	666	1	657	3.0	
			i 							

Notes:

Temporal Parameters were collected with an Horiba U-22 water quality meter and flow cell.

A Chemets Field Kit was used to verify the dissolved oxygen concentration at the time of sample collection. A HACH Field Kit was used to determine the ferrous iron concentration at the time of sample collection.

ORP - Oxidation-reduction potential

mS/m - millisiemens per meter NTU - nepthelometric turbidity units

mg/L - milligrams per liter

mV - millivolts

> - indicates greater than reported value "." Not sampled due to NAPL in the well.

3.2 LABORATORY ANALYTICAL DATA

The following section discusses the ground water sampling analytical results. The laboratory analytical data is summarized in Table 2. The complete analytical data package from STL-North Canton is included in Appendix B.

3.2.1 Volatile Organic Compounds

An upgradient well, SMW-15 was sampled to determine background contaminant levels for the site. All constituents of concern (CoCs) were either non-detect or were detected at levels below 1 microgram per liter (μ g/L). Chloroform was detected at 2.2 μ g/L.

Northern Depression Area (NDA)

A LNAPL was observed on the water surface at TMW-1S and was subsequently collected for analysis of VOCs and tentatively identified compounds (TICs). The laboratory results confirmed the liquid to be non-aqueous and contained 467 milligrams per kilogram (mg/kg) of chlorinated organics [e.g., 1,1,1-trichloroethane (TCA), tetrachloroethene (PCE), trichloroethene (TCE) and chlorobenzene], 1,370 mg/kg of aliphatic hydrocarbons [e.g., 2-butanone (MEK) and 4-methyl-2-pentanone (MIBK)] and 195 mg/kg of aromatic hydrocarbons (e.g. benzene, toluene and xylenes). NAPL was not observed to be present at TMW-2S. The ground water sample collected from TMW-2S contained 249 mg/L of the same suite of chlorinated organic compounds as the TMW-1S product sample, as well as, 1,1-dichloroethene (1,1-DCE) and a total of 223 mg/L of non-chlorinated hydrocarbons.

Deep wells TMW-1 and TMW-2, located in the NDA source area, contained a similar suite of chlorinated organic compounds as TMW-2S; however the concentrations were two to three orders of magnitude less than the levels reported for TMW-2S. The presence of hydrocarbons in these deeper wells indicates that there is some vertical mixing and degradation within the Upper Sand aquifer.

Several wells downgradient of NDA were sampled to determine the extent of contaminant migration. Several of these wells (SMW-13, SMW-14, and TMW-3) showed only small detections of a limited number of VOCs while others (TMW-3, TMW-4, SMW-12, SMW-17, SMW-18A and SMW-19A) had detections for compounds similar to those in the NDA principal threat area, but at significantly lower (i.e., 3 to 4 orders of

Units #g/L #g/L #g/L #g/L #g/L #g/L #g/L #g/	130000 ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND	23000000 ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND	460 ND ND 40 ND ND ND ND	76000 ND ND ND ND ND	TMW-2S (Dup) 74000 ND ND ND	320 ND ND
µg/L µg/L µg/L µg/L µg/L µg/L µg/L µg/L	ND ND ND 6200 J ND ND ND ND	ND ND ND ND ND ND ND	ND ND 40 ND ND	ND ND ND	ND ND	ND ND
µg/L µg/L µg/L µg/L µg/L µg/L µg/L µg/L	ND ND ND 6200 J ND ND ND ND	ND ND ND ND ND ND ND	ND ND 40 ND ND	ND ND ND	ND ND	ND ND
µg/L µg/L µg/L µg/L µg/L µg/L µg/L µg/L	ND ND 6200 J ND ND ND ND	ND ND ND ND ND ND	ND 40 ND ND	ND ND	ND	ND
нв/L нв/L нв/L нв/L нв/L нв/L нв/L нв/L	ND 6200 J ND ND ND ND	ND ND ND ND ND	40 ND ND	ND		
ид/L ид/L ид/L ид/L ид/L ид/L ид/L ид/L	ND 6200 J ND ND ND ND	ND ND ND ND	40 ND ND	ND		
µg/L µg/L µg/L µg/L µg/L µg/L µg/L	6200 J ND ND ND ND	ND ND ND	ND ND			7.1
μg/L μg/L μg/L μg/L μg/L μg/L	ND ND ND ND	ND ND ND	ND	112	ND	3.5
μg/L μg/L μg/L μg/L μg/L μg/L	ND ND ND	ND ND		ND	ND	ND
μg/L μg/L μg/L μg/L	ND ND	ND		ND	ND	ND
μg/L μg/L μg/L	ND		ND	ND	ND	ND
μg/L μg/L		2770200				
μg/L	490000	2700000	ND	ND	ND	ND
		ND	320	ND	ND	ND
1107/1	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
μ ₁ 5/ ⊔	670000	5200000	560	62000	61000	21
μ g/ Ľ	210000	ND	170 B	18000 J,B	34000 J,B	37 B
μg/L	12000	870000 J	15	ND	ND	3.5
µg/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
		ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
						ND
46/L						58
μg/ L						ND
						21
						ND
						ND
						ND
						3.5
						45
μg/L						ND
μg/L	26000					58
μg/L	160000	38000000	190	120000	120000	49
μg/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
ug/L	20000	ND	29	43000	42000	71
	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
		12000000	26	23000	22000	17
FB/						
mg/L	_	_	_		-	_
mg/L	-	-	58	_	_	43
mg/L	_	_	_			
mg/L		_	8.3	-		8.4
	-	-	0.73	_	_	<0.10
	_	_			-	
		**	4.7		_	1.7
	_		•••	_	_	
		_			_	_
g/ L	-	-	-	_	_	_
mg/L		_	-	-		
mg/L	_	_	-	_	_	-
-						
m=/1	_	_	47	_	_	62
		-	**		-	< 0.40
		_				1400
		-		-		
	-	-				800
				-	-	
				_	-	2.1
	-	-				18 7.5
	#8/L #8/L #8/L #8/L #8/L #8/L #8/L #8/L	#g/L ND #g/L 26000 #g/L ND #g/L ND #g/L ND #g/L 20000 #g/L ND #g/L ND #g/L ND #g/L ND #g/L ND #g/L mg/L	Hg/L ND ND ND Hg/L 160000 38000000 Hg/L ND ND ND Hg/L 23000 16000000 Hg/L ND ND ND Hg/L 23000 12000000 Hg/L ND ND ND Hg/L ND ND ND Hg/L ND ND Hg/L ND ND ND Hg/L ND ND	Hg/L ND ND ND ND ND Hg/L ND ND ND ND ND ND ND N	Hg/L ND	

ND = Not Detected

ND = Not Detected

B = Analyte was found in an associated method blank

J - Analyte present. Reported value is estimated and may be not be precise.

µg/L - Micrograms per liter.

mg/L - Milligrams per liter.

ng/L - Nanomoles per liter.

NM/L - Nanomoles per liter.

Mot analyzed.

Not analyzed.
 This sample was collected for VOC fingerprint analysis of NAPL. Results are in units of micrograms per kilogram (µg/kg).

Ground Water Sampling Results Maryland Sand, Gravel, and Stone, Elkton, Maryland Table 2.

_				them Depression		
Parameter	Units	TMW-3	TMW-4	SMW-12	SMW-13	SMW-14
Volatile Organic Compounds						
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	μg/L	1.3	130	84	ND	ND
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	μg/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	μg/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
1,1-Dichloroethane	μg/L	ND	26	70	ND	ND
1,1-Dichlaroethene	μg/L	ND	5.5	2.7	ND	ND
1,2-Dichloroethane	μg/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
1,2-Dichloroethene (total)	μg/L	ND	17	38	ND	ND
1,2-Dichloropropane	μg/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
1.4-Dichlorobenzene	μg/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
2-Butanone	μg/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
2-Hexanone	μg/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
4-methyl-2-pentanone	μg/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Acetone	μg/L	2.8	16 B	10 B	2.1	ND
Acetone Benzene	μg/Ն	ND	1.3	0.94	ND	ND
Bromodichloromethane		ND	ND		ND ND	
Bromodichioromethane Bromoform	μg/L	ND ND	ND ND	ND ND	ND ND	ND ND
	μg/L					
Bromomethane Carbon Disulfide	μg/L	ND	ND ND	ND	ND ND	ND
	μg/L	ND		ND		ND
Carbon Tetrachloride	μg/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Chlorobenzene	μg/L	0.44	21	25	0.4	ND
Chloroethane	μg/L	ND	ND	2.9	ND	ND
Chloroform	μg/L	ND	1.9	2	ND	0.31 B
Chloromethane	μg/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	μg/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Dibromochloromethane	μg/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Ethylbenzene	pg/L	ND	ND	0.56	ND	ND
Methylene Chloride	μg/L	ND	2.2	ND	0.38	0.3
Styrene	μg/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Tetrachloroethene	μg/L	0.42	130	56	ND	ND
Toluene	μg/L	0.37	2.2	1.4	0.13	ND
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	μg/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Trichloroethene	μ g/ L	0.24	37	22	ND	ND
Vinyt Chloride	μg/L	ND	7 1	13	ND	ND
Xylenes (total)	μg/L	0.1	1.3	1.4	0.15	ND
Wet Chemistry						
Alkalinity as CaCO3	mg/L	<4	24	50	6	12
	•	_			3.5	
Chloride	mg/L	4.1	16 25	14	3.5 <1.0	5.6
Ferrous Iron	mg/L	<1	_	10		<1.0
Nitrate	mg/L	1.4	0.24	<0.10	0.5	0.42
Nitrite	mg/L	<0.10	<0.10	<0.10	<0.10	<0.10
Soluble Organic Carbon	mg/L	<2.0	<2.0	<2 40	7.6 25	6.2
Sulfate	mg/L	12 <2.0	16 <2.0		25 <2.0	B.1
Sulfide	mg/L			<2.0		<2.0
Total Organic Carbon	mg/L	<2.0	<2.0	<2.0	<2.0	<2.0
Metals						
Iron	mg/L	0.19	28	14	< 0.05	0.074
Manganese - dissolved	mg/L	0.15	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.031
Dissolved Pennanent Gases	· Or					
Carbon Dioxide	ma/1	120	<0.60	19	28	13
Carbon Monoxide	mg/L	<0.40	~ 0.00	17	<0.40	13
	mg/L	<0.40 210	 <5.0	950	110	<5.0
Ethane	ng/L				92	
Ethene	ng/L	130	<5.0	1300	92	<5.0
Hydrogen	nM/L	_	1.6	0.69		1.7
Methane Nitrogen	μ g/L mg/L	8.8 20	0.09 17	9.4 16	0.11 19	0.04 15

ND = Not Detected
B = Analyte was found in an associated method blank
J - Analyte present. Reported value is estimated and may be not be precise.

µg/L - Milligrams per liter.

mg/L - Nanograms per liter.

nM/L - Nanomoles per liter.

Not analyzed.

Not analyzed.
 - This sample was collected for VOC fingerprint analysis of NAPL. Results are in units of micrograms per kilogram (µg/kg).

Table 2. Ground Water Sampling Results Maryland Sand, Gravel, and Stone, Elkton, Maryland

. .		a		rn Depression A		
Parameter	Units	SMW-15	SMW-15 (Dup)	SMW-17	SMW-18A	SMW-19A
Volatile Organic Compounds						
1.1.1-Trichloroethane	ug/L	ND	ND	360	260	150
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	μg/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	μg/L	ND	ND	5.2	ND	ND
1,1-Dichloroethane	μg/L	ND	ND	180	60	140
1.1-Dichloroethene	μg/L	ND	ND	2.5	3.7	2.4
1.2-Dichloroethane	μg/L	ND	ND	12	3.8	2.5
1,2-Dichloroethene (total)	μg/L	ND	ND	22	B.1	58
1,2-Dichloropropane	μg/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	μg/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
2-Butanone	μg/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
2-Hexanone	μg/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
4-methyl-2-pentanone	μg/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Acetone	μg/L μg/L	ND	ND	ND	22 B	ND
Benzene	μg/L μg/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	4.4
Bromodichloromethane		ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
bromocicniorometnane Bromoform	μg/L	ND ND	ND ND	ND ND	ND	ND ND
	μg/L	ND ND	ND ND			ND ND
Bromomethane	μg/L			ND	ND	
Carbon Disulfide	μg/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Carbon Tetrachloride	μ g /L	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Chlorobenzene	μg/L	0.18	ND	10	5.1 J	38
Chloroethane	μg/L	ND	ND	5.5	ND	26
Chloroform	μg/L	2.2	2.1 B	7	3.7	3.7
Chloromethane	μg/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	µg/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Dibromochloromethane	μg/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Ethylbenzene	μg/L	ND	ND	25	ND	3.6
Methylene Chloride	μg/L	0.3	0.36 J	ND	ND	7
Styrene	μg/Ĺ	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Tetrachloroethene	μg/L	0.11	0.11 J	5.5	7.8	87
Toluene	μg/L	0.15	ND	83	ND	5.5
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	μg/L	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
Trichloroethene	μ g/ L	ND	ND	45	27	20
Vinyl Chloride	μg/L	ND	ND	9.6	ND	28
Xylenes (total)	μg/L	ND	ND	93	ND	4
Wet Chemistry	_					
Alkalinity as CaCO3	mg/L	4	<4	200	<4	6
		~4 79	~a 78	200 9,4	5.9	26
Chloride	mg/L	79 <1.0	78 <1.0		5.9 <1	20 1.6
Perrous Iron	mg/L		<1.0 22	1.8	_	<0.10
Nitrate	mg/L	22	_	0.24	3.8	
Nitrite	mg/L	<0.10	<0.10	<0.10	<0.1	<0.10
Soluble Organic Carbon	mg/L	18	<2.0	11	<2	<2.0
Sulfate	mg/L	20	19	14	36	13
Sulfide	mg/L	<2.0	<2.0	<2.0	<2.0	<2.0
Total Organic Carbon	mg/L	<2.0	<2	2.3	<2.0	<2.0
Metals						
Iron	mg/L	<0.05	< 0.05	4.3	0.99	6.5
Manganese - dissolved	mg/L	0.067	0.066	0.77	0.12	0.11
Dissolved Permanent Gases	=					
Carbon Dioxide	mg/L	70	58	20	62	56
Carbon Monoxide	mg/L	-		20	<0.4	<0.4
Ethane	mg/L ng/L	<5.0	<5.0	710	170	1800
Ethene		<5.0 <5.0	<5.0 <5.0	2300	170	63000
	ng/L	<5.U	\$3.0 1.1	4.7	170	65000
Hydrogen	nM/L	0.04	0.04	4.7 160	1.8	14
Methane	μg/L		15		1.8 21	24
Nitrogen Oxygen	mg/L mg/L	15 6.5	6.1	16 5,6	9.4	24

ND - Not Detected

ERM

ND - Not Detected
B = Analyte was found in an associated method blank
J - Analyte was found in an associated method blank
J - Analyte present. Reported value is estimated and may be not be precise.

µg/L - Micrograms per liter.

ng/L - Nanograms per liter.

nM/L - Nanomoles per liter.

- Not analyzed.
* - This sample was collected for VOC fingerprint analysis of NAPL. Results are in units of micrograms per kilogram (µg/kg).

Ground Water Sampling Results Maryland Sand, Gravel, and Stone, Elkton, Maryland Table 2.

 -			Pond 02	
l'arameter	Units	TMW-5S	TMW-5	SMW-7
Volatile Organic Compounds				
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	μg/L	32000	ND	ND
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	μg/L	ND	ND	ND
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	μg/L	ND	ND	ND
1,1-Dichloroethane	μg/L	670 J	150	ND
1,1-Dichloroethene	μg/L	ND	ND	ND
1,2-Dichloroethane	μg/L	ND	ND	ND
1,2-Dichloroethene (total)	µg/L	600 J	ND	ND
1,2-Dichloropropane	μg/L	ND	ND	ND
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	μg/L	ND	ND	ND
2-Butanon e	μg/L	ND	ND	ND
2-Hexanone	μg/L	ND	ND	ND
4-methyl-2-pentanone	μg/L	26000	ND	ND
Acetone	μg/L	7300 J,B	ND	ND
Benzene	μg/L	1700 J	320	450
Bromodichloromethane	μg/L	720 J.B	ND	ND
Bromoform	μg/L	αи	ND	ND
Bromomethane	μg/L	ND	ND	ND
Carbon Disulfide	μg/L	ND	ND	ND
Carbon Tetrachloride	μg/L	ND	ND	ND
Chlorobenzene	μg/L	12000	5400	8600
Chloroethane	μg/L	ND	780	1500
Chloroform	μg/L	2100 J,B	150 B	ND
Chloromethane	μg/L	ND	ND	ND
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	μg/L	ND	ND	ND
Dibromochloromethane	μ g/ L	ND	ND	ND
Ethylbenzene	µg/L	1000 J	370	400
Methylene Chloride	μg/L	29000	ND	ND
Styrene	μg/L	ND	ND	ND
Tetrachloroethene	μ g/ Ľ	7700	ND	ND
Toluene	μg/L	63000	13000	6700
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	μg/L	ND	ND	ND
Trichloroethene	μg/L	18000	ND	ND
Vinyl Chloride	μg/L	ND	ND	ND
Xylenes (total)	μg/L	5000	1700	1700
Wet Chemistry				
Alkalinity as CaCO3	mg/L		110	54
Chloride	mg/L	_	37	40
Perrous Iron	mg/L	_	88	88
Nitrate	mg/L		<0.10	<0.10
Nitrite	mg/L	_	<0.10	<0.10
Soluble Organic Carbon	mg/L	_	30	9.9
Sulfate	mg/L	_	<1.0	<1.0
Sulfide	mg/L	_	<2.0	<2.0
Total Organic Carbon	mg/L	_	30	9.1
Metals				
Iron	mg/L	_	74	71
Manganese - dissolved	mg/L	_	0.34	0,16
Dissolved Permanent Gases				
			44	20
Carbon Dioxide	mg/L		64	38
Carbon Monoxide	mg/L	_	87000	4/0000
Ethane	ng/L	-		460000
Ethene	ng/L	-	1100000	210000
Hydrogen	nM/L	_	29	1,4
Methane	μg/L	-	900	2400
Nitrogen Oxygen	mg/L mg/L_	-	14 4.5	14 3.7

ND = Not Detected
B = Analyte was found in an associated method blank
J - Analyte present. Reported value is estimated and may be not be precise.

µg/L - Micrograms per liter.

ng/L - Nanograms per liter.

nM/L - Nanomoles per liter.

- Not analyzed.
* - This sample was collected for VOC fingerprint analysis of NAPL. Results are in units of micrograms per kilogram (µg/kg).

Ground Water Sampling Results Maryland Sand, Gravel, and Stone, Elkton, Maryland Table 2.

		Buried Was	te Area	
Parameter	TMW - 65 *	TMW - 65-RE1 *	TMW-6	SMW - 2A
Volatile Organic Compounds				·
1.1.1-Trichloroethane	160000	510000	ND	18
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	ND	ND	ND	ND
1.1.2-Trichloroethane	ND	ND	ND	ND
1,1-Dichloroethane	ND	ND	ND	12
1,1-Dichloroethene	9900 J	ND	ND	1.2
1,2-Dichloroethane	ND	ND	ND	3.2
1,2-Dichloroethene (total)	ND	ND	ND	50
1,2-Dichloropropane	ND	ND	ND	ND
1.4-Dichlorobenzene	ug/L	ND	ND	ND
2-Butanone	31000 [ND	ND	ND
2-Butanone 2-Hexanone	ND	ND	ND	ND
	320000	360000	ND	ND
4-methyl-2-pentanone				
Acetone	50000	91000 J	ND	5.7 B
Benzene	7200 J	ND ND	290 NO	ND ND
Bromodichloromethane	ND		ND	–
Bromoform	ND	ND	ND	ND
Bromomethane	ND	ND	ND	ND
Carbon Disulfide	ND	ND	ND	ND
Carbon Tetrachloride	ND	ND	ND	ND
Chiorobenzene	65000	360000	3700	0.92
Chloroethane	ND	ND	240	ND
Chloroform	ND	ND	ND	0.55
Chloromethane	ND	ND	ND	ND
cls-1,3-Dichloropropene	ND	ND	ND	ND
Dibromochioromethane	ND	ND	ND	ND
Ethylbenzene	5200 J	40000 J	45	ND
Methylene Chloride	170000	170000	ND	0.77
Styrene	ND	ND	ND	ND
Tetrachloroethene	26000	240000	19	26
Toluene	92000	430000	77	ND
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	ND	ND	ND	ND
Trichtoroethene	49000	180000	ND	27
Vinyl Chloride	ND	ND	ND	1.9
Xylenes (total)	32000	230000	310	ND
Wet Chemistry				
Alkalinity as CaCO3	_	_	140	<4.0
Chloride	_	_	27	3
Ferrous Iron	-	_	27 72	<1.0
Nitrate		_	<0.10	<0.10
	_	-	<0.10 <0.10	<0.10
Nitrite	-		3.8	6.6
Soluble Organic Carbon Sulfate		_	3.8 <1.0	6.6 11
Sulfide	_	-	<2.0	<2.0
	-	_	4.2	<2.0 <2
Total Organic Carbon		_	4.∠	~2
Metals				
Iron	-		57	0.56
Manganese - dissolved	_		0.24	0.021
Dissolved Permanent Gases				
Carbon Dioxide	_	-	76	17
Carbon Monoxide	_	-	-	
Ethan e	-	_	250000	210
Ethene		-	<i>7</i> 10	53
Hydrogen	-	_	330	2.5
Methane			5600	0.14
Nitrogen	-	_	11	15
Oxygen	-	_	3.6	7.1

ND = Not Detected

B = Analyte was found in an associated method blank
J - Analyte present. Reported value is estimated and may be not be precise.

μg/L - Micrograms per liter. mg/L - Milligrams per liter. ng/L - Nanograms per liter. nM/L - Nanomoles per liter.

⁻ Not analyzed.

- This sample was collected for VOC fingerprint analysis of NAPL. Results are in units of micrograms per kilogram (µg/kg).

magnitude) concentrations. The presence of vinyl chloride and chloroethane in several of the downgradient wells is attributed to the reductive dechlorination of PCE and TCA along the plume flow path.

Pond 02 Wet Area (Pond 02)

The Pond 02 principal threat area well TMW-5S, had the highest VOC concentrations of the ground water samples. Toluene was the VOC detected with the highest concentration at 63 mg/L. Several chlorinated hydrocarbons were also present at concentrations greater than 10 mg/L including methylene chloride, TCA, TCE and chlorobenzene. 4-methyl-2-pentanone (MIBK) was also present with a concentration of 26 mg/L. Many of the constituents detected in the shallow well were not detected in the nearby deeper well, TMW-5. However, chloroethane, a daughter product of TCA and DCA was present. In general, VOC concentrations were reduced by an order of magnitude in the deeper well relative to the shallow well.

Constituents detected in SMW-7, located downgradient of the PO2 principal threat area, were consistent with those identified in the principal threat source area well (TMW-5). Concentrations of chloroethane (1.5 mg/L) and chlorobenzene (8.6 mg/L), which were the only chlorinated organics identified in the sample, were similar or greater than their corresponding levels in the TMW-5S principal threat area sample. Total BTEX concentrations decreased from 71 mg/L (TMW-5S) to 9 mg/L (SMW-7), hydraulically downgradient of the principal threat area.

Buried Waste Area (BWA)

The laboratory results confirmed the liquid sample collected from the principal threat area well, TMW-6S, to be non-aqueous and containing 480 mg/kg of chlorinated organics (e.g., TCA, PCE, TCE and chlorobenzene), 401 mg/kg of aliphatic hydrocarbons (e.g., MEK and MIBK) and 136 mg/kg of aromatic hydrocarbons. MIBK had the highest concentration at 320 mg/kg. With the exception of chlorobenzene (3.7 mg/L), the suite of constituents present in the NAPL sample from TMW-6S were detected at dissolved concentrations less than 0.5 mg/L in the adjacent deep well TMW-6 ground water sample.

SMW-2A, located downgradient of the BWA source area, was also sampled. Laboratory analysis showed few detections, all of which were at significantly reduced levels relative to TMW-6 and the levels found in the TMW-6S NAPL samples. The highest identified concentration was 0.05

mg/L for 1,2-DCE (total). A trace of vinyl chloride was also found to be present in the downgradient well indicating complete reductive dechlorination of PCE and TCE to be occurring in the BWA. Chlorobenzene was also reduced to trace levels in the downgradient well.

3.2.2 General Chemistry

Ground water samples were analyzed for selected anions and intrinsic biodegradation indicator parameters (e.g., dissolved permanent gases, light hydrocarbons, select metals, and organic carbon). The resulting information was then used in the development of a natural attenuation study. A summary of these analytical results is presented in Table 2.

3.3 AQUIFER TEST RESULTS

On 10 and 11 May 2001, in-situ hydraulic conductivity tests were performed on selected Upper Sand monitoring wells. Field methods for conducting the tests are described below.

In-situ hydraulic conductivity tests were performed on the selected upper sand monitoring wells to provide data for assessing the hydraulic conductivity of the aquifer. Prior to conducting the test in each well, the static water level was measured using an electronic water level indicator. The *in-situ* hydraulic conductivity tests were performed by pumping the well at a particular drawdown.

The tests were conducted as follows (Wilson, Cho, Beck and Vardy, 1997). A 0.25-inch inside diameter polyethylene tube was inserted in the well with the tip at an elevation 0.5 foot (15 cm) below the static water level. A Solinst® peristaltic pump was used to pump water from the tube at a rate that produced both water and air. Depending on the flow rate and observed drawdown in the well the tube was then raised or lowered in three inch increments to achieve the correct water and air mixture. The well was then pumped until the flow rate came to equilibrium and the time to collect 200 mL was measured. If the yield was very slow, the yield in five minutes was measured. Specific capacity was calculated in milliliters per second per centimeter of drawdown. The specific capacity was multiplied by an empirical calibration factor, α , to estimate hydraulic conductivity in centimeters per second (cm/sec).

The empirical calibration factor α was calculated as follows:

$$\alpha = [1 + \ln (z/2r_w)]/2\pi z$$

where:

z is the screened interval below the water table and

2rw is the outer diameter of the well borehole.

Reduction and analysis of data collected during the hydraulic conductivity tests was performed using the Wilson, Cho, Beck and Vardy (1997) method for unconfined aquifers. The data collected from the tests was used to estimate the hydraulic conductivity for the Upper Sand aquifer at specific well locations. The hydraulic conductivity values calculated from the tests are presented in Table 3.

As shown in Table 3, the single-well hydraulic conductivity tests conducted by ERM in 2001 are in fairly good agreement with the slug tests performed by AEPCO in 1985. The average (geometric mean) hydraulic conductivity of 6.4×10^{-4} cm/sec (1.8 feet/day) also falls within the 10^{-3} to 10^{-5} cm/sec range published for silty sands (Fetter, 1994; Freeze and Cherry, 1979).

The average linear ground water velocity is the rate at which ground water moves between two points. The average linear velocity of ground water at the site can be calculated using the following equation:

$$v_e = (K_h x dh/dl) / n_e$$

where:

 v_e is the effective ground water velocity (L/T);

 K_h is the hydraulic conductivity (L/T);

dh/dl is the hydraulic gradient (dimensionless); and

 n_e is the effective porosity (dimensionless).

For example, using site specific values for hydraulic gradient of 0.013, an average hydraulic conductivity of 9×10^4 cm/sec (2.6 feet/day), and an estimated effective porosity of 0.36, the average linear ground water

Field Estimates of Hydraulic Conductivity Maryland Sand, Gravel & Stone, Elkton, Maryland Table 3.

								ERM 2001 Field Test (a)	Test (a)
Well ID	Well Radius	Borehole Radius	Flow Rate	Drawdown	Water Column	Well Radius Borehole Radius Flow Rate Drawdown Water Column Saturated Screen Constant	Constant	Hydraulic Conductivity	luctivity
	H	ij	ml/sec	ij	E	CE	Ē	cm/sec	ft/day
Tenmorary Monitoring Wells	v Wells								
TAGAL-1	0.95	2.70	0.42	Dry	720.85	152.40	0.005	NA	NA V
T-MM/-15	1.26	4.13	2.59	15.24	79.25	79.25	0.007	1.11 E-3	3.15 E+0
CT-MINIT	0 95	2.70	0.42	Dry	707.14	152.40	0.005	NA	Y Y
T-MM/1	1.26	4 13	1.22	40.54	122.53	122.53	0.005	1.45 E-4	4.11 E-1
TAMA-3	0.95	2.70	0.50	Dry	74.07	74.07	0.008	NA	NA
TWWT	0.95	2.70	4.48	10.06	238.96	152.40	0.005	2.02 E-3	5.72 E+0
TWW-5	0.95	2.70	3.85	5.06	213.97	152.40	0.005	3.45 E-3	9.77 E+0
TMW-55	1.26	4.13	2.56	91.44	86.87	86.87	9000	1.72 E-4	4.89 E-1
TMW-6	0.95	2.70	2.99	8.89	398.37	152.40	0.005	1.52 E-3	4.32 E+0
TMW-65	1.26	4.13	NA	NA	89.00	89.00	9000	Ϋ́	NA
Existing Monitoring Wells	Wells					;		i.	, ,
SMW-2A	5.03	15.24	0.58	30.48	171.91	171.91	0.003	4.84 E-5	1.3/ E-1
SMW-7	5.03	15.24	0.58	15.24	429.16	152.40	0.003	1.05 E-4	2.97 E-1
SMW-12	5.03	15.24	2.32	22.86	216.41	152.40	0.003	2.76 E-4	7.83 E-1
SMW-13	5.03	15.24	AN	ZA	24.38	24.38	0.005	NA	NA
SMW-14	5.03	15.24	8.96	7.62	33.53	33.53	0.005	6.11 E-3	1.73 E+1
CMAN 15	50.5	15.24	14.29	3.66	384.96	304.80	0.002	6.74 E-3	1.91 E+1
CAMA 17	. r	15.24	1.32	15.24	150.88	150.88	0.003	2.37 E-4	6.73 E-1
CAGA 18 A	50.5 50.8	15.24	13.95	15.24	103.63	103.63	0.003	3.13 E-3	8.87 E+0
SMW-19A	5.03	15.24	0.97	17.71	254.51	152.40	0.003	1.49 E-4	4.22 E-1
Statistics								6 74 5 3	1 01 5+1
Maximum								0.74 E-3	13751
Minimum								4.04 E-7	1.77 1.7
Geometric Mean								6.39 E-4	1.81 E+0
Arithmetic Mean								1.80 E-3	5.11 E+U

(a) Field estimates of hydraulic conductivity based on method developed by Wilson et al., 1997. NA - Not available due to excessive water level drawdown. Notes:

velocity in the Upper Sand aquifer at the Northern Depression Area is approximately 34 feet/year.

4.0 DATA EVALUATION

The data from fifteen locations (water table wells in the principal threat areas were excluded) was entered into the AFCEE scoring table. This scoring served as the initial screening of the extent to which natural biodegradation, through reductive dechlorination, is degrading chlorinated hydrocarbons in the Upper Sand, at each sample location.

4.1 AFCEE SCORING AND NATURAL ATTENUATION

The AFCEE screening spreadsheet calculated a relative "score" for each ground water sample analyzed based on the geochemical conditions and presence or absence of daughter products. This allowed for a semi-quantitative assessment of biodegradation of chlorinated organic compounds in different areas of the Upper Sand aquifer. Table 4 contains the AFCEE scoring for selected wells sampled at the site. Figure 3 shows the well locations and the associated AFCEE scoring for each well.

A score of 15 points or greater suggests that there is adequate evidence that biodegradation (via reductive dechlorination) is occurring in the ground water at the location where that sample was collected. A score of 20 or better indicates strong evidence that biodegradation of chlorinated hydrocarbons is occurring. Of the 15 samples screened using the AFCEE scoring, seven indicated that there is adequate to strong evidence that biodegradation is occurring along the main ground water flowpath downgradient of each of the three principal threat areas.

Northern Depression Area (NDA)

The deep wells at NDA, TMW-1 and TMW-2, indicate that there is limited evidence for anaerobic biodegradation within the NDA. The ground water sample collected from temporary well TMW-2S was not included in the AFCEE screening since it was located immediately within the source hot spot, and light-NAPL (LNAPL) was present on the water table at TMW-1S.

Of the eleven remaining monitoring wells tested in this area of the site, extensive and complete dechlorination occurs downgradient near wells SMW-12, SMW-17 and SMW-19A with less complete dechlorination in TMW-4. With the exception of SMW-17, these wells are located along the

Natural Attenuation Screening for Selected Monitoring Wells Maryland Sand, Gravel & Stone, Elkton, Maryland Table 4.

Natural	Score	Interpretation	L	ĎΑ	N	DA	N	DA
Attenuation		Inadequate evidence for anaerobic biodegradation* of chlorinated organics		/W-1		1 ₩-2		4W-3
Screening		Limited evidence for anaerobic biodegradation* of chlorinated organics			C		Sa	
Protocol		Adequate evidence for anaerobic biodegradation* of chlorinated organics Strong evidence for anaerobic biodegradation* of chlorinated organics	Score:		Score:		Score:	
	Concentration in	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		Points		Points		Points
Analysis	Most Contam. Zone	Interpretation		Awarded		Awarded		Awarded
Oxygen*	<0.5 mg/L	Tolerated, suppresses the reductive pathway at higher concentrations	No	0	No	Ð	No	0
	>5mg/L	Not tolerated; however, VC may be oxidized aerobically	No	0	No	0	Yes	-3
Nitrate*	<1 mg/L	At higher concentrations may compete with reductive pathway	No	0	No	0	No	0
Iron II*	>1 mg/L	Reductive pathway possible; VC may be exidized under Fe(III)-reducing conditions	Yes	3	Yes	3	No	0
Sulfate*	<20 mg/L	At higher concentrations may compete with reductive	Yes	2	Yes	2	Yes	2
Sulfide*	>I mg/L	Pathway Reductive pathway possible	NA	0	NA	0	No	0
Methane*	<0.5 mg/L	VC oxidizes	Yes	n	Yes	ő	Yes	0
	>0.5 mg/L	Ultimate reductive daughter product, VC Accumulates	No	0	No	0	No	0
Oxidation Reduction	<50 millivolts (mV)	Reductive pathway possible	Yes	1	Yes	ı	No	0
Potential* (ORP)	<-100mV	Reductive pathway likely	Yes	2	Yes	2	No	0
рН*	5 < pH < 9	Optimal range for reductive pathway	Yes	0	Yes	0	No	0
	5 > pH >9	Outside optimal range for reductive pathway	No	0	No	0	Yes	-2
тос	>20 mg/L	Carbon and energy source; drives dechlorination; can be natural or anthropogenic	NA	0	NA	0	No	0
Temperature*	>20°C	At T >20°C biochemical process is accelerated	No	0	No	0	No	0
Carbon Dioxide	>2x background	Ultimate oxidative daughter product	No	0	No	0	No	0
Alkalimity	>2x background	Results from interaction of carbon dioxide with aquifer minerals	ŅA	0	NA	0	No	0
Chloride*	>2x background	Daughter product of organic chlorine	No	0	No	0	No	U U
Hydrogen	>1 aM	Reductive pathway possible, VC may accumulate	NA	0	NA	0	NA	a
	<i nm<="" td=""><td>VC oxidized</td><td>NA</td><td>0</td><td>NA</td><td>O</td><td>NA</td><td>0</td></i>	VC oxidized	NA	0	NA	O	NA	0
BTEX*	>0.1 mg/L	Carbon and energy source; drives dechlorination	Yes	2	No	0	No	()
PCE*		Material released	Yes	0	Yes	0	Yes	0
TCE*		Material released	Yes	0	Yes	0	Yes	0
		Daughter product of PCE *	No	0	No	0	No	0
DC E*	_	Material released	No	0	No	0	No	()
		Daughter product of TCE. If cis is greater than 80% of total DCE it is likely a daughter product of	No	0	Nio	0	No	0
vc	 	TCE**, 1,1-OCE can be a chem, reaction product of TCA Material released	No	0	No	0	No	0
		Daughter product of DCE ^{a/}	No	0	No	0	No	0
1,1,1-	 	Material released	Yes	0	Yes	0	Yes	0
Trichloroethane*	******	Daughter product of TCA under reducing conditions	Yes	2	Yes	2	No	0
Carbon	_	Material released	No	0	No	0	No	0
Tetrachloride Chloroethane*		Daughter product of DCA or VC under reducing conditions	No	0	No	0	No	0
Ethene/Ethane	>0.01 mg/L	Daughter product of VC/ethene	NA NA	ü	NA	0	NA	0
MANUAL PARTIES	>0.1 mg/L	Daughter product of VC/ethene	NA NA	0	NA NA	0	NA.	0
Chloroform		Material released	Yes	0	Yes	0	No	0
		Daughter product of Carbon Tetrachloride	No	0	No	0	No	0
(Dichloromethane)		Material released	Yes	0	Yes	0	No	0
Methylene Chloride		Daughter product of Chloroform	Yes	2	Yes	2	No	0
				└				├

Notes:

NA - Not available. Sample not collected

*Required analysis.

a/ Points awarded only if it can be shown that the constituent is a daughter product.

Table 4. Natural Attenuation Screening for Selected Monitoring Wells Maryland Sand, Gravel & Stone, Elkton, Maryland

Natural	Score	Interpretation	<u>N</u>	DA		DA	N	DA
Attenuation		inadequate evidence for anaerobic biodegradation* of chlorinated organics	TN	/W-4	SM	IW-12	SM	IW-13
Screening		Limited evidence for anaerobic busingradation of chlorinated organics					C	
Protocol		Adequate evidence for inacrobic biodegradation* of chlorinated organics Strong evidence for anterobic biodegradation* of chlorinated organics	Score:		Score:		Score:	
Analysis	Concentration in Most Contam: Zone	Interpretation		Points Awarded		Points Awarded		Points Awarded
		·						- Timilaca
Oxygen*	<0.5 mg/L >5mg/L	Tolerated, suppresses the reductive pathway at higher concentrations Not tolerated; however, VC may be oxidized aerobically	Yes	3 0	No No	0	No Yes	-3
Nitrate*	<1 mg/L	At higher concentrations may compete with reductive	Yes	2	Yes	2	Yes	2
Iron II*	>1 mg/L	pathway Reductive pathway possible; VC may be exidized under	Yes	3	Yes	3	No	1 0
Sulfate*	<20 mg/L	FeIII)-reducing conditions At higher concentrations may compete with reductive	Yes	2	No	0	No	0
Sulfide*	>1 mg/L	pathway Reductive pathway possible	No	D	No	0	No	- 0
Methane*	<0.5 mg/L	VC oxidizes	Yes	0	Yes	0	Yes	1)
	>0.5 mg/L	Ultimate reductive daughter product, VC Accumulates	No	0	No	0	No	0
Oxidation Reduction	<50 millivetts (mV)	Reductive pathway possible	Yes	1	Yes 	ľ	No	0
Potential* (ORP)	<-100mV	Reductive pathway likely	Yes	2	No	0	No	0
pH*	5 < pH < 9	Optimal range for reductive pathway	Yes	0	Yes	0	No	0
	5 > pH >9	Outside optimal range for reductive pathway	No	0	No	0	Yes	-2
TOC	>20 mg/L	Carbon and energy source; drives dechlorination; can be natural or anthropogenic	No	D	No	ti	No	0
Temperature*	>20°C	At T >20°C biochemical process is accelerated	No	0	No	0	No	n
Carbon Dioxide	>2x background	Ultimate exidative daughter product	No	0	No	0	No	0
Alkalinity	>2x background	Results from interaction of carbon dioxide with aguifer minerals	Yes	1 1	Yes	1	Yes	1
Chloride*	>2x background	Daughter product of organic chlorine	No	0	No	0	No	0
Hydrogen	>1 nM	Reductive pathway possible, VC may accumulate	Yes	3	No	0	NA	0
	<1 nM	VC oxidized	No	0	Yes	0	NA	0
BTEX*	>0.1 mg/L	Carbon and energy source; drives dechlorination	No	0	No	0	No	0
LCE.		Material released	Yes	0	Yes	0	Nο	0
TCE*		Material released	Yes	0	Yes	0	Nο	0
		Daughter product of PCE */	Yes	2	Yes	2	No	0
DCE*	<u>† </u>	Material released	No	o	No	0	No	0
		Daughter product of TCE. If cis is greater than 80% of total DCE it is likely a daughter product of	Yes	2	Yes	2	No	0
VC*		TCE*/;1,1-DCE can be a chem, reaction product of TCA Material released	No	()	No	0	No	0
		Daughter product of DCE*/	Yes	2	Yes	2	No	0
1,1,1-		Material released	Yes	0	Yes	0	No	 0
Trichloroethane*	 	Daughter product of TCA under reducing conditions	Yes	2	Yes	2	Yes	- 2
Carbon		Material released	Ne	υ	No	0	No	0
Tetrachloride Chloroethane*		Daughter product of DCA or VC under reducing conditions	No	0	Yes	2	No	10
Ethene/Ethane	>0.01 mg/L	Daughter product of VC/ethene	No	0	No	0	No	0
Sancine, Pontant.	>0.1 mg/L	Daughter product of VC/ethene	No	0	No	0	No	0
Chloroform	2 9.3 mg/ L	Material released	Yes	0	Yes	0	No	0
KIIKHORI III		Daughter product of Carbon Tetrachloride	No	0 0	No	0	No	0
(Diahlanaanath a)	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	0				<u> </u>
(Dichloromethane) Methylene Chloride		Material released	No Van	2	No No	0	No	0
		Daughter product of Chloroform	Yes		No	13	Yes	2

Notes:

NA - Not available. Sample not collected

*Required analysis.

a/ Points awarded only if it can be shown that the constituent is a daughter product.

Table 4. Natural Attenuation Screening for Selected Monitoring Wells Maryland Sand, Gravel & Stone, Elkton, Maryland

Natural	Score	Interpretation	l N	DA	NDA		NDA	
Attenuation Screening Protocol		Inadequate evidence for anaerobic biodegradation" of chlorinated organics	SMW-14		SMW-15		SMW-17	
		Limited evidence for anaerobic biodegradation* of chlorinated organics						
		Adequate evidence for anaerobic biodegradation* of chlorinated organics	Score:		Score:		Score:	·
		Strong evidence for unaerobic biologicalation* of chlorinated organics	├──					
	Concentration in		l	Points		Points		Points
Analysis	Most Contam. Zone	Interpretation	1	Awarded		Awarded		Awarded
<u> </u>	1		 		Ni.		37:	T a
Oxygen*	<0.5 mg/E	Tolerated, suppresses the reductive pathway at higher concentrations	No	0	No	0	No	0
	>5mg/t.	Not tolerated; however, VC may be oxidized aerobically	Yes	-3	Yes	-,3	Yes	-3
Nitrate*	<l l<="" mg="" td=""><td>At higher concentrations may compete with reductive</td><td>Yes</td><td>2</td><td>No</td><td>0</td><td>Yes</td><td>2</td></l>	At higher concentrations may compete with reductive	Yes	2	No	0	Yes	2
T 172		pathway	<u> </u>	 		<u> </u>		<u> </u>
lron Ii*	>1 mg/L	Reductive pathway possible; VC may be oxidized under Fe(III)-reducing conditions	No	0	No	n	Yes	3
Sulfate*	<20 mg/L	At higher concentrations may compete with reductive pathway	Yes	2	No	0	Yes	2
Sulfide*	>1 mg/L	Reductive pathway possible	No	0	No	0	No	0
V	<0.5 mg/L	VC oxidizes	<u></u>	0	Yes	0	Yes	0
Methane*			Yes					
	>0.5 mg/L	Ultimate reductive daughter product, VC Accumulates	No	0	No	0	No	υ
Oxidation	<50 millivolts (mV)	Reductive pathway possible	No	0	No	0	No	0
Reduction Potential* (ORP)	<-100mV	Reductive pathway likely	No.	0	No	1 0	No	0
		<u> </u>						<u> </u>
pH*	5 < pH < 9	Optimal range for reductive pathway	Yes	0	No	0	Yes	0
	5 > pH >9	Outside optimal range for reductive pathway	No	0	Yes	-2	No	0
TOC	>20 mg/L	Carbon and energy source; drives dechlormation; can be	No	0	No	0	No	D
T	>20°℃	natural or anthropogenic At T >20°C brochemical process is accelerated	 			1	K1	0
Temperature*	3200	ACT >20 C. DIOCHERIICAS PROCESS IS ACCEPERATED	No	0	No	0	No	"
Carbon Dioxide	>2x background	Ultimate oxidative daughter product	No	0	No	0	No	0
Alkalinity	>2x background	Results from interaction of carbon dioxide with aquifer	Yes	 	No	-0	Yes	1
Chloride*	>2x background	minerals Daughter product of organic chlorine	No	0	No	0	No	()
	<u> </u>		<u> </u>			1		l
Hydrogen	>1 nM	Reductive pathway possible, VC may accumulate	Yes	.3	No	0	Yes	3
	<1 nM	VC oxidized	No	0	Yes	0	Nο	0
втех•	>0.1 mg/L	Carbon and energy source; drives dechlorination	No	10	No	0	Yes	2
PCE*	,,,	Material released	No	0	Yes	0	Yes	0
			1 1	l				
TCE*		Material released	No	0	No	0	Yes	()
		Daughter product of PC6 */	No	0	No	()	Yes	2
DCE,		Material released	No	0	No	0	No	
	1		<u></u>					<u> </u>
		Daughter product of TCE. If cis is greater than 80% of total DCE it is likely a daughter product of	No	0	No	0	Yes	2
		TCE ⁴⁷ ; 1,1-DCE can be a chem, reaction product of TCA						
VC•		Material released	No	0	No	0	No	0
		Daughter product of DCE*/	No	0	Nio	0	Yes	2
1,1,[-		Material released	No	0	No	0	Yes	0
Trichloroethane*								.
DCÃ		Daughter product of TCA under reducing conditions	No	0	No	0	Yes	2
Carbon Tetrachfonde		Material released	Nο	0	No	υ	No	0
Chloroethane*		Daughter product of DCA or VC under reducing conditions	No	0	No	0	Yes	2
Ethene/Ethane	>0.01 mg/L	Daughter product of VC/ethene	No	0	No	0	No	0
	>0.1 mg/L	Daughter product of VC/ethene	No	0	Nio	0	No	0
Chloroform (Dichloromethane)		Material released	No	0	Yes	0	Yes	0
		Daughter product of Carbon Tetrachloride	No	0	No	0	No	п
		Material released	No	0	No	0 -	No	a
(Dichtoromethane) Methylene Chloride				1				1
	1	Daughter product of Chloroform	No	0	Yes	2	No	0

Notes:
NA - Not available. Sample not collected
* Required analysis.
a/ Points awarded only if it can be shown that the constituent is a daughter product.

Table 4. Natural Attenuation Screening for Selected Monitoring Wells Maryland Sand, Gravel & Stone, Elkton, Maryland

Natural	Score	Interpretation	N	DA	NDA		
Attenuation		Inadequate evidence for anaerobic blodegradation* of chlorinated organics	SM	W-18A	SM	W-19A	
Screening		Limited evidence for anaerobic biodegradation* of chlorinated organics	1		_		
Protocol		Adequate evidence for anaerobic biodegradation* of chlorinated organics Strong evidence for anaerobic biodegradation* of chlorinated organics	Score:	_	Score:		
Analysis	Concentration in Most Contam. Zone	Interpretation		Points Awarded		Points Awarde	
~:	-0.F (I	Tolerated, suppresses the reductive pathway at higher	No	T 0	Nio	1 /	
Oxygen*	<0.5 mg/L >5mg/L	concentrations Not tolerated; however, VC may be oxidized aerobically	Yes	-3	No	0	
Nitrate*	<1 mg/L	At higher concentrations may compete with reductive	No	()	Yes	2	
Iron (I*	>I mg/L	pathway Reductive pathway pessible; VC may be oxidized under [Fe(III)-reducing conditions	No	0	Yes	3	
Sulfate*	<20 mg/L	At higher concentrations may compete with reductive	No	0	Yes	2	
Sulfide*	>1 mg/L	Reductive pathway possible	No	0	No	g	
Methane*	<0.5 mg/L	VC oxidizes	Yes	0	Yes	0	
	>0.5 mg/L	Ultimate reductive daughter product, VC Accumulates	No	0	No	0	
Oxidation	<50 millivolts (mV)	Reductive pathway possible	No	0	Nο	0	
Reduction Fotential* (ORP)	<-100mV	Reductive pathway likely	No	0	No	0	
рН⁴	5 < pH < 9	Optimal range for reductive pathway	No	0	Yes	ő	
	5 > pH >4	Outside optimal range for reductive pathway	Yes	-2	Net	o	
TOC	>20 mg/L	Carbon and energy source; drives dechlorination; can be natural or anthropogenic	No	0	No	ō	
Temperature*	>20°C	At T >20°C biochemical process is accelerated	No	0	No	0	
Carbon Dioxide	>2x background	Ultimate oxidative daughter product	No	0	No	n	
Alkalinity	>2x background	Results from interaction of carbon dioxide with aquifer minerals	No	0	Yes	1	
Chloride*	>2x background	Daughter product of organic chlorine	No	U	Ne	0	
Hydrogen	>1 nM	Reductive pathway possible, VC may accumulate	NA	0	NA	0	
	<1 nM	VC oxidized	NA	0	NA	*	
BTEX*	>0.1 mg/L	Carbon and energy source; drives decillorination	No	0	No	O	
PCE*		Material released	Yes	0	Yes	1)	
TCE*		Material released	Yes	0	Yes	0	
		Daughter product of PCE ^{aT}	Yes	2	Yes	2	
DCE*		Material released	No	0	No	0	
		Daughter product of TCE. If cis is greater than 88% of total DCE it is likely a daughter product of	Yes	2	Yes	2	
VC*		TCE*(1,1-DCE can be a cliem, reaction product of TCA Material released	No	U	No	i i	
		Daughter product of DCE*	No	υ	Yes	2	
I,1,1- Frichloroethane*		Material released	Yes	0	Yes	0	
DCA		Daughter product of TCA under reducing conditions	Yes	2	Yes	2	
Carbon Tetrachloride		Material released	No	0	No	0	
Chloroethane*		Daughter product of DCA or VC under reducing conditions	No	0	Yes	2	
Ethene / Ethane	>0.01 mg/L	Daughter product of VC/ethene	No	0	Yes	2	
	>0.1 mg/l.	Daughter product of VC/ethene	No	0	No	Ü	
Chloroform		Material released	Yes	0	Yes	0	
		Daughter product of Carbon Tetrachloride	No	0	No	o	
Dichloromethane) Methylene Chloride		Material released	No	()	No	σ	
		Daughter product of Chloroform	Nσ	0	Yes	2	

Notes: NA - Not available: Sample not collected. *Required analysis. a/ Points awarded only if it can be shown that the constituent is a daughter product.

Table 4. Natural Attenuation Screening for Selected Monitoring Wells Maryland Sand, Gravel & Stone, Elkton, Maryland

Natural	Score	Interpretation		202	PO2		
Attenuation		Inadequate evidence for anaerobic biodegradation* of chlorinated organics	TM	/W-5	SMW-7		
Screening		Limited evidence for anaerobic biodegradation* of chlorinated organics	1				
Protocol		Adequate evidence for anaerobic biodegradation* of chlorinated organics	Score:		Score:		
		Strong evidence for anaerobic biodegradation" of chlorinated organics					
Analysis	Concentration in Most Contam. Zone	Interpretation		Points Awarded		Points Awarde	
Oxygen*	<0.5 mg/L	Tolerated, suppresses the reductive pathway at higher	Nο	1 0	No	Το	
Олуден	>5mg/L	concentrations Not tolerated; however, VC may be oxidized aerobically	No.	0	Nio	0	
Nitrate*	<1 mg/L	At higher concentrations may compete with reductive pathway	Yes	2	Yes	2	
lron il*	>l mg/l.	Reductive pathway possible; VC may be exidized under	Yes	3	Yes	3	
Sulfate*	<20 mg/L	Fe(III)-reducing conditions At higher concentrations may compete with reductive	Yes	2	Yes	2	
Sulfide*	>l mg/L	Pathway Reductive pathway possible	No	0	Ne	0	
Methane*	<0.5 mg/L	VC oxidizes	No	0	No	0	
	>0.5 mg/L	Ultimate reductive daughter product, VC Accumulates	Yes	3	Yes	3	
Oxidation	<50 millivolts (mV)	Reductive pathway possible	Yes	 	Yes	1	
Reduction Potential* (ORP)	<-100mV	Reductive pathway likely	No	0	Ne	0	
рН*	5 < pH < 9	Optimal range for reductive pathway	Yes	0	Yes	0	
	5 > pH >9	Outside optimal range for reductive pathway	No	0	No	0	
TOC	>20 mg/L	Carbon and energy source; drives dechlormation; can be	Yes	2	No	0	
Temperature*	>20°C	natural or anthropogenic At T >20°C blochemical process is accelerated	No	0	No	()	
Carbon Dioxide	>2x background	Ultimate oxidative daughter product	No	0	No	13	
Alkalinity	>2x background	Results from interaction of carbon dioxide with aquifer	Yes	 	Yes	1	
Chloride*	>2x background	minerals Daughter product of organic chlorine	No	0	No	0	
Hydrogen	>l nM	Reductive pathway possible, VC may accumulate	Yes	3	Yes	3	
	<1 nM	VC oxidized	No	0	No	0	
BTEX*	>0.1 mg/L	Carbon and energy source; drives dechlorination	Yes	2	Yes	2	
PCE*		Material released	No	0	No	0	
TCE*		Material released	No	0	No	0	
		Daughter product of PCE 47	No	0	No	0	
DCE*		Material released	No	0	No	0	
		Daughter product of TCE. If cis is greater than	No	0	No	0	
		80% of total DCE it is likely a daughter product of TCE*/; 1,1-DCE can be a chemi-reaction product of TCA					
VC•		Material released	No	0	No	0	
		Daughter product of DCE*	No	0	No	0	
1,1,1- Trichloroethane*		Material released	No	0	No	0	
DCA		Daughter product of TCA under reducing conditions	Yes	2	No	0	
Carbon Tetrachloride	1177	Material released	No	0	No	0	
Chloroethane*		Daughter product of DCA or VC under reducing conditions	Yes	2	Yes	2	
Ethene/Ethane	>0.01 mg/L	Daughter product of VC/ethene	Yes	2	Yes	2	
	>0.1 mg/L	Daughter product of VC/ethene	Yes	3	Yes	3	
Chloroform		Material released	Yes	0	No	0	
		Daughter product of Carbon Tetrachloride	No	0	No	0	
Dichloromethane) Methylene Chloride		Material released	No	ŧi	No	0	
		Daughter product of Chloroform	No	 0	Nο	0	

Notes:

NA - Not available. Sample not collected.

*Required analysis.

a/ Points awarded only if at can be shown that the constituent is a daughter product.

Natural Attenuation Screening for Selected Monitoring Wells Maryland Sand, Gravel & Stone, Elkton, Maryland Table 4.

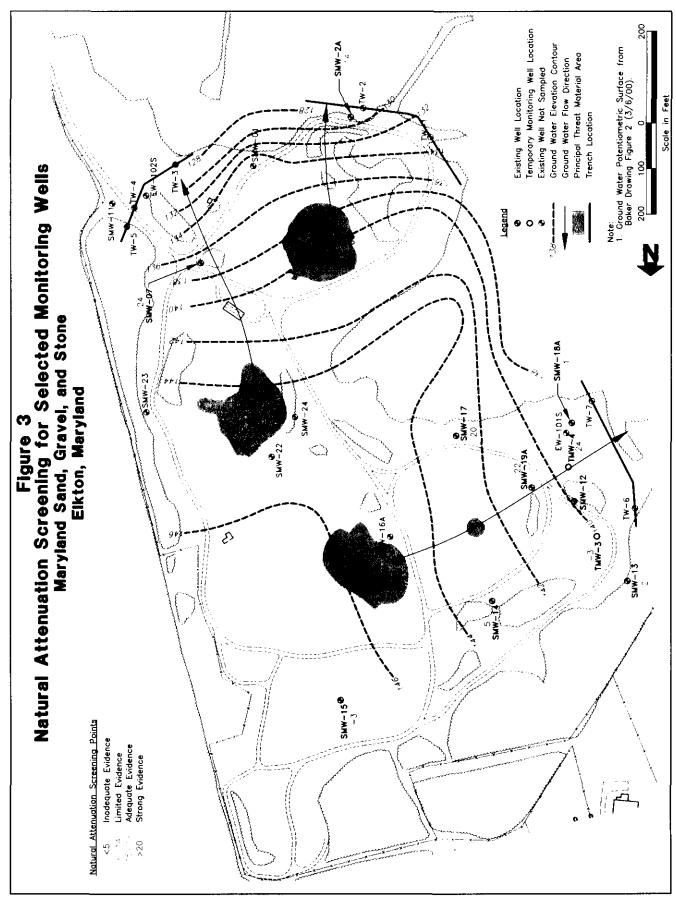
Natural	Score	Interpretation	В	WA	BWA		
Attenuation		Inadequate evidence for anaerobic biodegradation* of chlorinated organics	TN	4W-6	SM	W-2A	
Screening		Limited evidence for anaerobic biodegradation of chlorinated organics	1 ,				
Protocol		Adequate evidence for unaerobic biodegradation* of chlorinated organics Strong evidence for anaerobic biodegradation* of chlorinated organics	Score:		Score:		
Analysis	Concentration in Most Contam. Zone	Interpretation		Points Awarded		Points Awarded	
Oxygen*	<0.5 mg/L	Tolerated, suppresses the reductive pathway at higher	No	0	No	Ι ο	
- 1, p	>5mg/L	concentrations Not tolerated; however, VC may be oxidized aerobically	No	0	Yes	-3	
Nitrate*	<1 mg/L	At higher concentrations may compete with reductive pathway	Yes	2	Yes	2	
Iron II*	>I mg/L	Reductive pathway possible; VC may be oxidized under	Yes	3	No	0	
Sulfate*	<20 mg/L	Fe(III)-reducing conditions At higher concentrations may compete with reductive	Yes	2	Yes	2	
Sulfide*	>I mg/L	Pathway Reductive pathway possible	No	0	No	0	
Methane*	<0.5 mg/L	VC oxidizes	No	0	Yes	0	
	>0.5 mg/L	Ultimate reductive daughter product, VC Accumulates	Yes	3	No	1 0	
Oxidation	<50 millivolts (mV)	Reductive pathway possible	Yes	 	No	0	
Reduction Potential* (ORP)	<-100mV	Reductive pathway likely	No.	0	No	0	
рН*	5 < pH < 9	Optimal range for reductive pathway	Yes	0	Yes	0	
,	5 > pH >9	Outside optimal range for reductive pathway	No.	- "	No	0	
TOC	>20 mg/L	Carbon and energy source; drives dechlorination; can be	No	0	No	, " 0	
	<u> </u>	natural or anthropogenic	<u> </u>		No		
Temperature*	>20°C	At T >20°C biochemical process is accelerated	No	0	No	0	
Carbon Dioxide	>2x background	Ultimate oxidative daughter product	No	0	No	0	
Alkalinity	>2x background	Results from interaction of carbon dioxide with aquifer minerals	Yes	ı.	No	n	
Chloride*	>2x background	Daughter product of organic chlorine	No	0	No	Ü	
Hydrogen	>I nM	Reductive pathway possible, VC may accumulate	Yes	3	Yes	3	
	<i nm<="" td=""><td>VC oxidized</td><td>No</td><td>υ</td><td>No</td><td>0</td></i>	VC oxidized	No	υ	No	0	
втех•	>0.1 mg/L	Carbon and energy source; drives dechlorination	Yes	2	No	0	
PCE*	 	Material released	Yes	0	Yes	Ø	
TCE*		Material released	No	υ	No	0	
		Daughter product of PCE */	No	0	Yes	2	
DCE*	 	Material released	No	0	No	0	
		Daughter product of TCE. If cis is greater than 80% of total DCE it is likely a daughter product of	No	0	Yes	2	
vc•		TCE**, 1,1-DCE can be a chem. reaction product of TCA Material released	No	0	No	0	
AC.			ļ				
		Daughter product of DCE*	No	0	Yes	2	
1,1,1= Trichloroethane*		Material released	No	0	Yes	0	
DCA		Daughter product of TCA under reducing conditions	No	0	Yes	2	
Carbon Tetrachloride		Material released	No	7	No	0	
Chloroethane*		Daughter product of DCA or VC under reducing conditions	Yes	2	No	0	
Ethene/Ethane	>0.01 mg/L	Daughter product of VC/ethene	Yes	2	No	0	
	>I).1 mg/L	Daughter product of VC/ethene	Yes	3	No	0	
Chloroform		Material released	No	0	Yes	0	
		Daughter product of Carbon Tetrachloride	No	0	No		
(Dichloromethane) Methylene Chloride		Material released	No	0	No	0	
	 	Daughter product of Chloroform	No	1 0	Yes	2	

Notes:

NA - Not available. Sample not collected.

Required analysis.

A Points awarded only if it can be shown that the constituent is a daughter product.



main flowpath downgradient from the principal threat area. SMW-17 is located approximately 200 feet south of the flowpath centerline based on the potentiometric surface developed from water level data collected on 6 March 2000. Historically, as on 23 September 1999, SMW-17 has received direct flow from the NDA principal threat area and may explain the elevated concentrations observed at this well. At well SMW-18A, the analytical data did show complete aerobic degradation of vinyl chloride and chloroethane to ethene and ethane is occurring. In addition to the chlorinated ethenes and ethanes, chlorobenzene showed strong evidence of degradation in this area.

The remaining four wells [TMW-3, SMW-13, SMW-14 and SMW-15 (upgradient sample)] are located around the perimeter of the dissolved chlorinated hydrocarbon plume and indicated oxidizing and/or aerobic conditions. Although anaerobic degradation is not likely occurring at these locations, the VOC data do suggest that aerobic degradation of vinyl chloride is occurring. Downgradient monitoring wells SMW-13 and SMW-14 are not contaminated with chlorinated VOCs.

Pond 02 Wet Area (Pond 02)

The ground water sample collected from Pond 02 principal threat area temporary well TMW-5S was not included in the AFCEE screening since it was located immediately within the source hot spot. The remaining well in this area, TMW-5, and the downgradient well, SMW-7, both showed strong evidence for anaerobic biodegradation of chlorinated ethanes. The parent compounds were not detected in ground water samples collected from either of these wells. Chlorobenzene concentrations remained relatively stable along the plume flowpath and do not show evidence of attenuation.

Buried Waste Area (BWA)

TMW-6 in the principal threat area at BWA showed strong evidence of anaerobic biodegradation with conversion of chloroethane to ethane, but only a trace of ethene was detected from degradation of the PCE. The downgradient well, SMW-2A, also showed limited transformation of TCA to 1,1-DCE with a trace ethane and PCE transformation to vinyl chloride with a trace of ethene. Chlorobenzene also showed significant evidence of degradation along the plume flowpath. Concentrations of chlorobenzene were reduced from 3.7 mg/L (TMW-6) to less than 1 μ g/L (SMW-2A).

A ground water sample was not collected from temporary well TMW-6S due to the presence of a dense-NAPL (DNAPL) present in the well. Consequently this well was not included in the AFCEE screening.

4.2 NATURAL ATTENUATION RATE ESTIMATES

The determination of whether biodegradation is occurring was the initial step in the screening protocol (EPA, 1998). Since the initial scoring indicated that there is adequate to strong evidence of biodegradation, the rate of attenuation relative to the rate of contaminant transport in ground water was quantified.

The one-dimensional, analytic solute transport model BIOCHLOR v 2.0 (EPA, 2001) was used to estimate the natural attenuation rate constants for chlorinated ethenes and chlorobenzene at the NDA. Selected wells located along the principal ground water flowpath emanating from the NDA principal threat area were used to determine the attenuation rates. The aqueous concentrations of TCE and PCE in well TMW-2S were used as the source area concentrations for the simulation. Based on the geometry of the principal threat area and detection of LNAPL at NDA-11 and TMW-1S a source width of 30 feet was selected. The source thickness was assumed to be 1 foot thick. Site-specific values for ground water velocity, soil bulk density and organic carbon content were used in the model. A coefficient of dispersion was estimated using the Xu and Eckstein relationship with flow path length included within BIOCHLOR. A summary of BIOCHLOR input parameters is contained in Table 5.

To calculate the natural attenuation rate constants the data simulated by BIOCHLOR was adjusted to best fit the recent field data collected from downgradient wells SMW-19A, SMW-12, SMW-18A and TMW-4. To adjust the simulated data the degradation rate constant for each constituent was increased while the site-specific hydrogeological parameters (e.g., dispersion, velocity, retardation, etc.) remained unchanged. The natural attenuation rate constants and half-lives for the chlorinated ethenes and chlorobenzene are summarized below.

Table 5. Summary of BIOCHLOR Input Parameters and Rational Maryland Sand, Gravel and Stone, Elkton, Maryland

Data Type	Parameter	Value				Source of Data / Rational
Hydrogeology	Hydraulic Conductivity	9 x 10 ⁻⁴	(cm/sec)			 Calculated from single well drawdown tests performed by ERM in May 2001.
	Hydraulic Gradient	0.011 (ft	/ft)			- Calculated from May 2001 ground water elevation data.
	Effective Porosity	0.36				- Estimated from site specific soil bulk density values.
	Seepage Velocity	28.5 (ft/	year)			- Calculated from V=Ki/n.
Dispersion	Longitudinal Dispersivity	19.8 (ft)				- Based on Xu and Eckstein
-	Transverse Dispersivity	1.98 (ft)				~ 0.1 x long. Dispersivity
	Vertical Dispersivity	0 (ft)				- Assume vertical dispersivity is
	,	(-7				negligable and plume thickness is the depth of aquifer.
Adsorption	TCE Retardation Factor	1				- Calculated from R=1+K _{oc} *f _{oc} *p _b /n
-	Aquifer Matrix Bulk Density	1.67 (kg	·/ΙΔ			- Laboratory analysis.
	foc	2.5 E-4	,, <i>,</i>			- Laboratory analysis.
	Koc (Chlorobenzene)		g, 47 L/	kσ		- Literature correlation.
	Koc (Methylene Chloride)	9 L/kg	-6,,	6		
	Koc (Ethenes)		09 T./kø	TCE - 87	I./kg	
	rec (ducres)			VC - 3 L/		
	Koc (Ethanes)		_	DCA - 3	_	
	Not (Edianes)		CA - 3 L/			
General	Modeled Area Length	600 (ft)		<u>B</u>		- Based on area of affected ground
G	Modeled Area Width	225 (ft)				water plume.
	Simulation Time	32 (yea	rs)			- Elapsed time of contamination in the subsurface (1969-2001).
Source Data	Thickness	1 (ft)	1 (ft)			- Based on evidence of LNAPL at adjacent well TMW-1S. Not a sensitiv parameter in the model.
	Width	30 (ft)				 Based on geometry of NDA and soil sampling results
	Chlorobenzene Concentration	57 (mg	/L)			- Dissolved concentration at source
	Methylene Chloride	43 (mg	/L)			area well TMW-2S.
	Concentration					
	1,1,1-TCA Concentration	74 (mg	/L)			
	PCE Concentration	17 (mg	/L)			
	TCE Concentration	43 (mg				
Actual Data	Distance From Source (feet)	<u>410</u>	467	<u>507</u>	<u>547</u>	- Based on observed concentrations a
	PCE Conc. (mg/L)	0.087	0.056	0.130	0.008	site near centerline of plume.
	TCE Conc. (mg/L)	0.020	0.022	0.037	0.027	
	1,2-DCE Conc. (mg/L)	0.058	0.038	0.017	0.008	
	VC Conc. (mg/L)	0.028	0.013	0.071	0.000	
	Ethene Conc. (mg/L)	0.063	0.001	0.000	0.000	
	1,1,1-TCA Conc. (mg/L)	0.150	0.084	0.130	0.260	
	1,1-DCA Conc. (mg/L)	0.140	0.070	0.026	0.600	
	CA Conc. (mg/L)	0.026	0.003	0.000	0.000	
	Chlorobenzene Conc. (mg/L)	0.025	0.038	0.021	0.005	
	Methylene Chloride Conc. (mg/	L) 0.007	0.000	0.002	0.000	

BIOCHLOR Natural Attenuation Rate Estimates

	1st Order Loss Rate (1/year)	Half-Life (years)	Published Ranges of Half-lives ¹ (years)			
			Aerobic	Anaerobic		
PCE	0.32	2.20	1.0 - 2.0 a	0.3 - 4.5		
TCE	0.58	1.20	0.5 – 1.0	0.9 - 4.5 ^a		
1,2-DCE	1.26	0.55	0.2 – 7.9 a	0.3 - 2.0		
Vinyl Chloride	1.87	0.37	0.08 - 0.5	0.2 – 7.9 ^a		
1,1,1-TCA	0.43	1.63	0.4 – 1.5 a	1.5 - 3.0		
1,1-DCA	0.73	0.95	0.2 - 0.4 a	0.4 - 1.7		
Chloroethane	3.46	0.20	0.04 - 0.2 a	0.08 - 0.3		
Methylene Chloride	0.69	1.00	0.04 - 0.2 a	0.08 - 0.3		
Chlorobenzene	0.51	1.35	0.4 – 0.8 a	0.8 - 1.6		

¹ Reported (a) values are ground water half-lives. All other values are for aqueous biodegradation. All values are reported in Howard et al.., (1991)..

The half-life reflects the time it will take for a given contaminant to reduce its concentration by 50 percent. For example, if it takes 2.4 years for ground water to reach a well downgradient of a source area (100 mg/L) the concentration of TCE (based on a half-life of 1.2 years) in that well will be 25 mg/L.

5.0 SUMMARY

The following information was obtained from the ground water biodegradation screening investigation.

- 1. Aquifer test data indicate the hydraulic conductivity of the Upper Sand Aquifer was on the order of 10⁻³ to 10⁻⁴ cm/sec, which is consistent with previous findings for the site. Hydraulic conductivity values were typically higher in the NDA than in Pond 02 and BWA.
- 2. Within each of the three main principal threat areas, the deep wells typically showed one to two orders of magnitude less ground water impact by chlorinated organics than at the adjacent water table wells. This may suggest that the actual dilution rate is greater than dilution rate calculated using the site screening level (SSL) methodology, or that natural degradation is significantly reducing VOC concentrations beyond simple dilution.
- 3. Non-aqueous phase contamination was observed at the water table in the NDA and BWA principal threat areas. Two discrepancies regarding the submittal and analysis of free-product samples from shallow wells TMW-1S and TMW-6S are noted as follows.
 - In a more detailed review of the laboratory data for the TMW-1S sample, it was evident that product-level concentrations for both light and heavy VOCs were present in the sample from the shallow well (refer to TMW-1S and TMW-1S-RE1 in the revised Table 2). It is possible that a cosolvation/emulsion effect of these compounds has occurred, and the mixture happens to have a density equal to, or slightly less than water, creating what appears to be a LNAPL as opposed to a DNAPL. A comparison of solubilities indicates all of the solvents present are, for the most part, miscible in each other.
 - During ground water sampling activities, field team members observed a NAPL in the bottom of a bailer during purging at the TMW-6S well. This sample was submitted to the laboratory as a NAPL sample. The laboratory did not observe any separate phase product in the sample container and identified the liquid as having a specific gravity similar to water. Nevertheless, the sample results from the laboratory were reported as a separate phase with units of µg/kg.

No non-aqueous phase liquid (NAPL) was observed in any of the deep wells installed in the three principal threat areas during this investigation (TMW-1, TMW-2, TMW-5 and TMW-6). However, some VOC concentrations reported in Upper Sand wells downgradient of the BWA¹ (Phase I/Phase II Quarterly Ground Water Monitoring Reports prepared by Baker Environmental, Inc.) may be suggestive of some DNAPL impacts in this area of the Site.

- 4. The analytical data demonstrate that complete dechlorination of tetrachloroethene (PCE) to ethene and 1,1,1-trichloroethane (TCA) to ethane is occurring in some areas of the site. However, complete dechlorination is not observed throughout the site. Complete dechlorination does appear to be occurring in the Pond 02 wet area, if well SMW-7 is located in the flowpath downgradient of Pond 02. The data indicate that at the NDA and BWA principal threat areas, dechlorination is generally limited in the source areas with more extensive dechlorination occurring in the downgradient areas. Total VOC concentrations decreased from 472 mg/L (TMW-2S) to 462 μg/L (TMW-4) over a distance of about 500 feet, in the April-May 2001 sampling events.
- 5. In general, those wells with detectable benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene and/or xylenes (BTEX) yielded strong evidence for dechlorination. This suggests that the availability of degradable substrate is likely the limiting factor for dechlorination. The presence of BTEX appears to facilitate the reductive dechlorination the chlorinated solvents dissolved in ground water.
- 6. The background well, SMW-15, and the plume fringe wells showed adequate chemical evidence of aerobic degradation through the removal of vinyl chloride. This was supported by AFCEE screening values for wells on the edge of the plumes.
- 7. The data suggest that significant degradation of chlorobenzene is occurring in the anaerobic portions of the NDA and BWA. Chlorobenzene levels in the downgradient ground water monitoring wells in these areas, are below $100 \, \mu g/L$.

^{&#}x27;Buried drums were removed from this area in 1990 as part of the OU1 remedy.

- 8. Chlorobenzene does not appear to be significantly degrading at the Pond 02 principal threat area. Similarly, BTEX concentrations in the downgradient well at Pond 02 remain elevated. This is likely a result of an oxygen depleted environment. Following the complete degradation of chlorinated ethenes and ethanes, BTEX will not be cometabolized by the anaerobic microbes. Aerobic treatment may be required to treat chlorobenzene, benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene, and xylenes remaining after anaerobic reductive dechlorination is completed.
- 9. Natural attenuation half-lives (accounting for dilution, sorption, volatilization and biodegradation) for PCE, TCE, 1,2-DCE vinyl chloride and chlorobenzene (as calculated using site-specific data and EPA's BIOCHLOR model) were on the order of 0.4 to 2.2 years and are in excellent agreement with published rates (Howard, Boethling, Jarvis, Meylan and Michalenko, 1991).

6.0 CONCLUSIONS

The ground water biodegradation screening investigation results indicate that there is adequate to strong evidence of naturally-occurring degradation by reductive dechlorination occurring downgradient of the three principal threat source areas at the MSG&S Site. In addition, degradation of all of the other constituents of concern to ground water was observed to some extent on the site. The data suggest that all of the constituents of concern are amenable to in-situ biodegradation under the appropriate conditions. In some areas of the site, the existing biodegradation appears to be constrained by the availability of one or more necessary precursors. Biodegradation may need to be optimized through the addition of nutrients, supplemental carbon, or possibly microorganisms in some areas of the site.

The results of this investigation suggest that the enhancement of in-situ biodegradation, in conjunction with continued operation of the existing ground water recovery and treatment system and treatment of ground water principal threat soil, will substantially accelerate the removal of contaminants from ground water at the site. Ground water concentrations in the NDA were observed to decrease by orders of magnitude in both the lateral and vertical directions under existing conditions.

The positive results from this screening investigation indicate that additional pre-design studies are warranted. A more detailed evaluation of the site wide ground water data is necessary to assess the applicability of the findings from the NDA study area to other areas of the site, and to identify current constraints on biodegradation. Microcosm studies are needed to evaluate methods to augment natural biological and geochemical conditions in order to design the appropriate enhancements to accelerate biodegradation in the dissolved ground water plume. These microcosm studies would include the investigation of carbon addition to facilitate complete anaerobic degradation, as well as investigation of the use of aerobic zones as a polishing step to remove those constituents that may be more efficiently treated through aerobic degradation.

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Appendices

Appendices

Appendix A Well Completion Logs

Boring Number: NDA-08/TMW-1/TMW-1S

Site Name &	Location	 -			Project Number	Date & Time Started	3/14/01	
MD Sand					48410.01	Date & Time Completed	3/14/01	
Drilling Com		a otolic			Driller	Sampler(s)	Sampler Depth	
Tidewate					Pete Miller	Journ Journal of the Control of the	4 feet	
Drilling Equi					Method	Elevation & Datum	Completion Depth	Rock Depth
Geoprob					Direct-Push		44 feet bgs	NA
Bit Size					Core Barrel (s)	North Coordinate		
2 inch					4-foot soil core			
Geologist(s)						East Coordinate		
	2 / Brent	Williams						
DEPTH	Γ	SAMI	LES					
1			!		SOIL I	DESCRIPTION	REMA	RKS
(ft below	Sample	Recovery	PID	Lab				
grade)	Number	(feet)	(ppm)	Sample				
0	1	2.0	82.3	}	Fine SAND, light brown (5 YR 5/6), strong odor, dry.	Soil color based on N	Aunsell charts.
							USCS grain size class	sification.
			,					
ł	l		<u>}</u>	<u> </u>				
2								
			1					
ł			i				Í	
	}			1]			
4	2.	2.5	>2000		Fine SAND, light brown, o	occasional pebbles, strong		
ľ	[ĺ	ĺ	odor, dry.	-		
			<u> </u>		1		ì	
			ļ					
6	1				1			
				 	At 7 feet, Silty SAND, gray	vish orange (10 YR 7/4).	ļ	
					trace Clay.	, , - ,		
8	3	1.5	>2000	<u> </u>	As above, wood fragment	s, grades to light brown.		
ļ] -			}	strong odor, moist.	., 0		
<u>l</u>								
10	 			 	1		}	
	į į							
İ	-			<u> </u>				
ł	<u> </u>		}	Ì	}		1	
12	4	3.0	>2000		Fine SAND, moderate bro	wn (5 YR 3/4 to 4/4)	TCLP metals + thalli	um
**	1	5.5	2000		little Silt, occasional coase		RCRA metals + thail	
Ī						u, ci, onong odon, met.	The said the table to the table	
	i '			ľ			1	
14				 				
! '"							1	
	5	0.9	>2000		As above, pushed Gravel !	from 16 feet to 19 feet		
]]	U.7	-2000	ļ	na above, pusneu Gravei i	ווטווו זט ופפו ונו 10 ופפן.		
	<u> </u>			<u> </u>				
16				ŀ				
1	 		L	<u> </u>				
				1				
ļ	<u> </u>							
18	6	2.0	>2000	}	As above with iron concre			
	<u></u>				At 18.5 feet, medium SAN			
1					(10 YR 6/6), trace coarse S			
L				<u></u>	pink (5 YR 8/4), strong od	or, wet.		
	Page 1	of 3			Signature:		Date:	

Boring Number: NDA-08/TMW-1/TMW-1S

Site Name &	Location	1			Project Number	Date & Time Started	3/14/01	
MD Sand	Gravel &	k Stone			48410,01	Date & Time Completed	3/14/01	
Drilling Com	рапу				Driller	Sampler(s)	Sampler Depth	
Tidewate					Pete Miller		4 feet	
Drilling Equi	pment				Method	Elevation & Datum	Completion Depth	Rock Depth
Geoprobe	66DT				Direct-Push		44 feet bgs	NA
Bit Size			-		Core Barrel (s)	North Coordinate		
2 inch					4-foot soil core	}		
Geologist(s)					<u> </u>	East Coordinate		
Matt Erbe	e / Brent							
DEPTH		SAMI	PLES]		7	
•			ł		SOIL	DESCRIPTION	REMA	RKS
(ft below	Sample	Recovery	PID	Lab				
grade)	Number	(feet)	(ppm)	Sample				
20	6	2.0	>2000	ĺ	At 18.5 feet, medium SAN		Soil color based on M	lunsell charts.
			<u> </u>		(10 YR 6/6), trace coarse S	•	USCS grain size class	ification.
					pink (5 YR 8/4), strong od	or, wet.		
			<u> </u>	<u></u>				
22	7	2.0	>2000		Very fine SAND and SILT,	, dark yellowish brown		
					(10 YR 4/2), light brown (5	5 YR 4/6) and dusky		
					yellowish brown (10 YR 2)		1	
	{			•		arse SAND, grayish orange.		
24	8	2.0	>2000		As above.			
)		ļ				}	
					At 25.5 feet, 0.2 feet of very	y coarse SAND, medium		
			1	1	blueish gray (5 B 5/1).		1	
26	9	4.0	158	 	Medium coarse SAND, blu	ueish gray, occasional fine		
	1		_		subrounded Gravel, wet.	,,		
				 -				
28				 -				
20								
								
•	(((ĺ				
30	10	3.0	1561	 	As above.			
30	10	3.0	1701		ADUVE.			
İ	 							
	 							
32	1 1	ł					1	
	 		100		. .			
	11	3.0	159		As above.			
	\vdash						1	
34								
	, ,	}			At 35.8 feet, very fine SAN	v - — —	PID = 56 ppm.	
	I				very dark red (5 R 2/6) bar	nding.		
36	12	2.0	NR		As above.		Sample lost, jammed	in liner.
	<u> </u>]	
38	13	2.0	18.6		Very fine SAND to SILT, c	olor as above, trace Clay.		
	[]				*	•	1	
	 							

Page 2 of 3 Signature: Date:

Boring Number: NDA-08/TMW-1/TMW-1S

Site Name &	Location	1			Project Number	Date & Time Started	3/14/01
MD Sand					48410.01	Date & Time Completed	3/14/01
Drilling Con	pany				Driller	Sampler(s)	Sampler Depth
Tidewate					Pete Miller		4 feet
Drilling Equi	pment				Method	Elevation & Datum	Completion Depth Rock Depth
Geoprobe	e 66DT				Direct-Push	<u> </u>	44 feet bgs NA
Bit Size				_	Core Barrel (s)	North Coordinate	
2 inch					4-foot soil core	<u> </u>	
Geologist(s)						East Coordinate	
	e / Brent	Williams SAMI	T. E.C.		T	<u> </u>	
DEPTH		SAME	LES	,	SOUT	DESCRIPTION	REMARKS
(ft below	Sample	Recovery	PID	Lab	SOIL DESCRIPTION		REMARKS
grade)	Number		(ppm)	Sample			İ
40	14	4.0	15.1	-	As above to 43.7 feet.		Soil color based on Munsell charts.
	•						USCS grain size classification.
1	-			-			
İ	(ľ	İ	l	i		}
42	 		<u> </u>	 			
			Į.				
([At 43.7 feet, CLAY, grayis	h orange pink (10 R 8/2)	Basal Clay.
				1	with thin (1/8") very dark		1-2
44				+ -	End of boring at 44 feet by		
<u> </u>		i i	İ				Temporary Well Installation
1				 	1		TMW-1
ł		}	ł	}			Set 1-inch PVC well at 44 feet bgs.
46							5-foot prepacked screen.
1							Sand to 37 feet bgs.
í					Í		Bentonite to 0 feet bgs.
	}						
48				 	1		TMW-15
							Set 1-inch PVC well at 23.3 feet bgs.
					1		5-foot prepacked screen.
	} .			ļ			Sand to 16 feet bgs.
50							Bentonite to 14 feet bgs.
	[
į				1	1		1
52							1
(·		ſ	,		
L							
54							
1				1			
L							
56				<u> </u>			
[<u></u>			Ĺ			
1							
]			<u> </u>			ļ
58							
				1			
j							}
! .							
	Page 3	of 2			Cionaturo		
	rages	OLD			Signature:		Date:

Boring Number: NDA-09/TMW-2/TMW-2S

						12		
Site Name &					Project Number	Date & Time Started	3/14/01	_ _
MD Sand		& Stone			48410.01	Date & Time Completed	3/15/01	
Drilling Com					Driller	Sampler(s)	Sampler Depth	
Tidewate					Pete Miller	<u> </u>	4 feet	
Drilling Equi			-	·	Method	Elevation & Datum	Completion Depth	Rock Depth
Geoprobe	66DT				Direct-Push	<u></u>	44 feet bgs	NA
Bit Size					Core Barrel (s)	North Coordinate		
2 inch	-				4-foot soil core			
Geologist(s)						East Coordinate		
Matt Erbe	/ Brent							
DEPTH		SAMF	LES					
	l]	SOIL	DESCRIPTION	REMA	RKS
(ft below	Sample			Lab				
grade)	Number	(feet)	(ppm)	Sample				
0	1	1.5	NR		Fine SANO, light brown (5 YR 5/6), dry.	Soil color based on N	funsell charts.
	ĺ					•	USCS grain size class	sification.
					1		NR - Not recorded.	
1	1	} i		1	1			
2	 -			1	1			
				┼			1	
	[1			
	<u>-</u>			 	-			
4				1	{		1	
	<u> </u>							
	2	2.2	NR		Fine SAND, light brown, o		TOC sample	
					coarse Sand, very dark red	l (SR 2/6) mottling.	}	
6								
				ŀ				
					}		}	
8								
<u> </u>	(1	ĺ			1	
					1			
10	3	2.0	NR		As above.		TOC sample	
10		∡.∪	141		المه هال ۷۶.		sample	
	 	<u> </u>	L					
i I	i i			[
				ļ				
12								
i I								
,				i				
				1				
14			-					
	4	2.1	NR		As above.		TOC sample	
	1	'					1	
16			-					
10								
	1]				
ļ <u></u>								
18	1	7		[]	•			
-	I							
1					At 19 feet, yellow (5 Y 7/6) liquid.		
		'		'				
				<u> </u>				
	Page 1	of 3			Signature:		Date:	

Boring Number: NDA-09/TMW-2/TMW-2S

Site Name &	Location	\			Project Number	Date & Time Started	3/14/01
MD Sand					48410.01	Date & Time Completed	3/15/01
Drilling Com					Driller	Sampler(s)	Sampler Depth
Tidewate					Pete Miller	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	4 feet
Drilling Equi					Method	Elevation & Datum	Completion Depth Rock Depth
Geoprobe					Direct-Push		44 feet bgs NA
Bit Size					Core Barrel (s)	North Coordinate	
2 inch					4-foot soil core		
Geologist(s)						East Coordinate	•
Matt Erbe	/ Brent						
DEPTH	<u> </u>	SAMP	LES		·		PE: 44 PMG
(ft below	Sample	Recovery	PID	Lab	SOIL	DESCRIPTION	REMARKS
grade)	Number	(feet)	(ppm)	Sample	•		
20	5	3.0	NR	oumpie	l	lowish brown (10 YR 5/4).	Soil color based on Munsell charts
20		<u> </u>			Yellow liquid present to 2		USCS grain size classification. TOC sample
				1			100 32111.
22	 			$\vdash \vdash$			
]]		ļ]	1]
				 	1		
!							
24]		
				<u> </u>			
	6	0.2	NR		Fine to medium SAND, m	oderate yellowish brown.	TOC sample
	<u> </u>				}		
26							
	{			ł	ł		1
				<u> </u>			
28							
	 						
		:		ļ			
		-00	MD		 	dan adda adlam Nasid	TOC semale
30	7	0.0	NR	_	As above, some discolorat	non with yellow ildnig.	TOC sample
	 			 -			
32				 -			
32					1		
	 			 			
		ſ]		
34	8	0.0	NR	 -	1		
]				J		
					Very fine SAND, very pale		PID = 56 ppm.
				<u></u>	very dark red (5 R 2/6) ba		
36				Ţ			Sample lost, jammed in liner.
	<u> </u>	l		<u> </u>			
					}		1
38	9				Very fine SAND to SILT, o	olor as above, trace Clay.	
!					}		
]
	Page 2	of 3			Signature:		Date:

Boring Number: NDA-09/TMW-2/TMW-2S

ite Name &					Project Number	Date & Time Started	3/14/01
MD Sand		t Stone			48410.01	Date & Time Completed	3/15/01
Prilling Com					Driller	Sampler(s)	Sampler Depth
Tidewate					Pete Miller		4 feet
Orilling Equi					Method	Elevation & Datum	Completion Depth Rock Dept
Geoprobe	66DT				Direct-Push	<u> </u>	44 feet bgs NA
lit Size					Core Barrel (s)	North Coordinate	•
2 inch					4-foot soil core	<u> </u>	
Geologist(s)						East Coordinate	
Matt Erbe	/ Brent	Williams					
DEPTH		SAMP	LES				
					SOIL I	DESCRIPTION	REMARKS
(ft below	Sample	Recovery	PID	Lab	1		1
grade)	Number	(feet)	(ppm)	Sample			
40					As above,		Soil color based on Munsell charts
							USCS grain size classification.
							B
•	}	ł	1	Ì			1
	10						
42	10						
I							1
					At 44 feet, CLAY, grayish		Basal Clay.
į	!	- 1			with thin (1/8") very dark	red layering.	
44				1	End of boring at 44 feet bg		
							Temporary Well Installations
							TMW-2
i	1	- 1	i i	l	ı		Set 1-inch PVC well at 44 feet bgs.
46	\vdash			-			5-foot prepacked screen.
40							
,							Sand to 37 feet bgs.
	ł						Bentonite to 15 feet bgs.
							
48							TMW-25
							Set 1-inch PVC well at 23.5 feet bg:
							5-foot prepacked screen.
		ļ		,			Sand to 17 feet bgs.
50							Bentonite to15 feet bgs.
50	1	-					Demonia (015 feet bgs.
	ļļ	}					1
				1			
	LI						
52	l J	J					}
		}					
	J	J					
54							
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58	 -{						
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					· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
	Page 3	of 3			Signature:		Date:

Boring Number: TMW-3

	Page 1	of 2	****		Signature:	<u> </u>	Date:
18		<u></u>					
16							
		_	_				Bentonite to 3 feet bgs.
14	 						5-foot prepacked screen. Sand to 5 feet bgs.
							Set 1-inch PVC well at 12 feet bgs.
12	 				End of boring at 12 feet bg	S.	Temporary Well Installation TMW-3
					At 11.8 feet, pinkish gray (
10							
					,		
8	3	3.0	0		Pale yellow orange (10 YR SAND.	8/6) medium to coarse	
					Moderate yellow-brown (1	0 YR 5/4) SAND, wet.	
6							
					At 4 feet, dark yellowish of GRAVEL and coarse SANI		
4	2	4.0	0		_ ·	(N*) SILT, some fine Sand,	
,					Light brown (5 YR 5/6) me		
					Dark red brown (10 R 3/4)	fine SAND, some Gravel.	
Ĭ	<u> </u>	3.0	ļ <u> </u>		Silt, trace Clay.	to K 4/ 0/ the SAND, little	USCS grain size classification. NR - Not recorded.
(ft below grade)	Sample Number 1	Recovery (feet) 3.0	PID (ppm)	Lab Sample	***************************************	(10 R 4/6) fine SAND, little	Soil color based on Munsell charts.
	DEPTH SAMPLES				SOIL I	DESCRIPTION	REMARKS
Matt Erbe	e / Brent		OT TC				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Geologist(s)						East Coordinate	
2 inch					4-foot soil core		
Bit Size					Core Barrel (s)	North Coordinate	
Geoprobe			_		Direct-Push	<u> </u>	12 feet bgs
Drilling Equi					Method	Elevation & Datum	Completion Depth
Tidewate	-				Pete Miller	Sampler(s)	4 feet
MD Sand Drilling Com		z Stone			48410.23 Driller	Date & Time Completed Sampler(s)	3/20/01 Sampler Depth
Site Name &					Project Number	Date & Time Started	3/15/01

Environmental Resources Management, Inc.

Boring Number:

Boring Log

TMW-4

Site Name &	Location				Project Number	Date & Time Started	3/15/01
MD Sand	Gravel &	& Stone			48410.23	Date & Time Completed	3/15/01
Drilling Com	pany				Driller	Sampler(s)	Sampler Depth
Tidewate					Pete Miller	1	4 feet
Dri ll ing Equi	pment	7-7,			Method	Elevation & Datum	Completion Depth
Geoprobe	e 66DT				Direct-Push		24 feet bgs
Bit Size					Core Barrel (s)	North Coordinate	
2 inch					4-foot soil core	<u> </u>	
Geologist(s)						East Coordinate	
Matt Erbe	e / Brent						
DEPTH		SAMI	PLES	, -		_	<u> </u>
	i		ì		SOIL I	DESCRIPTION	REMARKS
(ft below	Sample	Recovery	PID	Lab			
grade)	Number		(ppm)	Sample	·		
0	1	1.0	0	!	Light to moderate brown (Soil color based on Munsell charts.
				<u> </u>		s, leaves, occassional quartz	USCS grain size classification.
					fine round gravel, trace ve	ry light gray Silt, dry.	
	<u> </u>			<u> </u>			
2			ł	ļ	1		1
1							
_	<u> </u>						1
4	2	0.5	0	}	Very dark red ironstone.		.
1				<u> </u>			
6]		ì
							i
8	3	0.0	NA		No recovery.		NA - Not available.
					·		
1					1		
•							1
10							ľ
			-				
j)]						,
12	4	3.0	0		Moderate reddish orange (10 R 6/6) fine to coarse	
1-	*	5.0			SAND, little fine to medius		
					Mana Mic to Media		
ł	}				 Very light gray laminated (Clavey SILT.	1
14	 				Fine to medium SAND, litt		
l ''					, meanant bin tb, mu		
	5	3.0	0	<u> </u>	Moderate reddish orange t	o dark vellow orange fine	
i		3.0			SAND, little Silt, grades to		ì
16	├─				Onivio, mine out, granes to	megiuin janu,	
16							
	├ ─				TA7_4		1
í	í í		1		Wet.		ĺ
<u> </u>	 	2.0	-		D-d	-0.CAND # ! !	
18	6	3.0	0		Dark yellow orange (0.2 fee		
J	 _			ļ	(N3) stained fine to mediu	m SAND, micaceous,	
i					few pebbles, wet.		
L	<u> </u>						
	Page 1	of 3		_	Signature:		Date:
						·	

Boring Number:

TMW-4

Site Name &	Location	1			Project Number	Date & Time Started	3/15/01	
	Sand Gravel & Stone 48410.23 Date & Time						3/15/01	
Drilling Com					Driller	Sampler(s)	Sampler Depth	
Tidewater, Inc. Pete M							4 feet	
Drilling Equi					Method	Elevation & Datum	Completion Depth Rock Depth	
Geoprobe	66DT				Direct-Push	L	24 feet bgs 0	
Bit Size					Core Barrel (s)	North Coordinate		
2 inch					4-foot soil core			
Geologist(s)						East Coordinate		
Matt Erbe	/ Brent							
<u>DEPTH</u>		SAME	LES				4	
			l .		SOIL	DESCRIPTION	REMARKS	
(ft below	Sample		PID	Lab				
grade)	Number	(feet)	(bbw)	Sample				
20	ł i		ľ	l			Soil color based on Munsell charts.	
	<u> </u>			1	A1		USCS grain size classification.	
	7	3.0	0		As above to 22.5 feet.		i	
				ļ				
22				J			J	
						ine SAND with some dark		
					red banding.			
					Light gray CLAY at 23.9 fe			
24					End of boring at 24 feet bg	s.		
ľ				<u> </u>	İ		Temporary Well Installation	
·	[TMW-4	
							Set 1-inch PVC well at 14 feet bgs.	
26							5-foot prepacked screen.	
J	j j			J)		Sand to 17 feet bgs.	
					1		Bentonite to 15 feet bgs.	
				1				
28					1			
ł .				_				
					ļ			
30							TOC sample	
30				ļ			7.00.52	
]	-	<u> </u>			j			
32				-				
32	i i							
			 -					
ľ	1 1			ł	}		1	
				<u> </u>				
34							1	
l				<u> </u>			n:0 - 54	
]]]	, ,	Ι,	J	}		PID = 56 ppm.	
L	ļ		_					
36							Sample lost, jammed in liner.	
				L				
1				1				
				<u></u>			1	
38								
]				1				
J	j j	J	l ,] .				
	Page 2	- C- 2			Signature:		Date:	
	rage 2	OI J			JIKIIGIUIE		Date	

Boring Number: PO2-19/TMW-5/TMW-5S

Site Name &	Location	1			Project Number	Date & Time Started	3/13/01	
MD Sand		x Stone			48410.01	Date & Time Completed	3/20/01	
Drilling Com					Driller	Sampler(s)	Sampler Depth	
Tidewater					Pete Miller		4 feet	
Drilling Equip					Method	Elevation & Datum	Completion Depth	Rock Depth
Geoprobe	66DT				Direct-Push		26 feet bgs	NA
Bit Size					Core Barrel (s)	North Coordinate		
2 inch					4-foot soil core	<u> </u>		
Geologist(s)						East Coordinate		
Matt Erbe	/ Brent							
<u>DEPTH</u>		SAME						
		i	FID/		SOIL I	DESCRIPTION	REMA	RKS
(ft below	Sample	Recovery	PID	Lab	1			
grade)	Num ber	(feet)	(ppm)	Sample	Language Control of the Control of t			
0	1	2.3	*		Fine to coarse SAND, mod	lerate reddish brown	Soil color based on M	lunsell charts.
l			L		(10 R 4/6) to very dark red	d (5 R 2/6), dry.	USCS grain size class	ification.
Į]		*PID reading not coll	ected.
:							See also the log for ac	
2					1		boring PO2-01 for lith	
4							Dorme Coron tor Inc	
ļ								
ļ					}		1	
					<u>_</u>			
4	2	1.7	>2000		Fine SAND, light brown (5	•		
					occasional coarse Sand, ve	ry moist.		
ľ					1			
6								
<u> </u>								
8	3	0.0	*			moderate yellowish brown,	*PID reading not coll	
					little Silt and fine Sand, ver	ry moist.	Very loose. No recov	ery.
	3							
10					At 10 feet, dusky brown (5	YR 2/2) to grayish black	TCLP metals sample	
					(N2) staining, wet.		Total RCRA metals sa	ample
 					· =			-
12	4	3.0	>2000		Fine to coarse SAND, med	ium dark gray (N4). little	1	
12	1	5.0	_000		fine subangular to subrour			
}					wire agrant Parat to agranger	CLEVELY DUOLY WEL.	1	
			. 4000			an en e e e e e e e e	J	
14	5	3.0	>2000		Recollected samples on 3/		!	
Į						fining downward, dark gray	1	
					staining, odor, wet.			
16							}	
ţ	·		+					
		ļ	.					
18	6	4.0	>2000		Coarse SAND to fine GRA	VET gravetained wat	PID < 20 ppm at bott	O.Th
18	9	4.0	~2000 l		Coarse SAIND to THE GRA	VEL, gray Statiled, wet.	FID - 20 ppin at bott	GIAL.
,							1	
		}						
	Page 1	of 2	7		Signature:		Date:	

Boring Number: PO2-19/TMW-5/TMW-5S

Site Name &			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		Project Number	Date & Time Started	3/13/01	·	
MD Sand Gravel & Stone 484						Date & Time Completed	3/20/01		
Drilling Com	pany				Driller	Sampler(s)	Sampler Depth		
Tidewater					Pete Miller	-	4 feet		
Drilling Equip	ment				Method	Elevation & Datum	Completion Depth	Rock Depth	
Geoprobe	66DT				Direct-Push		26 feet bgs	NA	
Bit Size					Core Barrel (s)	North Coordinate			
2 inch					4-foot soil core			<u></u>	
Geologist(s)					· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	East Coordinate			
Matt Erbe	/ Brent								
DEPTH		SAMP		,					
[_	`_ _	FID/	1	SOIL	DESCRIPTION	REMAI	RKS	
(ft below	Sample	Recovery	PID	Lab			1		
	Number	(feet)	(ppm)	Sample					
20							Soil color based on M		
				L]		USCS grain size class	ification.	
				1	1		1		
				L]				
22	7	4.0	0	<u> </u>	As above.		Ī		
							1		
				$\overline{}$	1		1		
		}		1	J		1		
24					At 24 feet, CLAY, moderat	te reddish orange (10 R 6/6)	1		
-3				1	to grayish orange pink (10				
}				 	To Praymy orange bury (10	·· · · / · / · / ·	1		
					End of house at 00 (c. 11		 _		
26	ľ	ľ	l	i	End of boring at 26 feet bg	S .	··· ··	11. 12.	
ļ				<u> </u>			Temporary Well Insta	allations	
	1						TMW-5		
				$ldsymbol{ldsymbol{ldsymbol{eta}}}$]		Set 1-in PVC well at 2	_	
28							w/ 5 feet prepacked well screen		
	}			<u> </u>	}		Sand to 15 feet bgs		
				i			Bentonite to 0 feet bg	5	
	l						Ĭ		
30				<u> </u>	1		TMW-5S		
							Set 1-in PVC well at 1	3 feet bes	
					1		w/ 5 feet prepacked		
	(ĺ	ļ				Sand to 6 feet bgs		
32	- 						Bentonite to 2 feet bg	c	
32							Detitionite to 2 reet og	5	
}		∤		 -					
		ļ							
					}		1		
34									
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36							1		
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38				<u> </u>					
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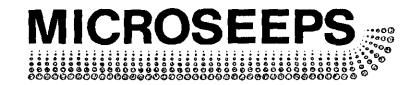
Boring Number: BWA-23/TMW-6/TMW-6S

Site Name & Location					Project Number	Date & Time Started	3/13/01		
MD Sand Gravel & Stone 48410.01						Date & Time Completed	3/13/01		
Drilling Com	pany				Driller	Sampler(s)	Sampler Depth		
Tidewate	r, Inc.				Pete Miller		4 feet		
Drilling Equi	pment				Method	Elevation & Datum	Completion Depth	Rock Depth	
Geoprobe	e 66DT				Direct-Push		27 feet bgs	NA	
Bit Size			•		Core Barrel (s)	North Coordinate	·····	-	
2 inch					4-foot soil core				
Geologist(s)						East Coordinate			
Matt Erb	e / <u>Bren</u> t	Williams							
DEPTH		SAMI	LES						
{	[ĺ	ĺ	SOIL 1	DESCRIPTION	REMARKS		
(ft below	Sample	Recovery	PID	Lab					
grade)	Number	(feet)	(ppm)	Sample					
0	1	2.7	0	ļ	Fine SAND, light to mode	rate brown (5 YR 4/4),	Soil color based on N		
			<u> </u>		little Silt, dry.		USCS grain size class		
	I		ì	1			See also log for adjac	ent BWA-01	
	<u> </u>			ļ			-		
2]	l	1	!		n SAND with pale orange			
Į			<u> </u>	<u> </u>	(10 YR 8/2) Silt lamination				
]	Į.]	ļ	round pebbles throughout		1		
L					(10 R 3/4) mottling, moist				
4	2	4.0	1569			th medium Sand laminations,			
ļ	_				moderate yellowish brow	n (10 YR 5/4) with moderate			
				I	reddish brown (10R 4/6) 1	nottling, slight odor, dry.			
	l		l	l					
6									
1	ľ		1	İ					
i	1		İ						
8	1			1	1		}		
			1	ļ					
1	3	0.6	35.1		As above.				
)	} ,		}	}					
10	 		 				TCLP metals sample		
	1						RCRA metals sample		
}			 				ļ. .		
	ľ	'	1						
12									
l **	i		1	Ì			Ì		
ĺ	4	3.0	1581	 -	SIT T gravish grange sink	(10 R 8/2), some Clay, trace			
•	1	5.0	1501	ļ	fine Sand, moist.	(10 K d/ 2), some Clay, trace			
14	 		 	 		ID and CII T years note			
1 14] !			Ì	At 13.7 feet, very fine SAN	io and sici, very pale			
			ļ	ļ	orange (10 YR 8/2).				
			']		·			
<u></u>	 _	4.5	. 8076	 	 		1		
16	5	4.0	>2000]	As above to 17.5 feet, strop				
					Then fine SAND, very pale				
Į.) ,		} ,		At 18.5 feet, 0.5 foot zone	with beads of brown	1		
<u></u>	<u> </u>			ļ	residual product.		1		
18	'		'	1					
1			<u></u>						
					At 19 feet fine SAND, gray	(N5), no evidence of			
				<u> </u>	product.				
	Page 1	of 2			Signature:		Date:	-	
	4				~-6		4/41L.		

Boring Number: BWA-23/TMW-6/TMW-6S

Site Name &	Location	1			Project Number	Date & Time Started 3/13/01			
MD Sand	Gravel	& Stone			48410.01	Date & Time Completed	3/13/01		
Drilling Com	рапу				Driller	Sampler(s)	Sampler Depth		
Tidewate	r, Inc.				Pete Miller	1	4 feet		
Drilling Equi					Method	Elevation & Datum	Completion Depth	Rock Depth	
Geoprobe 66DT Direct-Pusi							27 feet bgs	NA	
Bit Size					Core Barrel (s)	North Coordinate			
2 inch					4-foot soil care		·-,		
Geologist(s)						East Coordinate			
	e / Brent	Williams				<u> </u>			
DEPTH	<u> </u>	SAMI	PLES			Successor.	25.4	m.v.a	
]		_			SOIL	DESCRIPTION	REMA	RK5	
(ft below	Sample	•	PID	Lab					
grade)	Number	(feet)	(ppm)	Sample	Madine CAND Robbers	(NIZ) aver	(9-1)> \ \		
20	6	4.0	>2000	İ	Medium SAND, light gray	(N/), Wet.	Soil color based on M		
	 		ļ	<u> </u>	1		USCS grain size class	sincation.	
l]		ļ	ł	A + 21 A 6	CAND Pake and to to the	}		
	├		<u> </u>	ļ	At 21.4 feet very fine Silty	SAND, ugnt gray, brown			
22	ļ		ļ	1	residual product.	CAND (CI.			
[<u> </u>	<u> </u>	At 22.7 feet Silty medium:	-			
	 				evidence of residual produ	ict, strong odor.			
			1000				1		
24	7	3.0	1029	i		everal thin (0.25-in) Clayey			
i					Silt laminations throughou)		
					pebble, flat 2-in diameter,	strong odor.			
26			[[At 26.5 feet grades to very	fine SAND and SILT,			
					moderate reddish brown.				
Į.	1		ł	1	At 26.8 feet CLAY, moder				
					very fine Sand and Silt lan	unations.	Temporary Well Inst	allations	
28]]) .			TMW-6		
					End of boring at 27 feet bg	s .	Set 1-in PVC well at:	-	
							w/ 5 feet prepacked	well screen	
L							Sand to 19.5 feet bgs		
30	1						Bentonite to 17 feet b	gs	
}									
	1 1		,				TMW-6S		
<u> </u>	<u> </u>						Set 1-in PVC well at	16.9 feet bgs	
32	ļ ļ						w/ 5 feet prepacked	we ll s creen	
ŀ							Sand to 10 feet bgs		
ĺ	i i	ĺ					Bentonite to 8 feet bg	s	
34	}								
!									
J									
	<u> </u>	[l					
36									
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		ŀ							
			_=						
	Page 2	of 2			Signature:		Date:		

Appendix B Sample Chain-of-Custody Forms and Laboratory Reports



Project Number: 48410.01

MD Sand & Gravel

ERM's Contact: Mr. Matt Erbe/Jeff Flauzenbaum

220 William Pitt Way, Pittsburgh, PA 15238 • Phone (412) 826-5245, Fax (412) 826-3433

Microseeps Case Narrative for ERM

Project Name: Maryland Sand & Gravel Project Number: 48410.01

Sample Receiving:

The following samples were received at Microseeps:

ERM Sample ID	Microseeps ID	Date Received
SMW-15	P0104059-01	4/4/01
SMW-17	P0104059-02	4/4/01
SMW-DUP	P0104059-03	4/4/01
SMW-12	P0104060-01	4/5/01
SMW-18A	P0104060-02	4/5/01
SMW-19A	P0104060-03	4/5/01
SMW-07	P0104060-04	4/5/01
SMW-2A	P0104088-01	4/6/01
TMW-6	P0104088-02	4/6/01
TMW-5	P0104088-03	4/6/01
SMW-13	P0104089-01	4/6/01
TMW-1	P0104114-01	4/9/01
TMW-2	P0104114-02	4/9/01
TMW-3	P0104114-03	4/9/01
TMW-4	P0104114-04	4/9/01
SMW-14	P0104114-05	4/9/01
SMW-15	P0104139-01	4/9/01
SMW-17	P0104139-02	4/9/01
SMW-DUP	P0104139-03	4/9/01
SMW-12	P0104139-04	4/9/01
SMW-07	P0104139-05	4/9/01
SMW-2A	P0104139-06	4/9/01
SMW-2A-D	P0104139-07	4/9/01
TMW-6	P0104139-08	4/9/01
TMW-5	P0104139-09	4/9/01
TMW-4	P0104139-10	4/9/01
SMW-14	P0104139-11	4/9/01

These samples were to be analyzed for Monitored Natural Attenuation analyses. The sample containers for the Dissolved Gases, Hydrogen, Light Hydrocarbons, and Permanent Gases, were sent separately from the other sample containers.

The following samples did not have bubble strip sample vials and only the Permanent Gases and Light Hydrocarbon analyses were performed from the water sample: SMW-18A, SMW-19A, SMW-13, TMW-1, and TMW-3. The bubble strip sample SMW-2A-2 was requested to be analyzed for dissolved Hydrogen.

A total metals bottle for sample TMW-2 was missing from a shipment received on 4/9/01. ERM's project manager, Matt Erbe, was contacted. He advised Microseeps to continue with all the other analyses requested for that sample.

Wet Chemistry

The percent recoveries of sample P0104060-02A MS/MSD, for Sulfate were below QC limits. The Sulfate concentration in the original sample was four times higher than the spike concentration.

The percent recoveries of sample P0104088-02A, and P0104114-04A MS/MSD, for Alkalinity were below QC limits. The alkalinity concentrations in the original samples were twice the spike concentration. The sample and duplicate concentrations were at the MDL, yielding poor RPD.

The percent recoveries of sample P0104114-02A MS/MSD, for Chloride were below QC limits. The Chloride concentrations in the original sample were four times the spike concentration.

Poor RPD between sample P0104114-03A and its duplicate was due to both results being below the MDL.

Poor RPD between sample P0104114-03A and its duplicate was due to both results being below the MDL.

All TOC and SOC samples were re-analyzed and the original results were confirmed by this reanalysis.

No other anomalies were reported.

Risk Analysis

No MS/MSD results are reported in this package. At this time, the laboratory does not perform MS/MSD's on bubble strip vapor samples.

No other anomalies were reported.

Metals Analysis

No anomalies were reported for these analyses.

Analytical Data



Contact: Jeff Flauzenbaum Address: 2666 Riva Road

Suite200

Annapolis, MD 21401

Bebeur Jahans

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Lab Project #:

P0104059

Report Date: Client Proj Name:

05/09/01

Client project #:

MD Sand & Gravel

48410.01

Sample Identification

Lab Sample # Client Sample ID P0104059-01 SMW-17

P0104059-02

SMW-15

P0104059-03

SMW-DUP

Contact: Jeff Flauzenbaum Address: 2666 Riva Road

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Page: Lab Project #: Report Date:

05/09/01

Client Proj Name: Client project #:

MD Sand & Gravel

48410.01

Sample Description	<u>Matrix</u>		Sampled Date/Time	Received	
SMW-15	Water		03 Apr. 01 11:05	04 Apr. 01	-
Analyte(s)	Result	PQL	Units	Method #	
NetChem					
Alkalinity as CaCO3	<4	4	mg/L	310.1	
Chloride	79	1	mg/L	9056	
Ferrous Iron	< 1.0	1	mg/L	Mod7199	Mary result
Nitrate	22	0.10	mg/L	9056	
Nitrite	< 0.10	0.10	mg/L		
SolubleOrganic Carbon	18	2	mg/L	9060	
Sulfate	20	1	mg/L	9056	
Sulfide	< 2,0	2	mg/L	376.1	_
Total Organic Carbon	< 2.0	2	mg/L	9060	_
Metals					
Iron	<0.050	0.050	mg/L	6010B	_
Manganese-dissolved	0.067	0.010	mg/L		

Contact: Jeff Flauzenbaum Address: 2666 Riva Road Suite200

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Client Proj Name:

MD Sand & Gravel

Client project #:

48410.01

Annapolis, MD 21401

	Sample Description	<u>Matrix</u>		Sampled Date/Time	Received	
_	SMW-17	Water		03 Apr. 01 15:40	04 Apr. 01	
	Analyte(s)	Result	PQL	Units	Method #	
_	WetChem					
	Alkalinity as CaCO3	200	4	mg/L	310.1	
	Chloride	9.4	1	mg/L	9056	
	Ferrous Iron	1.8	1	mg/L	Mod7199	
	Nitrate	0.24	0.10	mg/L	9056	
	Nitrite	< 0.10	0.10	mg/L		
	SolubleOrganic Carbon	11	2	mg/L	9060	
	Sulfate	14	1	mg/L	9056	
_	Sulfide	< 2.0	2	mg/L	376.1	
	Total Organic Carbon	2.3	2	mg/L	9060	
	Metals					
	Iron	4.3	0.050	mg/L	6010B	
	Manganese-dissolved	0.77	0.010	mg/L	·	

Contact: Jeff Flauzenbaum Address: 2666 Riva Road

Suite200

Annapolis, MD 21401

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05/09/01

Client Proj Name:

MD Sand & Gravel

Client project #:

48410.01

Sample Description	<u>Matrix</u>		Sampled Date/Time	Received	
SMW-DUP	Water		03 Apr. 01 8:00	04 Apr. 01	_
Analyte(s)	Result	PQL	Units	Method #	
WetChem					
Alkalinity as CaCO3	<4	4	mg/L	310.1	
Chloride	78	1	mg/L	9056	
Ferrous Iron	< 1.0	1	mg/L	Mod7199	_
Nitrate	22	0.10	mg/L	9056	
Nitrite	< 0.10	0.10	mg/L		
SolubleOrganic Carbon	< 2.0	2	mg/L	9060	_
Sulfate	19	1	mg/L	9056	
Sulfide	< 2.0	2	mg/L	376.1	_
Total Organic Carbon	<2	2	mg/L	9060	
Metals					
Iron	<0.050	0.050	mg/L	6010B	_
Manganese-dissolved	0.066	0.010	mg/L		

Contact: Jeff Flauzenbaum Address: 2666 Riva Road

Suite200

Annapolis, MD 21401

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Report Date: Client Proj Name:

MD Sand & Gravel

Client project #:

48410.01

Prep Method: Acid Digestions of Aqueous samples and extracts for t
Analysis Method: Disslolved TAL Metals by Inductively Coupled Plasma

			Analysis	Method: Diss	lolved TAL Meta	ls by Inductiv	ely Coupled Plasma
	M010430031-MB						
		Result	ROL	%Recovery	Ctl Limits		
_	Manganese-dissolved	0.0001	0.010		- NA		
	M010430031-LCS						
				%Recovery	Ctl Limits		
_	Manganese-dissolved			96	80 - 120		
	P0104059-01A-DUP						
_				%Recovery	Ctl Limits	<u>RPD</u>	RPD Ctl Limits
	Manganese-dissolved				- NA	1.50	0 - 20
	P0104059-01A-MS						
_				%Recovery	Ctl Limits		
	Manganese-dissolved			95	75 - 125		

Contact: Jeff Flauzenbaum Address: 2666 Riva Road

Suite200

Annapolis, MD 21401

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Lab Project #: Report Date:

P0104059

Client Proj Name:

05/09/01 MD Sand & Gravel

Client project #:

48410.01

Prep Method: Acid Digestions of Aqueous samples and extracts for t

Analysis Method: Inductively Coupled Plasma-Atomic Emission Spectro.

M010430032-MB							
	<u>Result</u>	RDL	%Recovery	Ctl Limits			
Iron	0.015	0.050		- NA			
M010430032-LCS							
			%Recovery	Ctl Limits			_
Iron			106	80 - 120			
P0104059-01A-DUP							
			%Recovery	Ctl Limits	<u>RPD</u>	RPD Ctl Limits	<u> </u>
Iron				- NA	20.41	0 - 20	
P0104059-01A-MS							
			%Recovery	Ctl Limits			_
Iron			98	75 - 125			

Outlined Results indicate results outside of Control limits

Contact: Jeff Flauzenbaum Address: 2666 Riva Road

Suite200

Annapolis, MD 21401

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Lab Project #: Report Date:

05/09/01

Client Proj Name:

MD Sand & Gravel

Client project #:

48410.01

~-			•		linity Titrametric linity Titrametric		
	M010502027-MB				-		
		Result	RDL.	%Recovery	Ctl Limits		
	Alkalinity as CaCO3	0.1	4.0		- NA		
	M010502027-LCS						
_				%Recovery	Ctl Limits		
	Alkalinity as CaCO3			101	80 - 120		
	P0104059-03A-DUP						
				%Recovery	Ctl Limits	RPD	RPD Ctl Limits
	Alkalinity as CaCO3				- NA	0.00	0 - 20
_	P0104059-03A-MS						
				%Recovery	Ctl Limits		
	Alkalinity as CaCO3			98	75 - 125		
_	P0104059-03A-MSD						
				%Recovery	Ctl Limits	RPD	RPD Ctl Limits
	Alkalinity as CaCO3			96	75 - 125	2.02	0 - 20

Contact: Jeff Flauzenbaum Address: 2666 Riva Road

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Client Proj Name:

MD Sand & Gravel

Client project #:

48410.01

Prep Method: Titrametric lodine Analysis Method: Titrametric lodine

M010502032-MB						
	Result	RDL	%Recovery	Ctl Limits		
Sulfide	< 2.0	2.0		- NA		_
M010502032-LCS						
			%Recovery	Ctl Limits		
Sulfide			68	50 - 75		
P0104060-01A-DUP						
			%Recovery	Ctl Limits	<u>RPD</u>	RPD Ctl Limits -
Sulfide				- NA	0.00	0 - 20
P0104060-02A-MS						
			%Recovery	Ctl Limits		
Sulfide			71	50 - 75		
P0104060-02A-MSD						_
			%Recovery	Cti Limits	RPD	RPD Ctl Limits
Sulfide			71	50 - 75	0.00	0 - 20

Contact: Jeff Flauzenbaum Address: 2666 Riva Road

Suite200

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Client Proj Name:

MD Sand & Gravel

Outlined Results indicate results outside of Control limits

Client project #: 4841

48410.01

Prep Method: Anions by ion chromatography **Analysis Method:** Anions by ion chromatography

			Analysis	Method: Anio	ns by ion chrom	natograpny	
	M010502034-MB						
		Result	RDL	%Recovery	Ctl Limits		
_	Chloride	< 1.0	1		- NA		
	Nitrite	< 0.10	0.10000		- NA		
_	Nitrate	< 0.10	0.10000		- NA		
	Sulfate	< 1.0	1		- NA		
	M010502034-LCS						
_				%Recovery	Ctl Limits		
	Chloride			100	80 - 120		
	Nitrite			98	80 - 120		
	Nitrate			98	80 - 120		
	Sulfate			96	80 - 120		
<u></u>	P0104060-02A-DUP						
				%Recovery	Ctl Limits	<u>RPD</u>	RPD Ctl Limits
	Chloride				- NA	0.00	0 - 20
	Nitrite				- NA	0.00	0 - 20
	Nitrate				- NA	0.00	0 - 20
	Sulfate				- NA	2.74	0 - 20
	P0104060-02A-MS						
				%Recovery	Ctl Limits		
	Chloride			111	75 - 125		
	Nitrite			96	75 - 125		
	Nitrate			102	75 - 125		
_	Sulfate			50	75 - 125		
	P0104060-02A-MSD				•		
				%Recovery	Ctl Limits	RPD	RPD Ctl Limits
_	Chloride			101	75 - 125	6.06	0 - 20
	Nitrite			97	75 - 125	1.04	0 - 20
	Nitrate			92	75 - 125	7.41	0 - 20
	Sulfate			50	75 - 125	0.00	0 - 20
				L	•		

Contact: Jeff Flauzenbaum Address: 2666 Riva Road

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Client Proj Name:

MD Sand & Gravel

Client project #:

48410.01

Prep Method: Mod. for Determination of Ferrous and Ferric Analysis Method: Mod. for Determination of Ferrous and Ferric

		Analysis memod. Mod. for Determination of Ferrous and Ferric					_
M010503051-MB							
	Result	RDL	%Recovery	Ctl Limits			
Ferrous Iron	< 1.0	1.0		- NA			
M010503051-LCS							
			%Recovery	Ctl Limits			_
Ferrous Iron			100	80 - 120			
P0104060-01A-DUP							
			%Recovery	Ctl Limits	RPD	RPD Ctl Limits	
Ferrous Iron				- NA	0.00	0 - 20	
P0104060-01A-MS							
			%Recovery	Ctl Limits			
Ferrous Iron			110	75 - 125			
P0104060-01A-MSD							-
			%Recovery	Ctl Limits	RPD	RPD Ctl Limits	
Ferrous Iron			110	75 - 125	0.00	0 - 20	
i onodo non					3.00		

Outlined Results indicate results outside of Control limits

Contact: Jeff Flauzenbaum Address: 2666 Riva Road Suite200

Annapolis, MD 21401

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Page: Lab Project #: Report Date:

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Client Proj Name:

MD Sand & Gravel

Client project #:

48410.01

Prep Method: Total Organic Carbon Analysis Method: Total Organic Carbon

			7,110,7010	mounda .o.a	organio ourbo	••	
	M010503059-MB						
		Result	RDL	%Recovery	Ctl Limits		
_	Total Organic Carbon	< 2.0	2.0		- NA		
	M010503059-LCS						
				%Recovery	Ctl Limits		
	Total Organic Carbon			108	80 - 120		
	P0104059-01A-DUP						
				%Recovery	Ctl Limits	RPD	RPD Ctl Limits
	Total Organic Carbon				- NA	0.00	0 - 20
_	P0104059-01A-MS						
				%Recovery	Ctl Limits		
	Total Organic Carbon			120	75 - 125		
	P0104059-01A-MSD						
				%Recovery	Ctl Limits	<u>RP</u> D	RPD Ctl Limits
	Total Organic Carbon			120	75 - 125	0.00	0 - 20

Contact: Jeff Flauzenbaum Address: 2666 Riva Road

Suite200

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Lab Project #: Report Date: P0104059 05/09/01

Client Proj Name:

MD Sand & Gravel

Client project #:

48410.01

Prep Method: Soluble Organic Carbon Analysis Method: Soluble Organic Carbon

		•		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		-
M010503061-MB						
	Result	RDL	%Recovery	Ctl Limits		
SolubleOrganic Carbon	< 2.0	2.0		- NA		_
M010503061-LCS						
			%Recovery	Ctl Limits		_
SolubleOrganic Carbon			106	80 - 120		
P0104059-01A-DUP						
			%Recovery	Ctl Limits	RPD	RPD Ctl Limits -
SolubleOrganic Carbon				- NA	18.18	0 - 20
P0104059-01A-MS						
			%Recovery	Ctl Limits		
SolubleOrganic Carbon			90	75 - 125		
P0104059-01A-MSD						
			%Recovery	Ctl Limits	RPD	RPD Ctl Limits
SolubleOrganic Carbon			90	75 - 125	0.00	0 - 20

Contact: Jeff Flauzenbaum Address: 2666 Riva Road

Suite200

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P0104059 05/09/01

Client Proj Name:

MD Sand & Gravel

Client project #: 48410,01

Annapolis, MD 21401

Case Narrative: CLIENT ADVISED BJH THAT THEY WILL SEND THEIR H2 VIALS FOR THIS PROJECT ALL AT ONCE. LOGGED IN REST OF PARAMETERS AS PER QUOTE.(CW 4-5-01) The TOC and SOC results have been reanalyzed and confirmed. See case narrative.



Contact: Jeff Flauzenbaum Address: 2666 Riva Road

Suite200

Annapolis, MD 21401

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Lab Project #: Report Date: P0104060 05/09/01

Client Proj Name:

MD Sand & Gravel

Client project #:

48410.01

Sample Identification

Lab Sample # Client Sample ID

P0104060-01 P0104060-02 SMW-12 SMW-18A

P0104060-03

SMW-19A

P0104060-03

SMW-07

Approved By:

Contact: Jeff Flauzenbaum Address: 2666 Riva Road Suite200

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Client Proj Name: Client project #:

MD Sand & Gravel

48410.01

Annapolis, MD 21401

Sample Description	<u>Matrix</u>		Sampled Date/Time	<u>Received</u>	
SMW-12	Water		04 Apr. 01 8:40	05 Apr. 01	
Analyte(s)	Result	PQL	Units	Method #	
WetChem					
Alkalinity as CaCO3	50	4	mg/L	310.1	
Chloride	14	1	mg/L	9056	
Ferrous Iron	10	1	mg/L	Mod7199	
Nitrate	< 0.10	0.10	mg/L	9056	
Nitrite	< 0.10	0.10	mg/L		
SolubleOrganic Carbon	<2	2	mg/L	9060	•
Sulfate	40	1	mg/L	9056	
Sulfide	< 2.0	2	mg/L	376.1	
Total Organic Carbon	< 2.0	2	mg/L	9060	
Metals					
Iron	14	0.050	mg/L	6010B	
Manganese-dissolved	0.20	0.010	mg/L		
	Analyte(s) WetChem Alkalinity as CaCO3 Chloride Ferrous Iron Nitrate Nitrite SolubleOrganic Carbon Sulfate Sulfide Total Organic Carbon Metals Iron	SMW-12 Water Analyte(s) Result WetChem 50 Alkalinity as CaCO3 50 Chloride 14 Ferrous Iron 10 Nitrate < 0.10 Nitrite < 0.10 SolubleOrganic Carbon <2 Sulfate 40 Sulfide < 2.0 Total Organic Carbon < 2.0 Metals Iron 14	SMW-12 Water Analyte(s) Result PQL WetChem	SMW-12 Water 04 Apr. 01 8:40 Analyte(s) Result PQL Units WetChem Alkalinity as CaCO3 50 4 mg/L Chloride 14 1 mg/L Ferrous Iron 10 1 mg/L Nitrate < 0.10	SMW-12 Water 04 Apr. 01 8:40 05 Apr. 01 Analyte(s) Result PQL Units Method # WetChem Alkalinity as CaCO3 50 4 mg/L 310.1 Chloride 14 1 mg/L 9056 Ferrous Iron 10 1 mg/L Mod7199 Nitrate < 0.10

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Client project #:

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Sample Description	<u>Matrix</u>		Sampled Date/Time	Received	
SMW-18A	Water		04 Apr. 01 11:00	05 Арг. 01	_
Analyte(s)	Result	PQL	Units	Method #	
WetChem					
Alkalinity as CaCO3	<4	4	mg/L	310.1	
Chloride	5.9	1	mg/L	9056	
Ferrous Iron	<1	1	mg/L	Mod7199	_
Nitrate	3.8	0.10	mg/L	9056	
Nitrite	< 0.10	0.10	mg/L		
SolubleOrganic Carbon	<2	2	mg/L	9060	_
Sulfate	36	1	mg/L	9056	
Sulfide	< 2.0	2	mg/L	376.1	_
Total Organic Carbon	< 2.0	2	mg/L	9060	
Metals					
íron	0.99	0.050	mg/L	6010B	_
Manganese-dissolved	0.12	0.010	mg/L		
RiskAnalysis					
Carbon dioxide	62	0.60	mg/L	AM15	_
Carbon monoxide	< 0.40	0.40	mg/L		
Ethane	170	5.0	ng/L	AM18	
Ethene	170	5.0	ng/L		
Methane	1.8	0.015	ug/L	•	
Nitrogen	21	0.40	mg/L	AM15	
Oxygen	9.4	0.15	mg/L		

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MD Sand & Gravel

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_	Sample Description	<u>Matrix</u>		Sampled Date/Time	Received
	SMW-19A	Water		04 Apr. 01 12:55	05 Apr. 01
	Analyte(s)	Result	PQL	Units	Method #
_	WetChem				
	Alkalinity as CaCO3	6.0	4	mg/L	310.1
	Chloride	20	1	mg/L	9056
	Ferrous Iron	1.6	1	mg/L	Mod7199
	Nitrate	< 0.10	0.10	mg/L	9056
_	Nitrite	< 0.10	0.10	mg/L	
	SolubleOrganic Carbon	< 2.0	2	mg/L	9060
	Sulfate	13	1	mg/L	9056
_	Sulfide	< 2.0	2	mg/L	376.1
	Total Organic Carbon	< 2.0	2	mg/L	9060
	Metals				
	Iron	6.5	0.050	mg/L	6010B
	Manganese-dissolved	0.11	0.010	mg/L	
	RiskAnalysis				
	Carbon dioxide	56	0.60	mg/L	AM15
	Carbon monoxide	< 0.40	0.40	mg/L	
_	Ethane	1800	5.0	ng/L	AM18
	Ethene	63000	5.0	ng/L	
	Methane	14	0.015	ug/L	
	Nitrogen	24	0.40	mg/L	AM15
	Oxygen	2.6	0.15	mg/L	

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Sample Description	Matrix		Sampled Date/Time	Received	
SMW-07	Water		04 Apr. 01 15:05	05 Apr. 01	
Analyte(s)	Result	PQL	Units	Method #	
NetChem					
Alkalinity as CaCO3	54	4	mg/L	310.1	
Chloride	40	1	mg/L	9056	
Ferrous Iron	88	1	mg/L	Mod7199	_
Nitrate	< 0.10	0.10	mg/L	9056	
Nitrite	< 0.10	0.10	mg/L		
SolubleOrganic Carbon	9.9	2	mg/L	9060	
Sulfate	< 1.0	1	mg/L	9056	
Sulfide	< 2.0	2	mg/L	376.1	*****
Total Organic Carbon	9.1	2	mg/L	9060	
Metals					
Iron	71	0.050	mg/L	6010B	~
Manganese-dissolved	0.16	0.010	mg/L		

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Prep Method: Analysis of C1-C4 Hydrocarbons in Water **Analysis Method:** Analysis of C1-C4 Hydrocarbons in Water

M010417017-MB

 Result
 RDL
 %Recovery
 Ctl Limits

 Ethene
 < 5.0</td>
 5.0
 - NA

 Ethane
 < 5.0</td>
 5.0
 - NA

M010417017-LCS

 Kethene
 %Recovery
 Ctl Limits

 Ethene
 99
 70 - 130

 Ethane
 100
 70 - 130

Outlined Results indicate results outside of Control limits

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Prep Method: Analysis of Dissolved Methane in Water **Analysis Method:** Analysis of Dissolved Methane in Water

M010417018-MB

Result RDL %Recovery Ctl Limits < 0.015 - NA

M010417018-LCS

%Recovery Ctl Limits 98 70 - 130

Methane

Methane

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Prep Method: Analysis of Dissolved Permanent Gases in Water **Analysis Method:** Analysis of Dissolved Permanent Gases in Water

M010417019-MB				
	Result	RDL	%Recovery	Ctl Limits
Carbon dioxide	< 0.60	0.60		- NA
Oxygen	< 0.15	0.15		- NA
Nitrogen	< 0.40	0.40		- NA
Carbon monoxide	< 0.40	0.40		- NA
M010417019-LCS				
			%Recovery	Ctl Limits
Carbon dioxide			94	70 - 130
Oxygen			99	70 - 130

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Prep Method: Acid Digestions of Aqueous samples and extracts for I

Analysis Method: Dissiolved TAL Metals by Inductively Coupled Plasma —

M010430031-MB							
	Result	RDL	%Recovery	Ctl Limits			
Manganese-dissolved	0.0001	0.010		- NA			
M010430031-LCS							
			%Recovery	Ctl Limits			
Manganese-dissolved			96	80 - 120			
P0104059-01A-DUP							
			%Recovery	Ctl Limits	RPD	RPD Ctl Limits	_
Manganese-dissolved				- NA	1.50	0 - 20	
P0104059-01A-MS							
			%Recovery	Cti Limits			
Manganese-dissolved			95	75 - 125			

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Prep Method: Acid Digestions of Aqueous samples and extracts for **Analysis Method:** Inductively Coupled Plasma-Atomic Emission Spectro

M010430032-MB						
	Result	RDL	%Recovery	Ctl Limits		
Iron	0.015	0.050		- NA		
M010430032-LCS						
			%Recovery	Ctl Limits		
Iron			106	80 - 120	-	
P0104059-01A-DUP						
			%Recovery	Ctl Limits	RPD	RPD Ctl Limits
Iron				- NA	20.41	0 - 20
P0104059-01A-MS						
			%Recovery	Ctl Limits		
Iron			98	75 - 125		

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Prep Method: **Alkalinity Titrametric** Analysis Method: Alkalinity Titrametric

M010502027-MB							
	Result	RDL	%Recovery	Ctl Limits			
Alkalinity as CaCO3 M010502027-LCS	0.1	4.0		- NA			_
			%Recovery	Ctl Limits			*****
Alkalinity as CaCO3			101	80 - 120			
P0104059-03A-DUP							
			%Recovery	Ctl Limits	RPD	RPD Ctl Limits	_
Alkalinity as CaCO3				- NA	0.00	0 - 20	
P0104059-03A-MS							
			%Recovery	Ctl Limits			_
Alkalinity as CaCO3			98	75 - 125			
P0104059-03A-MSD							_
			%Recovery	Ctl Limits	<u>RPD</u>	RPD Ctl Limits	
Alkalinity as CaCO3			96	75 - 125	2.02	0 - 20	

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_			•	lethod: Titrai Method: Titrai	metric lodine metric lodine		
	M010502032-MB						
		Result	RDL	%Recovery	Ctl Limits		
	Sulfide	< 2.0	2.0		- NA		
	M010502032-LCS						
				%Recovery	Ctl Limits		
	Sulfide			68	50 - 7 5		
	P0104060-01A-DUP						
				%Recovery	Ctl Limits	<u>RPD</u>	RPD Ctl Limits
	Sulfide				- NA	0.00	0 - 20
	P0104060-02A-MS						
				%Recovery	Ctl Limits		
	Sulfide			71	50 - 75		
	P0104060-02A-MSD						
				%Recovery	Ctl Limits	<u>RPD</u>	RPD Ctl Limits
	Sulfide			71	50 - 75	0.00	0 - 20

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Client Proj Name: MD Sand & Gravel

Outlined Results indicate results outside of Control limits

Client project #: 48410.01

Prep Method: Anions by ion chromatography **Analysis Method:** Anions by ion chromatography

		-		*	_ , .	
M010502034-MB						
	Result	RDL	%Recovery	Ctl Limits		
Chloride	< 1.0	1		- NA		
Nitrite	< 0.10	0.10000		- NA		
Nitrate	< 0.10	0.10000		- NA		
Sulfate	< 1.0	1		- NA		
M010502034-LCS						
			%Recovery	Ctl Limits		
Chloride			100	80 - 120		
Nitrite			98	80 - 120		
Nitrate			98	80 - 120		
Sulfate			96	80 - 120		
P0104060-02A-DUP						
			%Recovery	Ctl Limits	RPD	RPD Ctl Limits
Chloride				- NA	0.00	0 - 20
Nitrite				- NA	0.00	0 - 20
Nitrate				- NA	0.00	0 - 20
Sulfate				- NA	2.74	0 - 20
P0104060-02A-MS						
			%Recovery	Ctl Limits		
Chloride			111	75 - 125		
Nitrite			96	75 - 125		
Nitrate			102	75 - 125		
Sulfate			50	75 - 125		
P0104060-02A-MSD				4		
			%Recovery	Ctl Limits	RPD	RPD Ctl Limits
Chloride			101	75 - 125	6.06	0 - 20
Nitrite			97	75 - 125	1.04	0 - 20
Nitrate			92	75 - 125	7.41	0 - 20
Sulfate			50	75 - 125	0.00	0 - 20
				1		
			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	-		

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			•		od. for Determinat od. for Determinat		
	M010503051-MB						
		Result	RDL	%Recovery	Ctl Limits		
_	Ferrous Iron	< 1.0	1.0		- NA		
	M010503051-LCS						
_				%Recovery	Cti Limits		
	Ferrous Iron			100	80 - 120		
	P0104060-01A-DUP						
_				%Recovery	Ctl Limits	<u>RPD</u>	RPD Ctl Limits
	Ferrous Iron				- NA	0.00	0 - 20
	P0104060-01A-MS						
				%Recovery	Ctl Limits		
	Ferrous Iron			110	75 ~ 125		
-	P0104060-01A-MSD						
				%Recovery	<u>Ctl Limits</u>	<u>RPD</u>	RPD Ctl Limits
	Ferrous Iron			110	75 - 125	0.00	0 - 20

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Prep Method: **Total Organic Carbon** Analysis Method: Total Organic Carbon

		=		_			
M010503059-MB							
	Result	<u>RDL</u>	%Recovery	Ctl Limits			
Total Organic Carbon	< 2.0	2.0		- NA			_
M010503059-LCS							
	•		%Recovery	Ctl Limits			
Total Organic Carbon			108	80 - 120			
P0104059-01A-DUP							
			%Recovery	Ctl Limits	RPD	RPD Ctl Limits	_
Total Organic Carbon				- NA	0.00	0 - 20	
P0104059-01A-MS							_
			%Recovery	Ctl Limits			
Total Organic Carbon			120	75 - 125			
P0104059-01A-MSD							
			%Recovery	Ctl Limits	<u>RPD</u>	RPD Ctl Limits	
Total Organic Carbon			120	75 - 125	0.00	0 - 20	

SolubleOrganic Carbon

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90

75 - 125

0.00

0 - 20

MD Sand & Gravel

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			Prep Metho	d: So	oluble Organic Carbon		
			Analysis Meth	od: So	oluble Organic Carbon		
	M010503061-MB						
		Result	RDL %F	Recovery	y Ctl Limits		
_	SolubleOrganic Carbon	< 2.0	2.0		- NA		
	M010503061-LCS						
_			% F	Recovery	y Ctl Limits		
	SolubleOrganic Carbon			106	80 - 120		
	P0104059-01A-DUP						
_			% F	Recovery	y Ctl Limits	RPD	RPD Ctl Limits
	SolubleOrganic Carbon				- NA	18.18	0 - 20
_	P0104059-01A-MS						
			%F	Recovery	y Ctl Limits		
	SolubleOrganic Carbon			90	75 - 125		
_	P0104059-01A-MSD						
			<u>%</u> F	Recovery	y Ctl Limits	<u>RPD</u>	RPD Ctl Limits

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have been reanalyzed and confirmed. See attached case narrative.

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<u>Case Narrative:</u>CLIENT ADVISED BJH THAT THEY WILL SEND THEIR H2 VIALS FOR THIS PROJECT ALL AT ONCE. LOGGED IN REST OF PARAMETERS AS PER QUOTE.(CW 4-5-01) The TOC and SOC results



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Sample Identification

Lab Sample # Client Sample ID 20104088-01 SMW-2A

. 20104088-02

TMW-6

P0104088-03

TMW-5

Approved By: Rebecca J. Dans

Contact: Jeff Flauzenbaum

Address: 2666 Riva Road Suite200

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Sample Description	<u>Matrix</u>		Sampled Date/Time	Received	_
SMW-2A	Water		05 Apr. 01 8:55	06 Apr. 01	
Analyte(s)	Result	PQL	Units	Method#	
WetChem					
Alkalinity as CaCO3	< 4.0	4	mg/L	310.1	
Chloride	3.0	1	mg/L	9056	
Ferrous Iron	< 1.0	1	mg/L	Mod7199	
Nitrate	< 0.10	0.10	mg/L	9056	
Nitrite	< 0.10	0.10	mg/L		
SolubleOrganic Carbon	6.6	2	mg/L	9060	
Sulfate	11	1	mg/L	9056	
Sulfide	< 2.0	2	mg/L	376.1	
Total Organic Carbon	<2	2	mg/L	9060	
Metals			_		
Iron	0.56	0.050	mg/L	6010B	_
Manganese-dissolved	0.021	0.010	mg/L		

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Sample Description		<u>Matrix</u>		Sampled Date/Time	Received	
	TMW-6	Water		05 Apr. 01 13:30	06 Apr. 01	
	Analyte(s)	Result	PQL	Units	Method #	
-	WetChem					
	Alkalinity as CaCO3	140	4	mg/L	310.1	
	Chloride	27	1	mg/L	9056	
_	Ferrous Iron	72	1	mg/L	Mod7199	
	Nitrate	< 0.10	0.10	mg/L	9056	
	Nitrite	< 0.10	0.10	mg/L		
	SolubleOrganic Carbon	3.8	2	mg/L	9060	
	Sulfate	< 1.0	1	mg/L	9056	
	Sulfide	< 2.0	2	mg/L	376.1	
	Total Organic Carbon	4,2	2	` mg/L	9060	
	Metals					
	Iron	57	0.050	mg/L	6010B	
	Manganese-dissolved	0.24	0.010	mg/L		

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Sample Description	Matrix		Sampled Date/Time	Received	
ΓMW-5	Water		05 Apr. 01 15:15	06 Apr. 01	_
Analyte(s)	Result	PQL	Units	Method #	
VetChem					
Alkalinity as CaCO3	110	4	mg/L	310.1	
Chloride	37	1	mg/L	9056	
Ferrous Iron	88	1	mg/L	Mod7199	
Nitrate	< 0.10	0.10	mg/L	9056	
Nitrite	< 0.10	0.10	mg/L		
SolubleOrganic Carbon	30	2	mg/L	9060	
Sulfate	< 1.0	1	mg/L	9056	
Sulfide	< 2.0	2	mg/L	376.1	-
Total Organic Carbon	30	2	mg/L	9060	
Metals					
lron	74	0.050	mg/L	6010B	
Manganese-dissolved	0.34	0.010	mg/L		

M010430031-MB

Manganese-dissolved

Manganese-dissolved P0104059-01A-DUP

Manganese-dissolved P0104059-01A-MS

Manganese-dissolved

M010430031-LCS

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Result

0.0001

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Client Proj Name:

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MD Sand & Gravel

Client project #:

48410.01

Prep Method: Analysis Method:		Acid Digestions of Aqueous samples and extracts for Disslolved TAL Metals by Inductively Coupled Plasm				
<u>RDL</u> 0.010	%Reco	уегу	Ctl Limits - NA			
	<u>%Reco</u> 96		<u>Ctl Limits</u> 80 - 120			
	<u>%Reco</u>	very	<u>Ctl Limits</u> - NA	<u>RPD</u> 1.50	RPD Ctl Limits 0 - 20	
	%Reco	very	Ctl Limits			

75 - 125

M010430032-MB

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Client Proj Name:

MD Sand & Gravel

Client project #:

48410.01

Prep Method: Acid Digestions of Aqueous samples and extracts for t

Analysis Method: Inductively Coupled Plasma-Atomic Emission Spectro. —

	Result	RDL	%Recovery	Ctl Limits			
			MITOCOLOGI				_
Iron	0.015	0.050		- NA			
M010430032-LCS							
			%Recovery	Ctl Limits			_
Iron			106	80 - 120			
P0104059-01A-DUP							
			%Recovery	Ctl Limits	RPD	RPD Ctl Limits	-
Iron				- NA	20.41	0 - 20	
P0104059-01A-MS							
			%Recovery	Ctl Limits			
Iron			98	75 - 125			

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Client Proj Name: Client project #:

MD Sand & Gravel

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	Prep Method:	Alkalinity Titrametric
	Analysis Method:	Alkalinity Titrametric
M010502031-MB		

			Allulysis	motiou. And	andy madine		
	M010502031-MB						
		Result	RDL	%Recovery	Ctl Limits		
	Alkalinity as CaCO3	< 4.0	4.0		- NA		
	M010502031-LCS						
_				%Recovery	Ctl Limits		
	Alkalinity as CaCO3			114	80 - 120		
	P0104088-01A-DUP						
_				%Recovery	Ctl Limits	<u>RPD</u>	RPD Ctl Limits
	Alkalinity as CaCO3				- NA	0.00	0 - 20
	P0104089-01A-DUP						
_				%Recovery	Ctl Limits	<u>RPD</u>	RPD Ctl Limits
	Alkalinity as CaCO3				- NA	28.57	0 - 20
_	P0104114-03A-DUP						
				%Recovery	Ctl Limits	<u>RPD</u>	RPD Ctl Limits
	Alkalinity as CaCO3				- NA	0.00	0 - 20
	P0104088-02A-MS						
				%Recovery	Ctl Limits		
	Alkalinity as CaCO3			50	75 - 125		
	P0104089-01A-MS						
				%Recovery	Ctl Limits		
_	Alkalinity as CaCO3			90	75 - 125		
	P0104114-04A-MS						
				%Recovery	Ctl Limits		
_	Alkalinity as CaCO3			48	75 - 125		
	P0104088-02A-MSD						
_	10101000 0001111100			%Recovery	Ctl Limits	RPD	RPD Ctl Limits
	Alkalinity as CaCO3			40	75 - 125	5.41	0 - 20
	P0104114-04A-MSD				1	2	
_	1 4 14 1 14 447 1100			%Recovery	Ctl Limits	RPD	RPD Ctl Limits
	Alkalinity as CaCO3			46	75 - 125	2.82	0 - 20
	rinallity as CaCCS			L	, 20	2.02	0 2 0
					Outlined Result	ts indicate results outs	ide of Control limits

Contact: Jeff Flauzenbaum Address: 2666 Riva Road

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05/09/01

Client Proj Name:

MD Sand & Gravel

Client project #:

48410.01

Prep Method: Titrametric lodine Analysis Method: Titrametric lodine

M010502033-MB							
	Result	RDL	%Recovery	Ctl Limits			
Sulfide	< 2.0	2.0		- NA			
M010502033-LCS							
			%Recovery	Ctl Limits			_
Sulfide			71	50 - 75			
P0104088-01A-DUP							
			%Recovery	Ctl Limits	RPD	RPD Ctl Limits	_
Sulfide				- NA	0.00	0 - 20	
P0104088-01A-MS							_
			%Recovery	Ctl Limits			
Sulfide			74	50 - 75			

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Client Proj Name:

MD Sand & Gravel

Client project #: 48410.01

Prep Method: Anions by ion chromatography elizate Methods Asiana by ion observatography

_	Analysis Method: Anions by ion chromatography						
	M010502034-MB						
		Result	ROL	%Recovery	Ctl Limits		
******	Chloride	< 1.0	1		- NA		
	Nitrite	< 0.10	0.10000		~ NA		
_	Nitrate	< 0.10	0.10000		- NA		
	Sulfate	< 1.0	1		- NA		
	M010502034-LCS						
_				%Recovery	Ctl Limits		
	Chloride			100	80 - 120		
-	Nitrite			98	80 - 120		
	Nitrate			98	80 - 120		
	Sulfate			96	80 - 120		
	P0104060-02A-DUP						
				%Recovery	Ctl Limits	RPD	RPD Ctl Limits
	Chloride				- NA	0.00	0 - 20
	Nitrite				- NA	0.00	0 - 20
	Nitrate				- NA	0.00	0 - 20
	Sulfate				- NA	2.74	0 - 20
	P0104060-02A-MS						
				%Recovery	Ctl Limits		
	Chloride			111	75 - 125		
	Nitrite			96	75 - 125		
	Nitrate			102	75 - 125		
-	Sulfate			50	75 - 125		
	P0104060-02A-MSD						
				%Recovery	Ctl Limits	RPD	RPD Ctl Limits
	Chloride			101	75 - 125	6.06	0 - 20
	Nitrite			97	75 - 125	1.04	0 - 20
	Nitrate			92	75 - 125	7.41	0 - 20
	Sulfate			50	75 - 125	0.00	0 - 20

Outlined Results indicate results outside of Control limits

Contact: Jeff Flauzenbaum Address: 2666 Riva Road

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Lab Project #: Report Date: P0104088 05/09/01

Client Proj Name:

MD Sand & Gravel

Client project #:

48410.01

Prep Method: Mod. for Determination of Ferrous and Ferric **Analysis Method:** Mod. for Determination of Ferrous and Ferric

M010503051-MB		,					
	Result	RDL	%Recovery	Ctl Limits			
Ferrous Iron	< 1.0	1.0		- NA			,
M010503051-LCS							
			%Recovery	Ctl Limits			_
Ferrous Iron			100	80 - 120			
P0104060-01A-DUP							
			%Recovery	Ctl Limits	RPD	RPD Ctl Limits	-
Ferrous Iron				- NA	0.00	0 - 20	
P0104060-01A-MS							
			%Recovery	Ctl Limits			
Ferrous Iron			110	75 - 125			
P0104060-01A-MSD							
			%Recovery	Cti Limits	RPD	RPD Ctl Limits	
Ferrous Iron			110	75 - 125	0.00	0 - 20	

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Client Proj Name:

MD Sand & Gravel

Client project #:

48410.01

Prep Method: Total Organic Carbon Analysis Method: Total Organic Carbon

			Alidiyələ	wethou. Tota	i Organic Carbon		
	M010503059-MB						
_		<u>Result</u>	<u>RDL</u>	%Recovery	Ctl Limits		
	Total Organic Carbon	< 2.0	2.0		- NA		
	M010503059-LCS						
_				%Recovery	Ctl Limits		
	Total Organic Carbon			108	80 - 120		
	P0104059-01A-DUP						
_				%Recovery	Ctl Limits	<u>RPD</u>	RPD Ctl Limits
	Total Organic Carbon				- NA	0.00	0 - 20
_	P0104059-01A-MS						
				%Recovery	Ctl Limits		
	Total Organic Carbon			120	75 - 125		
_	P0104059-01A-MSD						
				%Recovery	Ctl Limits	RPD	RPD Ctl Limits
	Total Organic Carbon			120	75 - 125	0.00	0 - 20

Outlined Results indicate results outside of Control limits

Contact: Jeff Flauzenbaum Address: 2666 Riva Road

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Client Proj Name: MD Sand & Gravel

Client project #: 48410.01

Prep Method: Soluble Organic Carbon Analysis Method: Soluble Organic Carbon

M010503061-MB						
	Result	RDL	%Recovery	<u>Çtl Limits</u>		
SolubleOrganic Carbon	< 2.0	2.0		- NA		- -
M010503061-LCS						
			%Recovery	Ctl Limits		 -
SolubleOrganic Carbon			106	80 - 120		
P0104059-01A-DUP						
			%Recovery	Ctl Limits	RPD	RPD Ctl Limits
SolubleOrganic Carbon				- NA	18.18	0 - 20
P0104059-01A-MS						
			%Recovery	Ctl Limits		
SolubleOrganic Carbon			90	75 - 125		
P0104059-01A-MSD						
			%Recovery	Ctl Limits	RPD	RPD Ctl Limits
SolubleOrganic Carbon			90	75 - 125	0.00	0 - 20

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48410.01

Annapolis, MD 21401

<u>Case Narrative:</u>CLIENT ADVISED BJH THAT THEY WILL SEND THEIR H2 VIALS FOR THIS PROJECT ALL AT ONCE. LOGGED IN REST OF PARAMETERS AS PER QUOTE.(CW 4-6-01) The TOC and SOC results have been reanalyzed and confirmed. See attached case narrative.



Contact: Jeff Flauzenbaum Address: 2666 Riva Road

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Rebuca J. Hans

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Client Proj Name:

MD Sand & Gravel

Client project #:

48410.01

Sample Identification

<u>ab Sample # Client Sample ID</u>

20104089-01 SI

SMW-13

Approved By:

Contact: Jeff Flauzenbaum Address: 2666 Riva Road Suite200

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Client Proj Name: Client project #:

MD Sand & Gravel

48410.01

Annapolis, MD 21401

Lab Sample #: P0104089-01

_	Sample Description	<u>Matrix</u>		Sampled Date/Time	Received
	SMW-13	Water		05 Apr. 01 0:00	06 Apr. 01
	Analyte(s)	Result	PQL	Units	Method #
	WetChem	·			
	Alkalinity as CaCO3	6.0	4	mg/L	310.1
	Chloride	3.5	1	mg/L	9056
_	Ferrous Iron	< 1.0	1	mg/L	Mod7199
	Nitrate	0.50	0.10	mg/L	9056
	Nitrite	< 0.10	0.10	mg/L	
	SolubleOrganic Carbon	7.6	2	mg/L	9060
	Sulfate	25	1	mg/L	9056
_	Sulfide	< 2.0	2	mg/L	376.1
	Total Organic Carbon	< 2.0	2	mg/L	9060
	Metals				
_	Iron	<0.050	0.050	mg/L	6010B
	Manganese-dissolved	0.10	0.010	mg/L	
	RiskAnalysis				
	Carbon dioxide	28	0.60	mg/L	AM15
	Carbon monoxide	< 0.40	0.40	mg/L	
	Ethane	110	5.0	ng/L	AM18
	Ethene	92	5.0	ng/L	
	Methane	0.11	0.015	ug/L	
	Nitrogen	19	0.40	mg/L	AM15
	Oxygen	11	0.15	mg/L	

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Client Proj Name:

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Prep Method: Analysis of C1-C4 Hydrocarbons in Water Analysis Method: Analysis of C1-C4 Hydrocarbons in Water

M010418002-MB

	Result	<u>RDL</u>	%Recovery	Ctl Limits
Ethene	< 5.0	5.0		- NA
Ethane	< 5.0	5.0		- NA
M010418002-LCS				
			%Recovery	Cti Limits
Ethene			98	70 - 130
Ethane			98	70 - 130

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Lab Project #: Report Date:

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Client Proj Name:

MD Sand & Gravel

Client project #: 48410.01

Prep Method:

Analysis of Dissolved Methane in Water

Analysis Method: Analysis of Dissolved Methane in Water

M010418003-MB

Methane

Result **RDL** %Recovery < 0.015

0.015

Ctl Limits - NA

M010418003-LCS

Ctl Limits %Recovery Methane 98 70 - 130

P0104064-02A-MS

%Recovery **Ctl Limits** 91 70 - 130 Methane

P0104064-02A-MSD

RPD Ctl Limits RPD %Recovery Ctl Limits 1.55 0 - 20 92 70 - 130Methane

Outlined Results indicate results outside of Control limits

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Lab Project #: P0104089 Report Date: 05/09/01

Client Proj Name:

MD Sand & Gravel

Client project #: 48410.01

Prep Method: Analysis of Dissolved Permanent Gases in Water Analysis Mathady Analysis of Dissalysed Dannesses Co

	Analysis Method: Analysis of Dissolved Permanent Gases in Water								
M010418004-MB									
	Result	RDL	%Recovery	Ctl Limits					
Carbon dioxide	< 0.60	0.60		- NA		_			
Oxygen	< 0.15	0.15		- NA					
Nitrogen	< 0.40	0.40		- NA					
Carbon monoxide	< 0.40	0.40		- NA					
M010418004-LCS									
			%Recovery	Ctl Limits					
Carbon dioxide			89	70 - 130					
Oxygen			91	70 - 130					
P0104064-02A-MS						•			
			%Recovery	Ctl Limits					
Carbon dioxide			0	70 - 130					
Oxygen			55	70 - 130					
P0104064-02A-MSD									
			%Recovery	Ctl Limits	<u>RPD</u>	RPD Ctl Limits			
Carbon dioxide			0	70 - 130	0.00	0 - 20			
Oxygen			55	70 - 130	0.00	0 - 20			

Outlined Results indicate results outside of Control limits

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Client Proj Name:

MD Sand & Gravel

Client project #: 48410.01

Prep Method: Acid Digestions of Aqueous samples and extracts for t nalvele Method: Dissolved TAI. Metals by Inductively Coupled Plasma

_			Analysis	Method: Diss	lolved TAL Meta	is by inductive	ely Coupled Plasma
	M010430033-MB						
		Result	RDL.	%Recovery	Ctl Limits		
	Manganese-dissolved	< 0.010	0.010		- NA		
	M010430033-LCS						
_				%Recovery	Ctl Limits		
	Manganese-dissolved			96	80 - 120		
	P0104114-03A-DUP						
_				%Recovery	Ctl Limits	RPD	RPD Ctl Limits
	Manganese-dissolved				- NA	6.45	0 - 20
_	P0104114-04A-MS						
				%Recovery	Ctl Limits		
	Manganese-dissolved			96	75 - 125		

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Client Proj Name:

MD Sand & Gravel

Client project #:

48410.01

Prep Method: Acid Digestions of Aqueous samples and extracts for t

Analysis Method: Inductively Coupled Plasma-Atomic Emission Spectro: —

M010430034-MB							
	Result	RDL	%Recovery	Ctl Limits			
Iron	0.018	0.050		- NA			
M010430034-LCS							
			%Recovery	Ctl Limits			
Iron			104	80 - 120			
P0104114-03A-DUP							
			%Recovery	Ctl Limits	<u>RPD</u>	RPD Ctl Limits	-
Iron				- NA	10.00	0 - 20	
P0104114-04A-MS							
			%Recovery	Ctl Limits			
Iron			-200	75 - 125			

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			-	lethod: Alkal Method: Alkal	inity Titrametr inity Titrametr		
	M010502031-MB						
		Result	RDL	%Recovery	Ctl Limits		
	Alkalinity as CaCO3	< 4.0	4.0		- NA		
	M010502031-LCS						
				%Recovery	Ctl Limits		
	Alkalinity as CaCO3			114	80 - 120		
	P0104088-01A-DUP						
_				%Recovery	Ctl Limits	<u>RPD</u>	RPD Ctl Limits
	Alkalinity as CaCO3				- NA	0.00	0 - 20
_	P0104089-01A-DUP						
				%Recovery	Ctl Limits	RPD	RPD Ctl Limits
	Alkalinity as CaCO3				- NA	28.57	0 - 20
_	P0104114-03A-DUP						
				%Recovery	Ctl Limits	RPD	RPD Ctl Limits
	Alkalinity as CaCO3				- NA	0.00	0 - 20
	P0104088-02A-MS						
				%Recovery	Ctl Limits		
_	Alkalinity as CaCO3			50	75 - 125		
	P0104089-01A-MS						
				%Recovery	Ctl Limits		
_	Alkalinity as CaCO3			90	75 - 125		
	P0104114-04A-MS						
				%Recovery	Ctl Limits		
	Alkalinity as CaCO3			48	75 - 125		
	P0104088-02A-MSD						
				%Recovery	Ctl Limits	<u>RPD</u>	RPD Ctl Limits
	Alkalinity as CaCO3			40	75 - 125	5.41	0 - 20
	P0104114-04A-MSD						
				%Recovery	Ctl Limits	RPD	RPD Ctl Limits
	Alkalinity as CaCO3			46	75 - 125	2.82	0 - 20
					la		
					Outlined Results	indicate results out	side of Control limits

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Client Proj Name:

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MD Sand & Gravel

48410.01

Prep Method: Titrametric lodine Analysis Method: Titrametric lodine

M010502033-MB							
	Result	RDL	%Recovery	Ctl Limits			_
Sulfide	< 2.0	2.0		- NA			
M010502033-LCS							
			%Recovery	Cti Limits			_
Sulfide			71	50 - 75			
P0104088-01A-DUP							
			%Recovery	Ctl Limits	RPD	RPD Ctl Limits	_
Sulfide				- NA	0.00	0 - 20	
P0104088-01A-MS							_
			%Recovery	Ctl Limits			
Sulfide			74	50 - 75			

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Report Date:

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Client Proj Name:

MD Sand & Gravel

Outlined Results indicate results outside of Control limits

Client project #: 48410.01

Anions by ion chromatography Prep Method: Analysis Method: Anions by ion chromatography

			Allalysis	Method. Allio	is by for circuit	atograpity	
	M010502034-MB						
-		Result	RDL	%Recovery	Ctl Limits		
	Chloride	< 1.0	1		- NA		
	Nitrite	< 0.10	0.10000		- NA		
_	Nitrate	< 0.10	0.10000		- NA		
	Sulfate	< 1.0	1		- NA		
	M010502034-LCS						
_				%Recovery	Ctl Limits		
	Chioride			100	80 - 120		
_	Nitrite			98	80 - 120		
	Nitrate			98	80 - 120		
	Sulfate			96	80 - 120		
	P0104060-02A-DUP						
				%Recovery	Ctl Limits	RPD	RPD Ctl Limits
	Chloride				- NA	0.00	0 - 20
_	Nitrite				- NA	0.00	0 - 20
	Nitrate				- NA	0.00	0 - 20
_	Sulfate				- NA	2.74	0 - 20
	P0104060-02A-MS						
				%Recovery	Ctl Limits		
	Chloride			111	75 - 125		
	Nitrite			96	75 - 125		
	Nitrate			102	75 - 125		
	Sulfate			50	75 - 125		
	P0104060-02A-MSD						
				%Recovery	Ctl Limits	<u>RPD</u>	RPD Ctl Limits
	Chloride			101	75 - 125	6.06	0 - 20
	Nitrite			97	75 - 125	1.04	0 - 20
	Nitrate			92	75 - 125	7.41	0 - 20
	Sulfate			50	75 - 125	0.00	0 - 20
	····				_		

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Client Proj Name: MD Sand & Gravel

Client project #: 48410.01

Mod. for Determination of Ferrous and Ferric Prep Method: Analysis Method: Mod. for Determination of Ferrous and Ferric

M010503051-MB						
	Result	RDL	%Recovery	Ctl Limits		-
Ferrous Iron	< 1.0	1.0		- NA		
M010503051-LCS						
			%Recovery	Ctl Limits		****
Ferrous Iron			100	80 - 120		
P0104060-01A-DUP						
			%Recovery	Ctl Limits	RPD	RPD Ctl Limits
Ferrous Iron				- NA	0.00	0 - 20
P0104060-01A-MS						_
			%Recovery	Cti Limits		
Ferrous Iron			110	75 - 125		
P0104060-01A-MSD						
			%Recovery	Ctl Limits	<u>RPD</u>	RPD Ctl Limits
Ferrous Iron			110	75 - 125	0.00	0 - 20

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Page: Lab Project #: Report Date:

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Client Proj Name: Client project #:

MD Sand & Gravel

48410.01

Prep Method: Total Organic Carbon Analysis Method: Total Organic Carbon

		Pildikala	metriou. Tota	i Organic Carboi	L	
M010503059-MB						
	Result	RDL	%Recovery	Ctl Limits		
Total Organic Carbon	< 2.0	2.0		- NA		
M010503059-LCS						
			%Recovery	Ctl Limits		
Total Organic Carbon			108	80 - 120		
P0104059-01A-DUP						
			%Recovery	Ctl Limits	RPD	RPD Ctl Limits
Total Organic Carbon				- NA	0.00	0 - 20
P0104059-01A-MS						
			%Recovery	Ctl Limits		
Total Organic Carbon			120	75 - 125		
P0104059-01A-MSD						
			%Recovery	Ctl Limits	RPD	RPD Ctl Limits
Total Organic Carbon			120	75 - 125	0.00	0 - 20
	Total Organic Carbon M010503059-LCS Total Organic Carbon P0104059-01A-DUP Total Organic Carbon P0104059-01A-MS Total Organic Carbon P0104059-01A-MSD	Total Organic Carbon M010503059-LCS Total Organic Carbon P0104059-01A-DUP Total Organic Carbon P0104059-01A-MS Total Organic Carbon P0104059-01A-MSD	M010503059-MB Result RDL Total Organic Carbon < 2.0 2.0 M010503059-LCS Total Organic Carbon P0104059-01A-DUP Total Organic Carbon P0104059-01A-MS Total Organic Carbon P0104059-01A-MSD	M010503059-MB Result RDL %Recovery Total Organic Carbon < 2.0 2.0 M010503059-LCS **Recovery** Total Organic Carbon 108 P0104059-01A-DUP **Total Organic Carbon P0104059-01A-MS Total Organic Carbon 120 P0104059-01A-MSD	Result RDL %Recovery Ctl Limits	Result RDL %Recovery Ctl Limits

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Lab Project #: Report Date: P0104089 05/09/01

Client Proj Name:

MD Sand & Gravel

Client project #:

48410.01

Prep Method: Soluble Organic Carbon Analysis Method: Soluble Organic Carbon

M010503061-MB						
	Result	RDL	%Recovery	Ctl Limits		
SolubleOrganic Carbon	< 2.0	2.0		- NA		
M010503061-LCS						
			%Recovery	Ctl Limits		
SolubleOrganic Carbon			106	80 - 120		
P0104059-01A-DUP						
			%Recovery	Ctl Limits	<u>RPD</u>	RPD Ctl Limits
SolubleOrganic Carbon				- NA	18.18	0 - 20
P0104059-01A-MS						
			%Recovery	Ctl Limits		
SolubleOrganic Carbon			90	75 - 125		
P0104059-01A-MSD						
			%Recovery	Ctl Limits	<u>RPD</u>	RPD Ctl Limits
SolubleOrganic Carbon			90	75 - 125	0.00	0 - 20

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Client Proj Name:

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<u>Case Narrative:</u>The TOC and SOC results have been reanalyzed and confirmed. See attached case narrative.



Contact: Jeff Flauzenbaum Address: 2666 Riva Road

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Lab Project #:

P0104114 05/09/01

Report Date: Client Proj Name:

MD Sand & Gravel

Client project #:

48410.01

Sample Identification

Lab Sample # Client Sample ID

P0104114-01 TMW-1
P0104114-02 TMW-2
P0104114-03 TMW-3
P0104114-04 TMW-4
P0104114-05 SMW-14

Approved By:

Contact: Jeff Flauzenbaum Address: 2666 Riva Road Suite200

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Client Proj Name:

MD Sand & Gravel

Client project #:

48410.01

Annapolis, MD 21401

	Sample Description	<u>Matrix</u>		Sampled Date/Time	Received	
	TMW-1	Water		06 Apr. 01 10:25	09 Apr. 01	
	Analyte(s)	Result	PQL	Units	Method #	
_	WetChem			· · · · ·		
	Chloride	58	1.0	mg/L	9056	
	Nitrate	8.3	0.10	mg/L		
_	Nitrite	0.73	0.10	mg/L		
	Sulfate	4.7	1.0	mg/L		
_	RiskAnalysis					
	Carbon dioxide	47	0.60	mg/L	AM15	
	Carbon monoxide	< 0.40	0.40	mg/L		
	Ethane	11000	5.0	ng/L	AM18	
	Ethene	6000	5.0	ng/L		
	Methane	8.2	0.015	ug/L		
	Nitrogen	17	0.40	mg/L	AM15	
	Oxygen	4.0	0.15	mg/L		

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MD Sand & Gravel

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48410.01

Sample Description FMW-2	<u>Matrix</u> Water		Sampled Date/Time 06 Apr. 01 12:35	Received 09 Apr. 01	-
Analyte(s)	Result	PQL	Units	Method #	
VetChem					
Chloride	43	1	mg/L	9056	
Nitrate	8.4	0.10	mg/L		
Nitrite	< 0.10	0.10	mg/L		_
Sulfate	1.7	1	mg/L		
RiskAnalysis			_		
Carbon dioxide	62	0.60	mg/L	AM15	_
Carbon monoxide	< 0.40	0.40	mg/L		
Ethane	1400	5.0	ng/L	AM18	 -
Ethene	800	5.0	ng/L		
Methane	2.1	0.015	ug/L		
Nitrogen	18	0.40	mg/L	AM15	
Oxygen	7.5	0.15	mg/L		

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MD Sand & Gravel

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	Sample Description	Matrix		Sampled Date/Time	Received
	TMW-3	Water		06 Apr. 01 14:20	09 Apr. 01
	Analyte(s)	Result	PQL	Units	Method #
_	WetChem				
	Alkalinity as CaCO3	<4	4	mg/L	310.1
	Chloride	4.1	1	mg/L	9056
	Ferrous Iron	<1	1	mg/L	Mod7199
	Nitrate	1.4	0.10	mg/L	9056
_	Nitrite	< 0.10	0.10	mg/L	
	SolubleOrganic Carbon	< 2.0	2	mg/L	9060
	Sulfate	12	1	mg/L	9056
	Sulfide	< 2.0	2	mg/L	376.1
	Total Organic Carbon	< 2.0	2	mg/L	9060
	Metals				
-	Iron	0.19	0.050	mg/L	6010B
	Manganese-dissolved	0.15	0.010	mg/L	
	RiskAnalysis				
	Carbon dioxide	120	0.60	mg/L	AM15
	Carbon monoxide	< 0.40	0.40	mg/L	
	Ethane	210	5.0	ng/L	AM18
	Ethene	130	5.0	ng/L	
	Methane	8.8	0.015	ug/L	
-	Nitrogen	20	0.40	mg/L	AM15
	Oxygen	7.5	0.15	mg/L	

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Sample Description	<u>Matrix</u>		Sampled Date/Time	Received	
TMW-4	Water		06 Арг. 01 16:45	09 Apr. 01	
Analyte(s)	Result	PQL.	Units	Method #	
NetChem					
Alkalinity as CaCO3	24	4	mg/L	310.1	
Chloride	16	1	mg/L	9056	
Ferrous Iron	25	1	mg/L	Mod7199	
Nitrate	0.24	0.10	mg/L	9056	
Nitrite	< 0.10	0.10	mg/L		_
SolubleOrganic Carbon	< 2.0	2	mg/L	9060	
Sulfate	16	1	mg/L	9056	
Sulfide	< 2.0	2	mg/L	376.1	_
Total Organic Carbon	< 2.0	2	mg/L	9060	
Metals					
Iron	28	0.050	mg/L	6010B	_
Manganese-dissolved	0.10	0.010	mg/L		

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_	Sample Description	Matrix		Sampled Date/Time	Received	
	SMW-14	Water	<u> </u>	06 Apr. 01 18:00	09 Apr. 01	
	Analyte(s)	Result	PQL	Units	Method #	
_	WetChem					
	Alkalinity as CaCO3	12	4	mg/L	310.1	
	Chloride	5.6	1	mg/L	9056	
	Ferrous Iron	< 1.0	1	mg/L	Mod7199	
	Nitrate	0.42	0.10000	mg/L	9056	
_	Nitrite	< 0.10	0.10000	mg/L		
	SolubleOrganic Carbon	6.2	2	mg/L	9060	
	Sulfate	8.1	1	mg/L	9056	
_	Sulfide	< 2.0	2	mg/L	376.1	
	Total Organic Carbon	< 2.0	2	mg/L	9060	
	Metals					
_	Iron	0.074	0.05000	mg/L	6010B	
	Manganese-dissolved	0.031	0.01000	mg/L		

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Prep Method: Anions by ion chromatography Analysis Method: Anions by ion chromatography

M010412033-MB

	Result	RDL	%Recovery	Ctl Limits
Chloride	< 1.0	1.0		- NA
Nitrite	< 0.10	0.10		- NA
Nitrate	< 0.10	0.10		- NA
Sulfate	< 1.0	1.0		- NA
M010412033-LCS				
			%Recovery	Ctl Limits

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Client Proj Name:

MD Sand & Gravel

Client project #: 48410.01

Prep Method:

Analysis of C1-C4 Hydrocarbons in Water

Analysis Method: Analysis of C1-C4 Hydrocarbons in Water

M010419001-MB

	Result	RDL	<u>%Recovery</u>	Ctl Limits
Ethene	< 5.0	5.0		- NA
Ethane	< 5.0	5.0		- NA

M010419001-LCS

	%Recovery	Ctl Limits
Ethene	98	70 - 130
Ethane	98	70 - 130

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Prep Method:

Analysis of Dissolved Methane in Water

Analysis Method: Analysis of Dissolved Methane in Water

M010419002-MB

Methane

Methane

Result < 0.015

RDL 0.015 %Recovery

Ctl Limits - NA

M010419002-LCS

Cti Limits

%Recovery 97

70 - 130

Outlined Results indicate results outside of Control limits

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Client Proj Name: Client project #: MD Sand & Gravel

oject #: 48410.01

Prep Method: Analysis of Dissolved Permanent Gases in Water **Analysis Method:** Analysis of Dissolved Permanent Gases in Water

_			•		
	M010419003-MB				
		Result	RDL	%Recovery	Ctl Limits
_	Carbon dioxide	< 0.60	0.60		- NA
	Oxygen	< 0.15	0.15		- NA
	Nitrogen	< 0.40	0.40		- NA
_	Carbon monoxide	< 0.40	0.40		- NA
	M010419003-LCS				
-				%Recovery	Ctl Limits
	Carbon dioxide			94	70 - 130
	Oxygen			95	70 - 130

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Acid Digestions of Aqueous samples and extracts for Prep Method: Analysis Method: Dissloived TAL Metals by Inductively Coupled Plasma --

M010430033-MB							
	<u>Result</u>	RDL	%Recovery	Ctl Limits			
Manganese-dissolved	< 0.010	0.010		- NA			_
M010430033-LCS							
			%Recovery	Cti Limits			
Manganese-dissolved			96	80 - 120			
P0104114-03A-DUP							
			%Recovery	Ctl Limits	RPD	RPD Ctl Limits	
Manganese-dissolved				- NA	6.45	0 - 20	
P0104114-04A-MS							
			%Recovery	Ctl Limits			
Manganese-dissolved			96	75 - 125			

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Prep Method: Acid Digestions of Aqueous samples and extracts for the Analysis Method: Inductively Coupled Plasma-Atomic Emission Spectro

		Analysis	Method: Indu	ctively Coupled	Plasma-Atom	ic Emission Spectro
M010430034-MB						
	Result	RDL	%Recovery	Ctl Limits		
Iron	0.018	0.050		- NA		
M010430034-LCS						
			%Recovery	Ctl Limits		
Iron			104	80 - 120		
P0104114-03A-DUP						
			%Recovery	Ctl Limits	RPD	RPD Ctl Limits
Iron				- NA	10.00	0 - 20
P0104114-04A-MS						
			%Recovery	Ctl Limits		
Iron			-200	75 - 125		

Outlined Results indicate results outside of Control limits

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Outlined Results indicate results outside of Control limits

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Prep Method: Alkalinity Titrametric

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Analysis Method: Alkalinity Titrametric							
M010502031-MB							
	Result	RDL	%Recovery	Ctl Limits			
Alkalinity as CaCO3	< 4.0	4.0		- NA		-	
M010502031-LCS							
			%Recovery	Ctl Limits		~	
Alkalinity as CaCO3			114	80 - 120			
P0104088-01A-DUP							
			%Recovery	Ctl Limits	RPD	RPD Ctl Limits	
Alkalinity as CaCO3				- NA	0.00	0 - 20	
P0104089-01A-DUP						_	
			%Recovery	Ctl Limits	RPD	RPD Ctl Limits	
Alkalinity as CaCO3				- NA	28.57	0 - 20	
P0104114-03A-DUP							
			%Recovery	Ctl Limits	<u>RPD</u>	RPD Ctl Limits	
Alkalinity as CaCO3				- NA	0.00	0 - 20	
P0104088-02A-MS						٠.	
			%Recovery	Ctl Limits			
Alkalinity as CaCO3			50	75 - 125		_	
P0104089-01A-MS							
			%Recovery	Ctl Limits			
Alkalinity as CaCO3			90	75 - 125			
P0104114-04A-MS							
			%Recovery	Ctl Limits			
Alkalinity as CaCO3			48	75 - 125			
P0104088-02A-MSD							
			%Recovery	Ctl Limits	RPD	RPD Ctl Limits	
Alkalinity as CaCO3			40	75 - 125	5.41	0 - 20	
P0104114-04A-MSD							
			%Recovery	Ctl Limits	RPD	RPD Ctl Limits	
Alkalinity as CaCO3			46	75 - 125	2.82	0 - 20	

Sulfide

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MD Sand & Grave!

Client project #:

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			Prep N	Method: Titras	metric lodine		
-			Analysis	Method: Titrar	metric lodine		
	M010502033-MB						
		<u>Result</u>	RDL	%Recovery	Ctl Limits		
	Sulfide	< 2.0	2.0		- NA		
	M010502033-LCS						
_				%Recovery	Ctl Limits		
	Sulfide			71	50 - 75		
	P0104088-01A-DUP						
******			•	%Recovery	Ctl Limits	RPD	RPD Ctl Limits
	Sulfide				- NA	0.00	0 - 20
	P0104088-01A-MS						
				%Recovery	Ctl Limits		

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Prep Method: Anions by ion chromatography **Analysis Method:** Anions by ion chromatography

		7111419010	moniou. Timo	no by ton onto	matography	
M010503018-MB						
	Result	<u>RDL</u>	%Recovery	Ctl Limits		
Chloride	< 1.0	1.0		- NA		
Nitrite	< 0.10	0.10		- NA		
Nitrate	< 0.10	0.10		- NA		
Sulfate	< 1.0	1.0		- NA		
M010503018-LCS						
			%Recovery	Ctl Limits		
Chloride			100	80 - 120		
Nitrite			99	80 - 120		
Nitrate			100	80 - 120		
Sulfate			100	80 - 120		
P0104114-02A-DUP						
			%Recovery	Ctl Limits	RPD	RPD Ctl Limits
Chloride				- NA	2.35	0 - 20
Nitrite				- NA	0.00	0 - 20
Nitrate				- NA	0.00	0 - 20
Sulfate				- NA	34.48	0 - 20
P0104165-01A-DUP						
			%Recovery	Ctl Limits	<u>RPD</u>	RPD Ctl Limits
Chloride				- NA	6.19	0 - 20
Nitrite				- NA	0.00	0 - 20
Nitrate				- NA	0.00	0 - 20
Sulfate				- NA	0.00	0 - 20
P0104114-02A-MS						
			%Recovery	·Ctl Limits		
Chloride			0	75 - 125		
Nitrite			95	75 - 125		
Nitrate			86	75 - 125		
Sulfate			113	75 - 125		
P0104165-01A-MS						
			n			

%Recovery

Ctl Limits

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P0104165-01A-MS

Sulfate

	Chloride Nitrite Nitrate	%Recovery 90 98 100	Ctl Limits 75 - 125 75 - 125 75 - 125		
	Sulfate	0	75 - 125		
_	P0104114-02A-MSD				
		%Recovery	Ctl Limits	<u>RPD</u>	RPD Ctl Limits
	Chloride	10	75 - 125	2.30	0 - 20
	Nitrite	97	75 - 125	2.08	0 - 20
	Nitrate	86	75 - 125	0.00	0 - 20
	Sulfate	113	75 - 125	0.00	0 - 20
	P0104165-01A-MSD				
		%Recovery	Ctl Limits	<u>RPO</u>	RPD Ctl Limits
	Chloride	90	75 - 125	0.00	0 - 20
	Nitrite	99	75 - 125	1.02	0 - 20
	Nitrate	100	75 - 125	0.00	0 - 20

0.00

0 - 20

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75 - 125

Outlined Results indicate results outside of Control limits

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Prep Method: Mod. for Determination of Ferrous and Ferric **Analysis Method:** Mod. for Determination of Ferrous and Ferric

M010503050-MB						
	Result	RDL	%Recovery	Ctl Limits		
Ferrous Iron	< 1.0	1.0		- NA		-
M010503050-LCS						
			%Recovery	Ctl Limits		
Ferrous Iron			100	80 - 120		
P0104114-03A-DUP						
			%Recovery	Ctl Limits	RPD	RPD Ctl Limits
Ferrous Iron				- NA	200.00	0 - 20
P0104118-06A-DUP						_
			%Recovery	Ctl Limits	<u>RPD</u>	RPD Ctl Limits
Ferrous Iron				- NA	2.20	0 - 20
P0104114-03A-MS						
			%Recovery	Ctl Limits		
Ferrous Iron			104	75 - 125		
P0104118-06A-MS						-
			%Recovery	Ctl Limits		
Ferrous Iron			110	75 - 125		
P0104114-03A-MSD						
			%Recovery	Ctl Limits	<u>RPD</u>	RPD Ctl Limits
Ferrous Iron			104	75 - 125	0.00	0 - 20
P0104118-06A-MSD						
			%Recovery	Ctl Limits	RPD	RPD Ctl Limits
Ferrous Iron			110	75 - 125	0.00	0 - 20

Outlined Results indicate results outside of Control limits

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Prep Method: Total Organic Carbon **Analysis Method:** Total Organic Carbon

			_		_		
	M010503060-MB						
_		Result	RDL	%Recovery	Ctl Limits		
	Total Organic Carbon	< 2.0	2.0		- NA		
	M010503060-LCS						
-				%Recovery	Ctl Limits		
	Total Organic Carbon			110	80 - 120		
	P0104114-03A-DUP						
•				%Recovery	Ctl Limits	<u>RPD</u>	RPD Ctl Limits
	Total Organic Carbon			•	- NA	0.00	0 - 20
	P0104114-03A-MS						
				%Recovery	Ctl Limits		
	Total Organic Carbon			105	75 - 125		
	P0104114-03A-MSD						
				%Recovery	Ctl Limits	RPD	RPD Ctl Limits
	Total Organic Carbon			115	75 - 125	9.09	0 - 20

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Prep Method: Soluble Organic Carbon Analysis Method: Soluble Organic Carbon

M010503062-MB							
	Result	<u>RDL</u>	%Recovery	Ctl Limits			
SolubleOrganic Carbon	< 2.0	2.0		- NA			-
M010503062-LCS							
			%Recovery	Ctl Limits			
SolubleOrganic Carbon			110	80 - 120			
P0104114-03A-DUP							
			%Recovery	Ctl Limits	RPD	RPD Ctl Limits	
SolubleOrganic Carbon				- NA	200.00	0 - 20	
P0104114-03A-MS							
			%Recovery	Ctl Limits			
SolubleOrganic Carbon			100	75 - 125			
P0104114-03A-MSD							***
			%Recovery	Ctl Limits	<u>RPD</u>	RPD Ctl Limits	
SolubleOrganic Carbon			100	75 - 125	0.00	0 - 20	

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<u>Case Narrative:</u>DID NOT REC A METALS BOTTLE FOR TMW-2. ONLY RECD 3 AMBER VOAS.(CW 4-9-01) DO NOT LOG IN FOR METALS ANALYSIS AS PER MATT ERBE.(BJH 4-9-01) The TOC and SOC results have been reanalyzed and confirmed. See attached case narrative.



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Sample Identification

Lab Sample # Client Sample ID

TMW-4 SMW-14

SMW-15 P0104139-01 P0104139-02 SMW-17 SMW-DUP P0104139-03 SMW-12 P0104139-04 P0104139-05 SMW-07 SMW-2A P0104139-06 SMW-2A-D P0104139-07 TMW-6 P0104139-08 TMW-5 P0104139-09

P0104139-10

P0104139-11

Approved By: Rebuin J. Lans

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Client Proj Name:

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	Sample Description	<u>Matrix</u>		Sampled Date/Time	Received	
	SMW-15	15 Vapor		03 Apr. 01 11:05	09 Apr. 01	
	Analyte(s)	Result	PQL	Units	Method #	
	RiskAnalysis	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
	Carbon dioxide	70	0.60	mg/L	AM20GAX	
	Ethane	< 5.0	5.0	ng/L		
_	Ethene	< 5.0	5.0	ng/L		
	Hydrogen	1.0	0.030	пМ		
_	Methane	0.04	0.02	ug/L		
	Nitrogen	15	0.40	mg/L		
	Oxygen	6.5	0.15	mg/L		

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Sample Description	<u>Matrix</u>		Sampled Date/Time	Received	
3MW-17	Vapor		03 Apr. 01 15:40	09 Apr. 01	
Analyte(s)	Result	PQL	Units	Method #	
RiskAnalysis					
Carbon dioxide	20	0.60	mg/L	AM20GAX	
Ethane	710	5.0	ng/L		
Ethene	2300	5.0	ng/L		_
Hydrogen	4.7	0.030	nM		
Methane	160	0.02	ug/L		
Nitrogen	16	0.40	mg/L		****
Охудеп	5.6	0.15	mg/L		

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_	Sample Description	<u>Matrix</u>		Sampled Date/Time	Received	
	SMW-DUP	Vapor		03 Apr. 01 8:00	09 Apr. 01	
	Analyte(s)	Result	PQL	Units	Method #	
-	RiskAnalysis					····
	Carbon dioxide	58	0.60	mg/L	AM20GAX	
	Ethane	< 5.0	5.0	ng/L		
	Ethene	<5.0	5.0	ng/L		
	Hydrogen	1.1	0.030	nМ		
	Methane	0.04	0.02	ug/L		
	Nitrogen	15	0.40	mg/L		
	Oxygen	6.1	0.15	mg/L		

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Client Proj Name:

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Sample Description SMW-12	<u>Matrix</u> Vapor		Sampled Date/Time 04 Apr. 01 9:46	Received 09 Apr. 01	-
Analyte(s)	Result	PQL	Units	Method #	
RiskAnalysis				——————————————————————————————————————	
Carbon dioxide	19	0.60	mg/L	AM20GAX	
Ethane	950	5.0	ng/L		
Ethene	1300	5.0	ng/L		_
Hydrogen	0.69	0.030	nΜ		
Methane	9.4	0.02	ug/L		
Nitrogen	16	0.40	mg/L		_
Oxygen	· 5.6	0.15	mg/L		

Contact: Jeff Flauzenbaum Address: 2666 Riva Road

Suite200

Page: Lab Project #: Report Date: Page 6 of 17 P0104139 05/09/01

Client Proj Name:

MD Sand & Gravel

Client project #:

48410.01

Annapolis, MD 21401

	Sample Description	<u>Matrix</u>		Sampled Date/Time	<u>Received</u>
	SMW-07	Vapor		04 Apr. 01 15:05	09 Apr. 01
	Analyte(s)	Result	PQL	Units	Method #
_	RiskAnalysis				
	Carbon dioxide	38	0.60	mg/L	AM20GAX
	Ethane	460000	5.0	ng/L	
_	Ethene	210000	5.0	ng/L	
	Hydrogen	1.4	0.030	nM	
	Methane	2400	0.02	ug/L	
	Nitrogen	14	0.40	mg/L	
	Oxygen	3.7	0.15	mg/L	

Contact: Jeff Flauzenbaum Address: 2666 Riva Road

Suite200

Annapolis, MD 21401

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Page: Lab Project #: Report Date:

Client Proj Name:

MD Sand & Gravel

Client project #:

48410.01

Sample Description	<u>Matrix</u>		Sampled Date/Time	Received	
3MW-2A	Vapor		05 Apr. 01 8:55	09 Apr. 01	_
Analyte(s)	Result	PQL	Units	Method #	
≀iskAnalysis					
Carbon dioxide	17	0.60	mg/L	AM20GAX	
∃thane	210	5.0	ng/L		
∃thene	53	5.0	ng/L		
∃ydrogen	2.5	0.030	nM		
Methane	0.14	0.02	ug/L		
Nitrogen	15	0.40	mg/L		_
Oxygen	7.1	0.15	mg/L		

Contact: Jeff Flauzenbaum Address: 2666 Riva Road Suite200

Page; Lab Project #: Report Date:

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Client Proj Name:

MD Sand & Gravel

Client project #:

48410.01

Annapolis, MD 21401

Sample Description SMW-2A-D	<u>Matrix</u> Vapor		Sampled Date/Time 05 Apr. 01 8:55	Received 09 Apr. 01	
Analyte(s)	Result	PQL	Units	Method #	
~ RiskAnalysis					
Hydrogen	2.3	0.030	nM	AM20GAX	

Contact: Jeff Flauzenbaum

Address: 2666 Riva Road Suite200

Annapolis, MD 21401

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Page: Lab Project #: Report Date:

Client Proj Name:

05/09/01 MD Sand & Gravel

Client project #:

48410.01

Sample Description	Matrix		Sampled Date/Time	Received	-
TMW-6	Vapor		05 Apr. 01 13:30	09 Apr. 01	<u></u>
Analyte(s)	Result	PQL	Units	Method #	
RiskAnalysis					
Carbon dioxide	76	0.60	mg/L	AM20GAX	
Ethane	250000	5.0	ng/L		
Ethene	710	5.0	ng/L		
Hydrogen	330	0.030	nM		
Methane	5600	0.02	ug/L		
Nitrogen	11	0.40	mg/L		
Oxygen	3.6	0.15	mg/L		

Contact: Jeff Flauzenbaum Address: 2666 Riva Road Suite200

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Client Proj Name:

MD Sand & Gravel

Client project #:

48410.01

Annapolis, MD 21401

Matrix		Sampled Date/Time	Received	
Vapor		05 Apr. 01 15:15	09 Apr. 01	
Result	PQL	Units	Method #	
64	0.60	mg/L	AM20GAX	
87000	5.0	ng/L		
1100000	5.0	ng/L		
29	0.030	nM		
900	0.02	ug/L		
14	0.40	mg/L		
4.5	0.15	mg/L		
	Result 64 87000 11000000 29 900 14	Result PQL 64 0.60 87000 5.0 1100000 5.0 29 0.030 900 0.02 14 0.40	Result PQL Units 64 0.60 mg/L 87000 5.0 ng/L 1100000 5.0 ng/L 29 0.030 nM 900 0.02 ug/L 14 0.40 mg/L	Result PQL Units Method # 64 0.60 mg/L AM20GAX 87000 5.0 ng/L 1100000 5.0 ng/L 29 0.030 nM 900 0.02 ug/L 14 0.40 mg/L

Contact: Jeff Flauzenbaum Address: 2666 Riva Road

Suite200

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Client Proj Name: Client project #:

MD Sand & Gravel

48410.01

Annapolis, MD 21401

<u>Matrix</u>		Sampled Date/Time	Received	
Vapor		06 Apr. 01 16:45	09 Apr. 01	
Result	PQL	Units	Method #	
				-
< 0.60	0.60	mg/L	AM20GAX	
<5.0	5.0	ng/L		
< 5.0	5.0	ng/L		Wangaria.
1.6	0.030	nМ		
0.09	0.02	ug/L		
17	0.40	mg/L		
0.24	0.15	mg/L		
	Vapor Result < 0.60 <5.0 < 5.0 1.6 0.09 17	Vapor PQL < 0.60	Vapor 06 Apr. 01 16:45 Result PQL Units < 0.60	Vapor 06 Apr. 01 16:45 09 Apr. 01 Result PQL Units Method # < 0.60

Contact: Jeff Flauzenbaum Address: 2666 Riva Road Suite200

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05/09/01

Client Proj Name: Client project #:

MD Sand & Gravel

48410.01

Annapolis, MD 21401

_	Sample Description	<u>Matrix</u>		Sampled Date/Time	Received	
	SMW-14	Vapor		06 Apr. 01 18:00	09 Apr. 01	
	Analyte(s)	Result	PQL	Units	Method #	
_	RiskAnalysis			,		
	Carbon dioxide	13	0.60	mg/L	AM20GAX	
	Ethane	< 5.0	5.0	ng/L		
	Ethene	< 5.0	5.0	ng/L		
	Hydrogen	1.7	0.030	nM		
	Methane	0.04	0.02	ug/L		
	Nitrogen	15	0.40	mg/L		
	Oxygen	7.4	0.15	mg/L		

Contact: Jeff Flauzenbaum Address: 2666 Riva Road

Suite200

Annapolis, MD 21401

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Lab Project #: Report Date:

05/09/01

Client Proj Name:

MD Sand & Gravel

Client project #:

48410.01

Prep Method:

Hydrogen by Bubble Strip

Analysis Method: Hydrogen by Bubble Strip

M010416002-MB

Result

RDL

Ctl Limits %Recovery

- NA

M010416002-LCS

Hydrogen

Hydrogen

< 0.030

0.030

Ctl Limits

%Recovery 96

0 - 0

Outlined Results indicate results outside of Control limits

Contact: Jeff Flauzenbaum Address: 2666 Riva Road

Suite200

Annapolis, MD 21401

Page:

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Lab Project #: Report Date:

05/09/01

Client Proj Name:

MD Sand & Gravel

Client project #:

48410.01

Prep Method: Light Hydrocarbons by Bubble Strip/GC-FID/TCD/RGI

Analysis Method: Light Hydrocarbons by Bubble Strip/GC-FID/TCD/RGI

M010416003-MB

	Result	<u>RDL</u>	%Recovery	Ctl Limits
Ethane	< 5.0	5.0		- NA
Ethene	< 5.0	5.0		- NA

M010416003-LCS

	%Recovery	Ctl Limits
Ethane	100	0 - 0
Ethene	109	0 - 0

Outlined Results indicate results outside of Control limits

Contact: Jeff Flauzenbaum Address: 2666 Riva Road

Suite200

Annapolis, MD 21401

Page:

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Lab Project #:

P0104139

Report Date: Client Proj Name:

05/09/01 MD Sand & Gravel

Client project #:

48410.01

Prep Method: Methane by Bubble Strip/ GC-FID/TCD/RGD

Analysis Method: Methane by Bubble Strip/ GC-FID/TCD/RGD

M010416004-MB

Result

RDL

%Recovery

Ctl Limits

Methane

< 0.02

0.02

- NA

M010416004-LCS

Ctl Limits

%Recovery 106

0 - 0

Methane

Contact: Jeff Flauzenbaum

Address: 2666 Riva Road

Suite200

Annapolis, MD 21401

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Lab Project #: Report Date:

P0104139 05/09/01

Client Proj Name:

MD Sand & Gravel

Client project #:

48410.01

Prep Method:

Permanent Gases by Bubble Strip

Analysis Method: Permanent Gases by Bubble Strip

M010416005-MB

Result RDL %Recovery Ctl Limits Carbon dioxide < 0.60 0.60 - NA Oxygen < 0.15 0.15 - NA < 0.40 0.40 - NA Nitrogen

M010416005-LCS

Carbon dioxide

Oxygen

%Recovery Ctl Limits

90 100

Contact: Jeff Flauzenbaum Address: 2666 Riva Road Suite200

Annapolis, MD 21401

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Page: Lab Project #; Report Date:

05/09/01

Client Proj Name:

MD Sand & Gravel

Client project #:

48410.01

Case Narrative:



SDG NARRATIVE

SDG 1D07124

STL North Canton 4101 Shuffel Drive NW North Canton, OH 44720-6961

Tel: 330 497 9396 Fax: 330 497 0772 www.stl-inc.com

This narrative pertains to samples received from the ERM MD Sand Gravel & Stone site. This data package, completed by STL North Canton consists of data from the volatile analyses of seventeen (17) water samples and one (1) quality control sample analyzed using the CLP OLC02.1 protocol.

Sample(s) that contained concentrations of target analyte(s) at a reportable level in the associated Method Blank(s) were flagged with "B". All target analytes in the Method Blank must be below the reporting limit (RL) or the associated sample(s) must be ND with the exception of common laboratory contaminants.

Sample(s) that contain results between the MDL and the RL were flagged with "J". There is the possibility of false positive or mis-identification at these quantitation levels. In analytical methods requiring confirmation of the analyte reported, confirmation was performed only down to the standard reporting limit (SRL). The acceptance criteria for QC samples may not be met at these quantitation levels.

The samples were received at the laboratory at a temperature of 4.2° C.

The following is a listing of the samples in SDG 1D07124:

Client ID	<u>Laboratory ID</u>	Sample <u>Receipt Date</u>
SMW-15	EAJ2H	04/07/01
SMW-13	EAJ2J	04/07/01
SMW-14	EAJ2K	04/07/01
SMW-17	EAJ2L	04/07/01
SMW-18A	EAJ2N	04/07/01
SMW-12	EAJ2P	04/07/01
SMW-19A	EAJ2Q	04/07/01

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SDG Narrative 1D07124	
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QC Summary Data	1:
Sample Data	Z
Standard Data	
Raw QC Data	
Miscellaneous Data	33
Total # of Pages in this Document	34

SDG NARRATIVE (continued)

The following is a listing of the samples in SDG 1D07124 (continued):

SMW-07	EAJ2R	04/07/01
SMW-2A	EAJ2T	04/07/01
SMW-DUP	EAJ2V	04/07/01
TRIP BLANK	EAJ2W	04/07/01
TMW-1	EAJ2X	04/07/01
TMW-2	EAJ20	04/07/01
TMW-3	EAJ21	04/07/01
TMW-4	EAJ22	04/07/01
TMW-5	EAJ23	04/07/01
TMW-6	EAJ26	04/07/01
HLDBLK	EAJ27	04/07/01

The following is a listing of the pH value for each volatile water sample as received by the laboratory:

<u>pH</u>
1.0
1.0
1.0
1.0
1.0
1.0
1.0
1.0
1.0
1.0

SDG NARRATIVE (continued)

The following is a listing of the pH value for each volatile water sample as received by the laboratory (continued):

TRIP BLANK	1.0
TMW-1	1.0
TMW-2	1.0
TMW-3	1.0
TMW-4	1.0
TMW-5	1.0
TMW-6	1.0

There were no problems encountered during the preparation and analyses of the samples in this SDG.

Jeffrey S Smith Project Manager April 26, 2001



SHIPPING AND RECEIVING DOCUMENTS

Chain of Custody Record

Severn Trent Laboratories, Inc.

TRENT SERVICES

Special Instructions/ Conditions of Receipt 5160 Ŋ Disposal By Lab Archive For 14 12 Months briger than 3 months) Chain of Custody Number 029705 Ē F ö Ý 7 Page Date Analysis (Attach list if more space is needed) Lab Number Date 1/2/v Package, 5201 7 CLP Data OC Requirements (Specify) HOPN 216-975/ 0000 - 772 (014) Containers & Present of Present HOW Jeff Smith 1. Received By 2. Received By 3. Received By Teft Fluizen haber 4 3 3 Z M 4 Lab Contact SON HSZO reidun 1830 Return To Client Sample Disposa gos Ē E, Ē Сатівг/Жаубаї Митбег Matrix PAS Project Manager × メ × Ö Site Contact ☐ Other Fe M Unknown Date 1505 00,80 0855 1800 0840 1/64 5521 Dale 0080 0251 me 1735 105 21 Days Elkton, mo 10/9/ 10/1/61 1/3/6/ 19/4/4 1/4/61 19/6/ 10/6/4 ☐ Poison B 1/2/01 10/4/6 19/5// Date 10/12 Clean Sixs, Inc. Zip Code X 14 Days Sample I.D. No. and Description (Containers for each sample may be combined on one line) Skin Imilant State QW. STANE 7 Days 040830 8 Hammable | Contract/Purchase Order/Quote No. MO SAKO GARVEL Project Name and Location (State) 1 48 Hours Possible Hazard Identification RIUA Tum Around Time Required ANNAPOL 15 Trip Blank SMW- DUP ERM, Inc 5MW - 184 5mm- 19A 5MW- 2A 1. Relingy Shed By 5MW - 12 5mm - 14 51- WWS Saw-07 Smm-13 2. Relinquished By SMW-15 3. Relinquished By Non-Hazard 24 Hours ST-4124 (0700) 2666 Comments Address

DISTRIBUTION: WHITE . Slays with the Sample; CANARY - Returned to Client with Report; PINK - Field Copy

Chain of Custody Record

Severn Trent Laboratories, Inc

TRENT SERVICES

STL-4124 (0700)							
	Projec				Date	Chain of Custody Number	
ERM, Inc. / Clean Sites, Inc		Seff Flanzen baum	baum			1029704	ĺ
		Telephone Number (Area Code)/Fax Number	Fax Number		Геф Митрел		
2666 River Road Ste 200	(416)	1 2000-042	2168 - 242			Page 2 of 2	ا ي
Į	Site	(act	Lab Contact	Anal	Analysis (Attach list if		İ
Annapolis mp 21401			Jeff Smith	Brow	more space is needed)	7	
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MD Sund Gravel & Stone Ellton, MU	mo			 '2		Special Instructions/	જ
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and Description	-		£ 60 20	. 70			
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TMW-1	16/61 1025	×	32.C.	\ <u></u>			
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7mw-3	16/01 14Ze	×] 3	7			
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4	1/5/6. 1515	X	2	7			,
7mm-6	4/5/6, 1330	x x		7			
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Possible Hazard Identification		Sample Disposel				oscert if samples are relained	1
nmable Skin linitant	☐ Poison B ☑ Unknown	m Return To Client	Otsposal By Lab 🔯	Na Archive For 1/0/10 5 Months		longer than 3 months)	Ì
Turn Anound Time Required 24 Hours 124 Hours 14 Days 14 Days	21 Days 🔲 Other.	Dec	OC Requirements (Specify)	Package 1 M.	Hade		
2 O1	J	Time	1. Received By			Date	
Mad to lete	7	16/61 1550				7	4 1
A. Reknquished By	Date	Time	2. Received By			Date	ريا
3. Relinquished By	Date	Time	3. Received By			Dale	',
Comments							1

DISTRIBUTION: WHITE - Stays with the Sample; CANARY - Returned to Client with Report: PINK - Field Copy

Lab Name: Severn Trent Laboratories, Inc. SDG Number: 1D07124

Matrix: (soil/water) WG Lab Sample ID:A1D070124 009

Method: OCLP OLC02.1

Volatile Organics, GC/MS (CLP-Low Level)

Sample WT/Vol: 25 / mL Date Received: 04/07/01 Work Order: RAJ2T1AA Date Extracted: 04/10/01 Dilution factor: 3.33 Date Analyzed: 04/10/01

Moisture *:

QC Batch: 1101378

Client Sample Id: SMW-2A

CAS_NO.	COMPOUND (ug/L or u	ig/kg) ug/L	Q
74-87-3	Chloromethane	3.3	<u> U</u>
74-83 <u>-9</u>	Bromomethane	3.3	
75-01-4	Vinyl chloride	1.9	<u>J</u>
75-00-3	Chlorcethane	3,3	<u>ט</u>
75-09-2	Methylene chloride	0.77	J
67-64-1	Acetone	5.7	JB
75-15-0	Carbon disulfide	3.3	<u>U</u>
75-35-4	1,1-Dichloroethene	1.2	<u> </u>
75-34-3	1,1-Dichloroethane	12	11
540-59-0	1,2-Dichloroethene (total)	50	
67-66-3	Chloroform	0.55	J J
107-06-2	1,2-Dichloroethane	3.2	J
78-93-3	2-Butanone	17	<u> </u>
71-55-6	1,1,1-Trichloroethane	1.8	
56-23-5	Carbon tetrachloride	3.3	UU
75-27-4	Bromodichloromethane	3.3_	<u> </u>
78-87-5	1,2-Dichloropropane	3.3	<u> </u>
10061-01-5	cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	3.3	<u> </u>
79-01-6	Trichloroethene	27	
124-48-1	Dibromochloromethane	3.3	IU
79-00-5	1,1,2-Trichloroethane	3.3	<u></u>
71-43-2	Benzene	3.3	ן ס
10061-02-6	trans-1,3-Dichloropropens	3.3	<u> </u>
75-25-2	Bromoform	3.3	U
108-10-1	4-Methyl-2-pentanone	3.3	U
591-78-6	2-Hexanone	17	יש
127-18-4	Tetrachloroethene	26	
79-34-5	1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	3.3	U

Lab Name: Severn Trent Laboratories, Inc. SDG Number: 1D07124

Matrix: (soil/water) WG Lab Sample ID:A1D070124 009

Method: OCLP OLC02.1

Volatile Organics, GC/MS (CLP-Low Level)

Sample WT/Vol: 25 / mL Date Received: 04/07/01 Work Order: EAJ2TIAA Date Extracted: 04/10/01 Dilution factor: 3.33 Date Analyzed: 04/10/01

Moisture *:

QC Batch: 1101378

Client Sample Id: SMW-2A

CAS NO.	COMPOUND	(ug/L or ug/kg) ug/L	Q	
108-88-3	Toluene	3.3	_	U
108-90-7	Chlorobenzane	0.92	J	{
100-41-4	Ethylbenzene	3.3		<u>ט</u>
100-42-5	Styrene	3.3		U
1330-20-7	Xylenes (total)	3.3	ļ	ש

Lab Name: Severn Trent Laboratories, Inc. SDG Number: 1D07124

Matrix: (scil/water) WG Lab Sample ID:A1D070124 008

Method: OCLP OLC02.1

Volatile Organics, GC/MS (CLP-Low Level)

Sample WT/Vol: 25 / mL Date Received: 04/07/01 Work Order: EAJ2R1AA Date Extracted:04/11/01 Dilution factor: 500 Date Analyzed: 04/11/01

Moisture *:

QC Batch: 1101378

Client Sample Id: SMW-07

CAS NO.	COMPOUND (ug/L or t	ig/kg) ug/L	0
74-87-3	Chloromethane	500	<u> </u>
74-83-9	Bromomethane	500	<u> </u>
75-01-4	Vinyl chloride	500	<u></u>
75-00-3	Chloroethane	1500	
75-09-2	Methylene chloride	1000	<u> </u>
67-64-1	Acetone	2500	
75-15-0	Carbon disulfide	500	0
75-35-4	1,1-Dichloroethene	500	ן ד
75-34-3	1,1-Dichloroethane	500	ם ו
540-59-0	1,2-Dichloroethene (total)	500	ן כי
67-66-3	Chloroform	500	<u> </u>
107-06-2	1,2-Dichloroethane	500	ן ט
78-93-3	2-Butanone	2500	<u></u>
71-55-6	1,1,1-Trichloroethane	500	0
56-23-5	Carbon tetrachloride	500	ן ט
75-27-4	Bromodichloromethane	500	<u>ט</u>
78-87-5	1,2-Dichloropropane	500	
10061-01-5	cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	500	ן ס
79-01-6	Trichlorcethene	500	<u> </u>
124-48-1	Dibromochloromethane	500	<u> </u>
79-00-5	1,1,2-Trichloroethane	500	
71-43-2	Benzene	450	<u>J</u> _
10061-02-6	trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	500	<u> </u>
75-25-2	Bromoform	500	<u></u>
108-10-1	4-Methyl-2-pentanone	500	iu
591-78-6	2-Hexanone	2500	<u> </u>
127-18-4	Tetrachloroethene	500	ַן ע
79-34-5	1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	500	<u></u>
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		

BRM

Lab Name: Severn Trent Laboratories, Inc. SDG Number: 1D07124

Matrix: (soil/water) WG Lab Sample ID:A1D070124 008

Method: OCLP OLC02.1

Volatile Organics, GC/MS (CLP-Low Level)

Sample WT/Vol: 25 / mL Date Received: 04/07/01 Work Order: EAJ2R1AA Date Extracted: 04/11/01 Dilution factor: 500 Date Analyzed: 04/11/01

Moisture %:

QC Batch: 1101378

Client Sample Id: SMW-07

CAS NO.	COMPOUND	(ug/L or ug/kg) ug/L	0
108-88-3	Toluene	6700	_11
108-90-7	Chlorobenzene	8600	
100-41-4	Ethylbenzene	400	J
100-42-5	Styrene	500	U
1330-20-7	Xylenes (total)	1700	

Lab Name: Severn Trent Laboratories, Inc. SDG Number: 1D07124

Matrix: (soil/water) WG Lab Sample ID:AlD070124 006

Method: OCLP OLC02.1

Volatile Organics, GC/MS (CLP-Low Level)

Sample WT/Vol: 25 / mL Work Order: EAJ2P1AA Dilution factor: 5 Date Received: 04/07/01 Date Extracted:04/10/01 Date Analyzed: 04/10/01

Moisture %:

QC Batch: 1101378

Client Sample Id: SMW-12

CAS NO.	COMPOUND (ug/L or u	ig/kg) ug/L	<u> </u>
74-87-3	Chloromethane	15.0	
74-83-9	Bromomethane	5.0	ט ט
75-01-4	Vinyl chloride	13	
75-00-3	Chloroethane	2.9	J
75-09-2	Methylene chloride	10	U
67-64-1	Acetone	10	<u> ЈВ</u>
75-15-0	Carbon disulfide	5.0	<u> U </u>
75-35-4	1,1-Dichloroethene	2.7	J
75-34-3	1,1-Dichloroethane	70	
540-59-0	1,2-Dichloroethene (total)	38	
67-66-3	Chloroform	2.0	J
107-06-2	1,2-Dichloroethane	5.0	<u>"</u>
78-93-3	2-Butanone	25	<u>U</u>
71-55-6	1,1,1-Trichloroethane	84	
56-23-5	Carbon tetrachloride	5.0	
75-27-4	Bromodichloromethane	5.0	<u>"</u>
78-87-5	1,2-Dichloropropane	5.0	ן ס
10061-01-5	cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	5.0	ַ ַ
79-01-6	Trichloroethene	22	
124-48-1	Dibromochloromethane	5.0	<u> </u>
79-00-5	1,1,2-Trichloroethane	5.0	<u>u</u>
71-43-2	Benzene	0.94	<u> </u>
10061-02-6	trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	5.0	<u> </u>
75-25-2	Bromoform	5.0	ט ו
108-10-1	4-Methyl-2-pentanone	5.0	ם
591-78 <u>-</u> 6	2-Hexanone	25	ט
127-18-4	Tetrachloroethene	56	
79-34-5	1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	5.0	<u>"</u>

BRM

Lab Name: Severn Trent Laboratories, Inc. SDG Number: 1D07124

Matrix: (soil/water) WG Lab Sample ID:AlD070124 006

Method: OCLP OLC02.1

Volatile Organics, GC/MS (CLP-Low Level)

Sample WT/Vol: 25 / mL Date Received: 04/07/01 Work Order: EAJ2P1AA Date Extracted: 04/10/01 Dilution factor: 5 Date Analyzed: 04/10/01

Moisture *:

QC Batch: 1101378

Client Sample Id: SMW-12

CAS NO.	COMPOUND	(ug/L or ug/kg) ug/L	Q
108-88-3	Toluene	1.4	J
108-90-7	Chlorobenzene	25	
100-41-4	Ethylbenzene	0.56	J
100-42-5	Styrene	5.0	<u> </u>
1330-20-7	Eylenes (total)	1.4	ј ј

Lab Name: Severn Trent Laboratories, Inc. SDG Number: 1D07124

Matrix: (soil/water) WG Lab Sample ID:AlD070124 002

Method: OCLP OLC02.1

Volatile Organics, GC/MS (CLP-Low Level)

Sample WT/Vol: 25 / mL Date Received: 04/07/01 Work Order: EAJ2J1AA Date Extracted:04/11/01 Dilution factor: 1 Date Analyzed: 04/11/01

Moisture 1:

QC Batch: 1102435

Client Sample Id: SMW-13

CAS NO.	COMPOUND (ug/L or u	ig/kg) ug/L	Q_
74-87-3	Chloromethane	1.0	<u>ט</u>
74-83-9	Bromomethane	1.0	<u> </u>
75-01-4	Vinyl chloride	1.0	ט נ
75-00-3	Chloroethane	1.0	ם
75-09-2	Methylene chloride	0.38	J
67-64-1	Acetone	2.1	II
75-15-0	Carbon disulfide	1.0	ט
75-35-4	1,1-Dichloroethene	1.0	U
75-34-3	1,1-Dichloroethane	1.0	<u></u>
540-59-0	1,2-Dichloroethene (total)	1.0	<u> </u>
67-66-3	Chloroform	1.0	<u>ס</u>
107-06-2	1,2-Dichloroethane	1.0	ן ט
78-93-3	2-Butanone	5.0	UU
71-55-6	1,1,1-Trichloroethane	1.0	<u>ט</u>
56-23-5	Carbon tetrachloride	1.0	<u>"</u>
75-27-4	Bromodichloromethane	1.0	<u> </u>
78-87-5	1,2-Dichloropropane	1.0	ט ו
10061-01-5	cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	1.0	ַן
79-01-6	Trichloroethene	1.0	<u></u>
124-48-1	Dibromochloromethane	1.0	<u></u>
79-00-5	1,1,2-Trichloroethane	1.0	<u></u>
71-43-2	Benzene	1.0	<u> </u>
10061-02-6	trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	1.0	<u> </u>
75-25-2	Bromoform	1.0	II
108-10-1	4-Methyl-2-pentanone	1.0	
591-78-6	2-Hexanone	5.0	ו ו
127-18-4		1.0	ט ט
79-34-5	1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	1.0	ט

BRM

Lab Name: Severn Trent Laboratories, Inc.

SDG Number:1D07124

Matrix: (soil/water) WG

Lab Sample ID:A1D070124 002

Method: OCLP OLC02.1

Volatile Organics, GC/MS (CLP-Low Level)

Sample WT/Vol: 25 / mL Work Order: EAJ2J1AA Date Received: 04/07/01
Date Extracted:04/11/01

Dilution factor: 1

Date Analyzed: 04/11/01

Moisture *:

QC Batch: 1102435

Client Sample Id: SMW-13

CAS NO.	COMPOUND	(ug/L or ug/kg) ug/L	<u> </u>
108-88-3	Toluene	0.13	<u> </u>
108-90-7	Chlorobenzene	0.40	
100-41-4	Ethylbenzene	1.0	
100-42-5	Styrene	1.0	
1330-20-7	Tylenes (total)	0.15	J

Lab Name: Severn Trent Laboratories, Inc. SDG Number: 1D07124

Matrix: (soil/water) WG Lab Sample ID:A1D070124 003

Method: OCLP OLC02.1

Volatile Organics, GC/MS (CLP-Low Level)

Sample WT/Vol: 25 / mL Date Received: 04/07/01 Work Order: EAJ2K1AA Date Extracted:04/11/01 Dilution factor: 1 Date Analyzed: 04/11/01

Moisture *:

QC Batch: 1102435

Client Sample Id: SMW-14

		TON UNITS:	
CAS NO.	COMPOUND (ug/L or u	ıg/kg) ug/L	Q
74-87-3	Chloromethane	1.0	<u></u>
74-83-9	Bromomethane	1.0	
75-01-4	Vinyl chloride	1.0	<u></u>
75-00-3	Chloroethane	1.0	ן ש
75-09-2	Methylene chloride	0.30	J
67-64-1	Acetone_	5.0	lu
75-15-0	Carbon disulfide	1.0	ן ט
75-35-4	1,1-Dichloroethene	1.0	ט ני
75-34-3	1,1-Dichloroethane	1.0	יט ו
540-59-0	1,2-Dichloroethene (total)	1.0	ט [
67-66-3	Chloroform	0.31	JB
107-06-2	1,2-Dichloroethane	1.0	<u>ס</u>
78-93-3	2-Butanone	5.0	יט יי
71-55-6	1,1,1-Trichloroethane	1.0	U
56-23-5	Carbon tetrachloride	1.0	U
75-27-4	Bromodichloromethane	1.0	ט ט
78-87-5	1,2-Dichloropropane	1.0	
10061-01-5	cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	1.0	ם ו
79-01-6	Trichloroethene	1.0	
124-48-1	Dibromochloromethane	1.0	IU
79-00-5	1,1,2-Trichloroethane	1.0	<u></u>
71-43-2	Benzene	1.0	ס
10061-02-6	trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	1.0	ס
75-25-2	Bromoform_	1.0	ַ <u></u>
108-10-1	4-Methyl-2-pentanone	1.0	ט
591-78-6	2-Hexanone	5.0	
127-18-4	Tetrachloroethene	1.0	0
79-34-5	1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	1.0	<u>ד</u>
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Lab Name: Severn Trent Laboratories, Inc. SDG Number: 1D07124

Matrix: (soil/water) WG Lab Sample ID:A1D070124 003

Method: OCLP OLC02.1

Volatile Organics, GC/MS (CLP-Low Level)

Sample WT/Vol: 25 / mL Date Received: 04/07/01 Work Order: RAJ2K1AA Date Extracted:04/11/01 Dilution factor: 1 Date Analyzed: 04/11/01

Moisture *:

QC Batch: 1102435

Client Sample Id: SMW-14

CAS NO.	COMPOUND	(ug/L or ug/kg) ug/L	Q
108-88-3	Toluene	1.0	ן ס
108-90-7	Chlorobenzene	[1.0	ן ט
100-41-4	Ethylbenzene	1.0	ן ס
100-42-5	Styrene	1.0	ע
1330-20-7	Xylenes (total)	1.0_	ן די

Lab Name: Severn Trent Laboratories, Inc. SDG Number: 1D07124

Matrix: (soil/water) WG Lab Sample ID:A1D070124 001

Method: OCLP OLC02.1

Volatile Organics, GC/MS (CLP-Low Level)

Sample WT/Vol: 25 / mL Date Received: 04/07/01 Work Order: EAJ2H1AA Date Extracted: 04/11/01 Dilution factor: 1 Date Analyzed: 04/11/01

Moisture *:

AMT STEEL ALLEN

QC Batch: 1101378

Client Sample Id: SMW-15

CAS NO.	COMPOUND (ug/L or u	ig/kg) ug/L	<u> </u>
74-87-3	Chloromethane	1.0	
74-83-9	Bromomethane	1.0	
75-01-4	Vinyl chloride	1.0	<u></u>
75-00-3	Chloroethane	1.0	
75-09-2	Methylene chloride	0.30	<u> </u>
67-64-1	Acetone	5.0	וט ו
75-15-0	Carbon disulfide	1.0_	\ <u></u> U
75-35-4	1,1-Dichloroethene	1.0	ַ ַ ַ ַ ַ ַ ַ ַ
75-34-3	1,1-Dichloroethane	1.0_	ן ט
540-59-0	1,2-Dichloroethene (total)	1.0	ן ס
67-66-3	Chloroform	2.2	1
107-06-2	1,2-Dichloroethane	1.0	
78-93-3	2-Butanone	5.0	<u></u>
71-55-6	1,1,1-Trichloroethane	1.0	ן ט
56-23-5	Carbon tetrachloride	1.0	U
75-27-4	Bromodichloromethane	11.0	<u> </u>
78-87-5	1,2-Dichloropropane	1.0	וט
10061-01-5	cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	1.0	<u> " " " </u>
79-01-6	Trichloroethene	1.0	
124-48-1	Dibromochloromethane	1.0	<u> </u>
79-00-5	1,1,2-Trichloroethane	1.0	<u> </u>
71-43-2	Benzene	1.0	ן ס
10061-02-6	trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	1.0	
75-25-2	Bromoform	1.0	<u> </u>
108-10-1	4-Methyl-2-pentanone	1.0	<u> </u>
591-78-6	2-Hexanone	5.0	iui
127-18-4	Tetrachloroethene	0.11	J
79-34-5	1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	1.0	Ū

Lab Name: Severn Trent Laboratories, Inc. SDG Number: 1D07124

Matrix: (soil/water) WG Lab Sample ID:A1D070124 001

Method: OCLP OLC02.1

Volatile Organics, GC/MS (CLP-Low Level)

Sample WT/Vol: 25 / mL Date Received: 04/07/01 Work Order: EAJ2H1AA Date Extracted: 04/11/01 Dilution factor: 1 Date Analyzed: 04/11/01

Moisture *:

QC Batch: 1101378

Client Sample Id: SMW-15

CAS NO.	COMPOUND	(ug/L or ug/kg) ug/L	<u> </u>
108-88-3	Toluene	0.15	J
108-90-7	Chlorobenzene	0.18	J
100-41-4	Ethylbenzene	1.0	
100-42-5	Styrene	1.0	יס ו
1330-20-7	Xylenes (total)	1.0	<u>ס</u>

Lab Name: Severn Trent Laboratories, Inc. SDG Number: 1D07124

Matrix: (soil/water) WG Lab Sample ID:A1D070124 004

Method: OCLP OLC02,1

Volatile Organics, GC/MS (CLP-Low Level)

Sample WT/Vol: 25 / mL Date Received: 04/07/01 Work Order: RAJ2L1AA Date Extracted: 04/10/01 Dilution factor: 16.67 Date Analyzed: 04/10/01

Moisture *:

ome arithma olimban

QC Batch: 1101378

Client Sample Id: SMW-17

CAS_NO.	COMPOUND (ug/L or u	ig/kg) ug/L	Q
74-87-3	Chloromethane	17	<u> </u>
74-83-9	Bromomethane	17	<u> </u>
75-01-4	Vinyl chloride	9.6	J
75-00-3	Chloroethane	5.5	J
75-09-2	Methylene chloride	33	<u> </u>
67-64-1	Acetone	83	<u>ס</u>
75-15-0	Carbon disulfide	17	<u> </u>
75-35-4	1,1-Dichloroethene	2.5	I <u>J</u> [
75-34-3	1,1-Dichloroethane	180	
540-59-0	1,2-Dichloroethene (total)	22	
67-66-3	Chloroform	7.0	J J
107-06-2	1,2-Dichloroethane	12	J
78-93 <u>-</u> 3	2-Butanone	83	<u>"</u>
71-55-6	1,1,1-Trichloroethane	360	i
56-23 <u>-</u> 5	Carbon tetrachloride	17	<u> </u>
75-27-4	Bromodichloromethane	17	ן ס
78-87 <u>-</u> 5	1,2-Dichloropropane	17_	ט
10061-01-5	cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	1.7	<u>U</u>
79-01-6	Trichloroetheue	45	
124-48-1	Dibromochloromethane	17	ן די
79-00-5	1,1,2-Trichloroethane	5.2	J
71-43-2	Benzene	17	U
10061-02-6	trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	17	ַ ַ ַ ַ ַ ַ ַ ַ ַ ַ ַ ַ ַ ַ ַ ַ ַ ַ ַ
75-25-2	Bromoform	17	U
108-10-1	4-Methyl-2-pentanone	17	ן ט
591-78-6	2-Hexanone	83	
127-18-4	Tetrachloroethene	5.5	J
79-34-5	1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	17	וט

Lab Name: Severn Trent Laboratories, Inc. SDG Number: 1D07124

Matrix: (soil/water) WG Lab Sample ID:AlD070124 004

Method: OCLP OLC02.1

Volatile Organics, GC/MS (CLP-Low Level)

Sample WT/Vol: 25 / mL Date Received: 04/07/01 Work Order: RAJ2L1AA Date Extracted:04/10/01 Dilution factor: 16.67 Date Analyzed: 04/10/01

Moisture %:

QC Batch: 1101378

Client Sample Id: SMW-17

CAS NO.	COMPOUND	(ug/L or ug/kg) ug/L	Q
108-88-3	Toluene	[83	
108-90-7	Chlorobenzene	10	J
100-41-4	Ethylbenzene	25	
100-42-5	Styrene	17	<u> </u>
1330-20-7	Eylenes (total)	93	ii

Lab Name: Severn Trent Laboratories, Inc. SDG Number: 1D07124

Matrix: (soil/water) WG Lab Sample ID:A1D070124 005

Method: OCLP OLC02.1

Volatile Organics, GC/MS (CLP-Low Level)

Sample WT/Vol: 25 / mL Date Received: 04/07/01 Work Order: EAJ2N1AA Date Extracted: 04/10/01 Dilution factor: 16.67 Date Analyzed: 04/10/01

Moisture *:

QC Batch: 1101378

Client Sample Id: SMW-18A

CAS NO.	COMPOUND (ug/L or u	g/kg) ug/L	Q
74-87-3	Chloromethane	17	<u> </u>
74-83-9	Bromomethane	17	<u>"</u>
75-01-4	Vinyl chloride	17	<u> </u>
75-00-3	Chloroethane	17	<u> </u>
75-09-2	Methylene chloride	33	<u> </u>
67-64-1	Acetone	22	J B
75-15-0	Carbon disulfide	17	<u>ש</u>
75-35-4	1,1-Dichloroethene	3.7	J
75-34-3	1,1-Dichloroethane	60	
540-59-0	1,2-Dichloroethene (total)	8.1	J
67-66-3	Chloroform	3.7	<u> </u>
107-06-2	1,2-Dichloroethane	3.8	J
78-93-3	2-Butanone	83	U
71-55-6	1,1,1-Trichloroethane	260	(
56-23-5	Carbon tetrachloride	17	
75-27-4	Bromodichloromethane	17	ן שיייין ייין
78-87-5	1,2-Dichloropropane	17	U
10061-01-5	cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	17	ן ט
79-01-6	Trichloroethene	27	1
124-48-1	Dibromochloromethane	17	D
79-00-5	1,1,2-Trichloroethane	17	ן ט
71-43-2	Benzene	17	<u> </u>
10061-02-6	trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	1.7	<u>"" "" " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " </u>
75-25-2	Bromoform	17	<u> </u>
108-10-1	4-Methyl-2-pentanone	17	ם
591-78-6	2-Hexanone	83	<u> </u>
127-18-4	Tetrachloroethene	7.8	J
79-34-5	1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	17	<u>ס</u>

Lab Name: Severn Trent Laboratories, Inc.

SDG Number:1D07124

Matrix: (soil/water) WG

Lab Sample ID:A1D070124 005

Method: OCLP OLC02.1

Volatile Organics, GC/MS (CLP-Low Level)

Sample WT/Vol: 25 / mL Work Order: EAJ2NLAA

Date Received: 04/07/01 Date Extracted: 04/10/01 Date Analyzed: 04/10/01

Dilution factor: 16.67 Moisture 4:

QC Batch: 1101378

Client Sample Id: SMW-18A

CAS NO.	COMPOUND	(ug/L or ug/kg) ug/L	Q
108-88-3	Toluene	17	ן ס
108-90-7	Chlorobenzene	5.1	J
100-41-4	Ethylbenzene	17	0
100-42-5	Styrene	17	บ
1330-20-7	Xylenes (total)	17	U U

Lab Name: Severn Trent Laboratories, Inc. SDG Number: 1D07124

Matrix: (soil/water) WG Lab Sample ID:A1D070124 007

Method: OCLP OLC02.1

Volatile Organics, GC/MS (CLP-Low Level)

Sample WT/Vol: 25 / mL Date Received: 04/07/01 Work Order: RAJ2Q1AA Date Extracted: 04/10/01 Dilution factor: 10 Date Analyzed: 04/10/01

Moisture %:

QC Batch: 1101378

Client Sample Id: SMW-19A

CAS NO.	COMPOUND (ug/L or u	ig/kg) ug/L	<u> </u>
74-87-3	Chloromethane	10	<u> </u>
74-83-9	Bromomethane	10	ַ
75-01-4	Vinyl chloride	28	11
75-00-3	Chloroethane	26	11
75-09-2	Methylene chloride	7.0	J
67-64-1	Acetone	50	<u> </u>
75-15-0	Carbon disulfide	10	ן די די די די די די די די די די די די די
75-35-4	1,1-Dichloroethene	2.4	J
75-34-3	1,1-Dichloroethane	140	
540-59-0	1,2-Dichloroethene (total)	58	i
67-66-3	Chloroform	3.7	
107-06-2	1,2-Dichloroethane	2.5	J
78-93-3	2-Butanone	50	\ <u></u> _U
71-55-6	1,1,1-Trichloroethane	150	
56-23-5	Carbon tetrachloride	10	<u> </u>
75-27-4	Bromodichloromethane	10	<u> </u>
78-87-5	1,2-Dichloropropane	10	ן ט
10061-01-5	cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	10	<u>ט</u>
79-01-6	Trichloroethene	20	
124-48-1	Dibromochloromethane	10	<u> </u>
79-00-5	1,1,2-Trichloroethane	10	<u> </u>
71-43-2	Benzene	4.4	<u>J</u>
10061-02-6	trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	10	<u> </u>
75-25-2	Bromoform	10	
108-10-1	4-Methyl-2-pentanone	10	Ū
591-78-6	2-Hexanone	50	<u>ט</u>
127-18-4	Tetrachloroethene	87	
79-34-5	1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	10	<u>"</u>

Lab Name: Severn Trent Laboratories, Inc.

SDG Number: 1D07124

Matrix: (soil/water) WG

Lab Sample ID:A1D070124 007

Method: OCLP OLC02.1

Volatile Organics, GC/MS (CLP-Low Level)

Sample WT/Vol: 25 / mL Work Order: EAJ2Q1AA Dilution factor: 10

Date Received: 04/07/01 Date Extracted:04/10/01 Date Analyzed: 04/10/01

Moisture %:

QC Batch: 1101378

Client Sample Id: SMW-19A

CAS NO.	COMPOUND	(ug/L or ug/kg) ug/L	Q
108-88-3	Toluene	5.5	<u> </u>
108-90-7	Chlorobenzene	38	
100-41-4	Ethylbenzene	3.6	J
100-42-5	Styrene	10	ן ט
1330-20-7	Eylenes (total)	4.0	J

Lab Name: Severn Trent Laboratories, Inc. SDG Number: 1D07124

Lab Sample ID:A1D070124 010 Matrix: (soil/water) WG

Method: OCLP OLC02.1

Volatile Organics, GC/MS (CLP-Low Level)

Sample WT/Vol: 25 / mL Date Received: 04/07/01 Work Order: EAJ2V1AA Date Extracted:04/11/01 Dilution factor: 1 Date Analyzed: 04/11/01

Moisture *:

QC Batch: 1102435

Client Sample Id: SMW-DUP

CAS NO.	COMPOUND (ug/L or u	ıg/kg) ug/L	<u> </u>
74-87-3	Chloromethane	1.0	<u> </u>
74-83-9	Bromomethane	1.0	<u> </u>
75-01-4	Vinyl chloride	1.0	ם
75-00-3	Chloroethane	1.0	יםו
75-09-2	Methylene chloride	0.36	J
67-64-1	Acetone	5.0	<u>U</u>
75-15-0	Carbon disulfide	1.0	<u> </u>
75-35-4	1,1-Dichloroethene	1.0	<u> </u>
75-34-3	1,1-Dichloroethane	1.0	ן ס
540-59-0	1,2-Dichloroethene (total)	1.0	ן ס
67-66-3	Chloroform	2.1	B
107-06-2	1,2-Dichloroethane	1.0	ט ו
78-93-3	2-Butanone	5.0	ם
71-55-6	1,1,1-Trichloroethane	1.0	ם
56-23-5	Carbon tetrachloride	1.0	<u> </u>
75-27-4	Bromodichloromethane	1.0	
78-87-5	1,2-Dichloropropane	1.0	ים
10061-01-5	cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	1.0	ן ס
79-01-6	Trichloroethene	1.0	
124-48-1	Dibromochloromethane	1.0	<u></u>
79-00-5	1,1,2-Trichloroethane	1.0	ם
71-43-2	Benzene	1.0	ן ט
10061-02-6	trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	1.0_	
75-25-2	Bromoform	1.0	יט
108-10-1	4-Methyl-2-pentanone	1.0	ם
591-78-6	2-Hexanone	5.0	ט
127-18-4	Tetrachloroethene	0.11	J
79-34-5	1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	1.0	<u>ס</u>

Lab Name: Severn Trent Laboratories, Inc. SDG Number: 1D07124

Matrix: (soil/water) WG Lab Sample ID:AlD070124 010

Method: OCLP OLC02.1

Volatile Organics, GC/MS (CLP-Low Level)

Sample WT/Vol: 25 / mL Date Received: 04/07/01 Work Order: RAJ2V1AA Date Extracted: 04/11/01 Dilution factor: 1 Date Analyzed: 04/11/01

Moisture *:

QC Batch: 1102435

Client Sample Id: SMW-DUP

CAS_NO.	COMPOUND	(ug/L or ug/kg) ug/L	Q
108-88-3	Toluene	1.0	ן ט
108-90-7	Chlorobenzene	1.0	יס ו
100-41-4	Sthylbenzene	1.0	<u>ט</u>
100-42-5	Styrene	1.0	ן ט
1330-20-7	Xylenes (total)	11.0	l vi

Lab Name: Severn Trent Laboratories, Inc. SDG Number: 1D07124

Matrix: (soil/water) WQ Lab Sample ID:A1D070124 011

Method: OCLP OLC02.1

Volatile Organics, GC/MS (CLP-Low Level)

Sample WT/Vol: 25 / mL Work Order: EAJ2W1AA Dilution factor: 1 Date Received: 04/07/01 Date Extracted:04/11/01 Date Analyzed: 04/11/01

Moisture *:

QC Batch: 1102435

Client Sample Id: TRIP BLANK

CAS NO.	COMPOUND (ug/L or u	ig/kg) ug/L	Q
74-87-3	Chloromethane	1.0	<u> </u>
74-83-9	Bromomethane	1.0	<u> </u>
75-01-4	Vinyl chloride	1.0	ם
75-00-3	Chloroethane	1.0	ן ט
75-09-2	Methylene chloride	0.37	J
67-64-1	Acetone	5.0	<u> </u>
75-15-0	Carbon disulfide	1.0	ם ו
75-35-4	1,1-Dichloroethene	1.0	ן ט
75-34-3	1,1-Dichloroethane	1.0	U
540-59-0	1,2-Dichloroethene (total)	1.0	וס
67-66-3	Chloroform	1.0	<u>U</u>
107-06-2	1,2-Dichloroethane	1.0	U
78-93-3	2-Butanone	5.0	U
71-55-6	1,1,1-Trichloroethane	1.0	<u>ט</u>
56-23-5	Carbon tetrachloride	1.0	ם ו
75-27-4	Bromodichloromethane	1.0	<u>U</u>
78-87-5	1,2-Dichloropropane	1.0	<u>"</u>
10061-01-5	cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	1.0	<u>"</u>
79-01-6	Trichloroethene	1.0	<u>_</u>
124-48-1	Dibromochloromethane	1.0	<u>ט</u>
79-00-5	1,1,2-Trichloroethane	1.0	<u>ט</u>
71-43-2	Benzene	1.0	<u> </u>
10061-02-6	trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	1.0	<u>ט</u>
75-25-2	Bromoform	1.0	ט ו
108-10-1	4-Methyl-2-pentanone	1.0	ם
591-78-6	2-Hexanone	5.0	ט
127-18-4	Tetrachloroethene	1.0	<u>ס</u>
79-34-5	1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	1.0	ס

Lab Name: Severn Trent Laboratories, Inc. SDG Number: 1D07124

Matrix: (soil/water) WQ Lab Sample ID:A1D070124 011

Method: OCLP OLC02.1

Volatile Organics, GC/MS (CLP-Low Level)

Sample WT/Vol: 25 / mL Date Received: 04/07/01 Work Order: EAJ2W1AA Date Extracted:04/11/01 Dilution factor: 1 Date Analyzed: 04/11/01

Moisture %:

QC Batch: 1102435

Client Sample Id: TRIP BLANK

CAS NO.	COMPOUND	(ug/L or ug/kg) ug/L	Q ·
108-88-3	Toluene	1.0	ן ט
108-90-7	Chlorobenzene	1.0	ם ו
100-41-4	Ethylbenzene	1.0	ם ו
100-42-5	Styrene	1.0	ס
1330-20-7	Xylenes (total)	1.0	<u>ס</u>

Lab Name: Severn Trent Laboratories, Inc. SDG Number: 1D07124

Matrix: (soil/water) WG Lab Sample ID:A1D070124 012

Method: OCLP OLC02.1

Volatile Organics, GC/MS (CLP-Low Level)

Sample WT/Vol: 25 / mL Date Received: 04/07/01 Work Order: RAJ2X1AA Date Extracted: 04/10/01 Dilution factor: 25 Date Analyzed: 04/10/01

Moisture %:

QC Batch: 1101378

Client Sample Id: TMW-1

CAS NO.	COMPOUND (ug/L or ug	/kq) ug/L	Q
74-87-3	Chloromethane	25	<u>U</u>
74-83-9	Bromomethane	25	
75-01-4	Vinyl chloride	25	
75-00-3	Chloroethane	25	<u> </u>
75-09-2	Methylene chloride	270	
67-64-1	Acetone	170	B
75-15-0	Carbon disulfide	25	IU
75-35-4	1,1-Dichloroethene	25	
75-34-3	1,1-Dichloroethane	40	
540-59-0	1,2-Dichloroethene (total)	125	<u> </u>
67-66-3	Chloroform	42	
107-06-2	1,2-Dichloroethane	25	<u> </u>
78-93-3	2-Butanone	320	
71-55-6	1,1,1-Trichloroethane	460	
56-23-5	Carbon tetrachloride	25	<u> </u>
75-27-4	Bromodichloromethane	25	<u> </u>
78-87-5	1,2-Dichloropropane	25	
10061-01-5	cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	25	
79-01-6	Trichloroethene	29	
124-48-1	Dibromochloromethane	25	<u> </u>
79-00-5	1,1,2-Trichloroethane	25	
71-43-2	Benzene	15	J
10061-02-6	trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	25	
75-25-2	Bromoform	25	
108-10-1	4-Methyl-2-pentanone	560	
591-78-6	2-Hexanone	120	ប
127-18-4	Tetrachloroethene	42	
79-34-5	1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	25	ט

Lab Name: Severn Trent Laboratories, Inc. SDG Number: 1D07124

Matrix:

(soil/water) WG

Lab Sample ID:A1D070124 012

Method: OCLP OLC02.1

Volatile Organics, GC/MS (CLP-Low Level)

Sample WT/Vol: 25 / mL

Work Order: EAJ2X1AA

Date Received: 04/07/01 Date Extracted:04/10/01

Dilution factor: 25

Date Analyzed: 04/10/01

Moisture *:

QC Batch: 1101378

Client Sample Id: TMW-1

CAS NO.	COMPOUND	(ug/L or ug/kg) ug/L	0
108-88-3	Toluene	190	
108-90-7	Chlorobenzene	170	
100-41-4	Kthylbenzene	5.9	J
100-42-5	Styrene	25	<u> </u>
1330-20-7	Ivlenes (total)	126	

BRM

Lab Name: Severn Trent Laboratories, Inc. SDG Number: 1D07124

Matrix: (soil/water) WG Lab Sample ID:A1D070124 013

Method: OCLP OLC02.1

Volatile Organics, GC/MS (CLP-Low Level)

Sample WT/Vol: 25 / mL Date Received: 04/07/01 Work Order: EAJ201AA Date Extracted:04/10/01 Dilution factor: 16.67 Date Analyzed: 04/10/01

Moisture *:

QC Batch: 1101378

Client Sample Id: TMW-2

CAS NO,	COMPOUND (ug/L or u	ig/kg) ug/L	Q
74-87-3	Chloromethane	17	<u> </u>
74-83-9	Bromomethane	17	
75-01-4	Vinyl chloride	17	<u></u> ד
75-00-3	Chloroethane	17	ם ו
75-09-2	Methylene chloride	45	i(
67-64-1	Acetone	37	JB
75-15-0	Carbon disulfide	17	<u>ס</u>
75-35-4	1,1-Dichloroethene	3.5	J
75-34-3	1,1-Dichloroethane	7.1	J
540-59-0	1,2-Dichloroethene (total)	17	<u></u>
67-66-3	Chloroform	21	i
107-06-2	1,2-Dichloroethane	17	וט
78-93-3	2-Butanone	83	ט
71-55-6	1,1,1-Trichloroethane	320	
56-23-5	Carbon tetrachloride	17	ן ס
75-27-4	Bromodichloromethane	17	iv
78-87-5	1,2-Dichloropropane	17	ַ ט
10061-01-5	cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	17	U
79-01-6	Trichloroethene	71	
124-48-1	Dibromochloromethane	17	<u></u>
79-00-5	1,1,2-Trichloroethane	17	<u> </u>
71-43-2	Benzene	3.5	J
10061-02-6	trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	17	iii
75-25-2	Bromoform	17	<u></u>
108-10-1	4-Methyl-2-pentanone	21	
591-78-6	2-Hexanone	83	יס ו
127-18-4	Tetrachloroethene	58	
79-34-5	1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	17	U

Lab Name: Severn Trent Laboratories, Inc. SDG Number: 1D07124

Matrix: (soil/water) WG Lab Sample ID:A1D070124 013

Method: OCLP OLC02.1

Volatile Organics, GC/MS (CLP-Low Level)

Sample WT/Vol: 25 / mL Date Received: 04/07/01 Work Order: EAJ201AA Date Extracted: 04/10/01 Dilution factor: 16.67 Date Analyzed: 04/10/01

Moisture *:

QC Batch: 1101378

Client Sample Id: TMW-2

CAS NO.	COMPOUND	(ug/L or ug/kg) ug/L	Q
108-88-3	Toluene	49	_1
108-90-7	Chlorobenzene	58	
100-41-4	Ethylbenzene	3.5	J
100-42-5	Styrene	17	ן ט
1330-20-7	Xylenes (total)	17	

Lab Name: Severn Trent Laboratories, Inc. SDG Number: 1D07124

Matrix: (soil/water) WG Lab Sample ID:A1D070124 014

Method: OCLP OLC02.1

Volatile Organics, GC/MS (CLP-Low Level)

Sample WT/Vol: 25 / mL Date Received: 04/07/01 Work Order: RAJ211AA Date Extracted:04/11/01 Dilution factor: 1 Date Analyzed: 04/11/01

Moisture *:

QC Batch: 1102435

Client Sample Id: TMW-3

CAS NO.	COMPOUND (ug/L or u	ig/kg) ug/L	Q
74-87-3	Chloromethane	1.0	D
74-83-9	Bromomethane	1.0	<u> </u>
75-01-4	Vinyl chloride	1.0	<u>ט</u>
75-00-3	Chloroethane	1.0	ט
75-09-2	Methylene chloride	2.0	<u> </u>
67-64-1	Acetone	2.8	J
75-15-0	Carbon disulfide	1.0	U U
75-35-4	1,1-Dichloroethene	1.0	<u> </u>
75-34-3	1,1-Dichloroethane	1.0	
540-59-0	1,2-Dichloroethene (total)	1.0	Ū
67-66-3	Chloroform	1.0	ס
107-06-2	1,2-Dichloroethane	1.0	0
78-93-3	2-Butanone	5.0	i
71-55-6	1,1,1-Trichloroethane	1.3	
56-23-5	Carbon tetrachloride	1.0	ס ו
75-27-4	Bromodichloromethane	1.0	l u
78-87-5	1,2-Dichloropropane	1.0	U U
10061-01-5	cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	1.0	<u> </u>
79-01-6	Trichloroethene	0.24	<u>J</u>
124-48-1	Dibromochloromethane	1.0	<u> </u>
79-00-5	1,1,2-Trichloroethane	1.0	<u> </u>
71-43-2	Benzene	1.0	<u> </u>
10061-02-6	trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	1.0	<u> </u>
75-25-2	Bromoform	1.0	U
108-10-1	4-Methyl-2-pentanone	1.0	ם ו
591-78-6	2-Hexanone	5.0	U
127-18-4	Tetrachloroethene	0.42	J
79-34-5	1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	1.0	<u> </u>

BRM

Lab Name: Severn Trent Laboratories, Inc. SDG Number: 1D07124

Matrix: (soil/water) WG Lab Sample ID:A1D070124 014

Method: OCLP OLC02.1

Volatile Organics, GC/MS (CLP-Low Level)

Sample WT/Vol: 25 / mL Date Received: 04/07/01 Work Order: EAJ211AA Date Extracted: 04/11/01 Dilution factor: 1 Date Analyzed: 04/11/01

Moisture %:

QC Batch: 1102435

Client Sample Id: TMW-3

	CAS NO.	COMPOUND (t	ug/L or ug/kg) ug/L	Q	
Ī	108-88-3	Toluene	0.37	J	
Ì	108-90-7	Chlorobenzene	0.44	JJ	i
Ì	100-41-4	Ethylbenzene]1.0		<u> </u>
İ	100-42-5	Styrene	1.0		<u></u>
Ì	1330-20-7	Xylenes (total)	0.13	J	i

Lab Name: Severn Trent Laboratories, Inc. SDG Number: 1D07124

Matrix: (soil/water) WG Lab Sample ID:AlD070124 015

Method: OCLP OLC02.1

Volatile Organics, GC/MS (CLP-Low Level)

Sample WT/Vol: 25 / mL Date Received: 04/07/01 Work Order: EAJ221AA Date Extracted:04/11/01 Dilution factor: 10 Date Analyzed: 04/11/01

Moisture *:

QC Batch: 1101378

Client Sample Id: TMW-4

CAS NO.	COMPOUND (ug/L or u	ig/kg) ug/L	Q
74-87-3	Chloromethane	10	
74-83-9	Bromomethane	10	ע
75-01-4	Vinyl chloride	71	
75-00-3	Chlorosthane	10	<u> </u>
75-09-2	Methylene chloride	2.2	<u> </u>
67-64-1	Acetone	16	[JB
75-15-0	Carbon disulfide	10	<u> U</u>
75-35-4	1,1-Dichloroethene	15.5	<u> </u>
75-34-3	1,1-Dichloroethane	26	i!
540-59-0	1,2-Dichloroethene (total)	17	i
67-66-3	Chloroform	1.9	J
107-06-2	1,2-Dichloroethane	10	<u> U</u>
78-93-3	2-Butanone	50	<u>ס</u>
71-55-6	1,1,1-Trichloroethane	130	
56-23-5	Carbon tetrachloride	10	ט
75-27-4	Bromodichloromethane	10	العال
78-87-5	1,2-Dichloropropane	10	יס ו
10061-01-5	cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	10	<u>ס</u>
79-01-6	Trichloroethene	37	ii
124-48-1	Dibromochloromethane	10	<u> </u>
79-00-5	1,1,2-Trichloroethane	10	<u> </u>
71-43-2	Benzene	1.3	<u> [J</u>
10061-02-6	trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	10	ป
75-25-2	Bromoform	10	<u> </u>
108-10-1	4-Methyl-2-pentanone	10	U
591-78-6	2-Hexanone	50	ן ס
127-18-4	Tetrachloroethene	130	
79-34-5	1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	10	יס ו

Lab Name: Severn Trent Laboratories, Inc.

SDG Number:1D07124

Matrix: (soil/water) WG

Lab Sample ID:A1D070124 015

Method: OCLP OLC02.1

Volatile Organics, GC/MS (CLP-Low Level)

Sample WT/Vol: 25 / mL Work Order: RAJ221AA Dilution factor: 10

Date Received: 04/07/01 Date Extracted:04/11/01 Date Analyzed: 04/11/01

Moisture *:

QC Batch: 1101378

Client Sample Id: TMW-4

CAS NO.	COMPOUND	(ug/L or ug/kg) ug/L	Q
108-88-3	Toluene	2.2	j o j
108-90-7	Chlorobenzene	21	ii
100-41-4	Ethylbenzene	10	ן ס
100-42-5	Styrene	10	וס ו
1330-20-7	Ivlenes (total)	11.3	J

BRM

Lab Name: Severn Trent Laboratories, Inc. SDG Number: 1D07124

Matrix: (soil/water) WG Lab Sample ID:A1D070124 016

Method: OCLP OLC02.1

Volatile Organics, GC/MS (CLP-Low Level)

Sample WT/Vol: 25 / mL Date Received: 04/07/01 Work Order: EAJ231AA Date Extracted: 04/11/01 Dilution factor: 1000 Date Analyzed: 04/11/01

Moisture *:

QC Batch: 1102435

Client Sample Id: TMW-5

CAS NO.	COMPOUND (ug/L or 1	ug/kg) ug/L	<u>Q</u>
74-87-3	Chloromethane	1000	<u> </u>
74-83-9	Bromomethane	1000	<u> </u>
75-01-4	Vinyl chloride	1000	<u> </u>
75-00-3	Chloroethane	780	<u> </u>
75-09-2	Methylene chloride	2000	<u> </u>
67-64-1	Acetone	5000	ן די
75-15-0	Carbon disulfide	1000	<u> </u>
75-35-4	1,1-Dichloroethene	1000	iu
75-34-3	1,1-Dichloroethane	150	<u> </u>
540-59-0	1,2-Dichloroethene (total)	1000	<u> </u>
67-66-3	Chloroform	150	[JB
107-06-2	1,2-Dichloroethane	1000	<u> </u>
78-93-3	2-Butanone	5000	<u>"</u>
71-55-6	1,1,1-Trichloroethane	1000	U U
56-23-5	Carbon tetrachloride	1000	<u> </u>
75-27-4	Bromodichloromethane	1000	ן ט
78-87-5	1,2-Dichloropropane	1000	<u> </u>
10061-01-5	cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	1000	<u> </u>
79-01-6	Trichlorcethene	1000	<u> </u>
124-48-1	Dibromochloromethane	1000	<u> </u>
79-00-5	1,1,2-Trichloroethane	1000	ן
71-43-2	Benzene	320	<u>J</u> [
10061-02-6	trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	1000	<u> u</u>
75-25-2	Bromoform	1000	<u> </u>
108-10-1	4-Methyl-2-pentanone	1000	<u>ט</u>
591-78-6	2-Hexanone	5000	<u></u>
127-18-4	Tetrachloroethene	1000	יט
79-34-5	1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	1000	וט
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BRM

Lab Name: Severn Trent Laboratories, Inc.

SDG Number:1D07124

Matrix: (soil/water) WG

Lab Sample ID:A1D070124 016

Method: OCLP OLC02.1

Volatile Organics, GC/MS (CLP-Low Level)

Sample WT/Vol: 25 / mL Work Order: EAJ231AA

Date Received: 04/07/01 Date Extracted: 04/11/01

Dilution factor: 1000

Date Analyzed: 04/11/01

Moisture *:

QC Batch: 1102435

Client Sample Id: TMW-5

CAS NO.	COMPOUND	(ug/L or ug/kg) ug/L	0
108-88-3	Toluene	13000	_{
108-90-7	Chlorobenzene	5400	
100-41-4	Ethylbenzene	370	J
100-42-5	Styrene	1000	ַ ט
1330-20-7	Xylenes (total)	1700	

Lab Name:Severn Trent Laboratories, Inc. SDG Number:1D07124

Matrix: (soil/water) WG Lab Sample ID:A1D070124 017

Method: OCLP OLC02.1

Volatile Organics, GC/MS (CLP-Low Level)

Sample WT/Vol: 25 / mL Date Received: 04/07/01 Work Order: EAJ261AA Date Extracted: 04/11/01 Dilution factor: 166.67 Date Analyzed: 04/11/01

Moisture *:

QC Batch: 1101378

Client Sample Id: TMW-6

CAS NO.	COMPOUND (ug/L or u	ig/kg) ug/L	Q
74-87-3	Chloromethane	170	<u> </u>
74-83-9	Bromomethane	170	<u>U</u>
75-01-4	Vinyl chloride	170	<u>ט</u>
75-00-3	Chloroethane	1240	
75-09-2	Methylene chloride	330	ט
67-64-1	Acetone	830	<u> </u>
75-15-0	Carbon disulfide	170	<u> </u>
75-35-4	1,1-Dichloroethene	170	
75-34-3	1,1-Dichloroethane	170	<u> </u>
540-59-0	1,2-Dichloroethene (total)	170	<u> </u>
67-66-3	Chloroform	170	<u> </u>
107-06-2	1,2-Dichloroethane	170	
78-93-3	2-Butanone	830	<u>u</u>
71-55-6	1,1,1-Trichloroethane	170	ט
56-23-5	Carbon tetrachloride	170	<u> </u>
75-27-4	Bromodichloromethane	170	ט
78-87-5	1,2-Dichloropropane	170	Ū
10061-01-5	cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	170	U U
79-01-6	Trichloroethene	170	ט
124-48-1	Dibromochloromethane	170	
79-00-5	1,1,2-Trichloroethane	170	
71-43-2	Benzene	290	i
10061-02-6	trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	170	0
75-25-2	Bromoform	170	ט ו
108-10-1	4-Methyl-2-pentanone	170	ט נ
591-78-6	2-Hexanone	830	ט
127-18-4	Tetrachloroethene	19	J
79 - 34 - 5	1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	170	Ū

Lab Name: Severn Trent Laboratories, Inc.

SDG Number:1D07124

Matrix: (soil/water) WG

Lab Sample ID:A1D070124 017

Method: OCLP OLC02.1

Volatile Organics, GC/MS (CLP-Low Level)

Sample WT/Vol: 25 / mL Work Order: EAJ261AA

Date Received: 04/07/01 Date Extracted: 04/11/01 Date Analyzed: 04/11/01

Dilution factor: 166.67 Moisture *:

QC Batch: 1101378

Client Sample Id: TMW-6

CAS NO.	COMPOUND	(ug/L or ug/kg) ug/L	Q
108-88-3	Toluene	77	
108-90-7	Chlorobenzene	3700	
100-41-4	Ethylbenzene	45	J
100-42-5	Styrene	170	ַן
1330-20-7	Xylenes (total)	310	

Lab Name: Severn Trent Laboratories, Inc. SDG Number: 1D07124

Matrix: (soil/water) WQ Lab Sample ID:AlD070124 018

Method: OCLP OLC02.1

Volatile Organics, GC/MS (CLP-Low Level)

Sample WT/Vol: 25 / mL Date Received: 04/07/01 Work Order: RAJ271AA Date Extracted: 04/11/01 Dilution factor: 1 Date Analyzed: 04/11/01

Moisture *:

QC Batch: 1102435

Client Sample Id: HLDBLK

CAS NO.	COMPOUND (ug/L or u	ig/kg) ug/L	Q
74-87-3	Chloromethane	1.0	<u> "</u>
74-83-9	Bromomethane	1.0	<u> </u>
75-01-4	Vinyl chloride	1.0	ן ט
75-00-3	Chloroethane	1.0	<u> </u>
75-09-2	Methylene chloride	0.26	<u> </u> J
67-64-1	Acetone	<u> 5.0</u>	<u> </u>
75-15-0	Carbon disulfide	1.0	<u>U</u>
75-35-4	1,1-Dichloroethene	1.0	<u> </u>
75-34-3	1,1-Dichloroethane	11.0	<u></u>
540-59-0	1,2-Dichloroethene (total)	11.0	<u>U</u>
67-66-3	Chloroform	1.0	<u>"</u>
107-06-2	1,2-Dichloroethane	1.0	<u>_</u>
78-93-3	2-Butanone	5.0	<u> </u>
71-55-6	1,1,1-Trichloroethane	1.0	<u> </u>
56-23-5	Carbon tetrachloride	1.0	<u> </u>
75-27-4	Bromodichloromethane	1,0	<u> </u>
78-87-5	1,2-Dichloropropane	1.0	U
10061-01-5	cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	1.0	<u> </u>
79-01-6	Trichloroethene	1.0	l <u></u> ul
124-48-1	Dibromochloromethane	11.0	<u> U </u>
79-00-5	1,1,2-Trichloroethane	1.0	<u>U</u>
71-43-2	Benzene	1.0	וס ו
10061-02-6	trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	1.0	<u> </u>
75-25-2	Bromoform	1.0	יס ו
108-10-1	4-Methyl-2-pentanone	1.0	บ
591-78-6	2-Hexanone	5.0	U U
127-18-4	Tetrachloroethene	1.0	U
79-34-5	1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	1.0	<u>י</u>

Lab Name: Severn Trent Laboratories, Inc.

SDG Number:1D07124

Matrix: (soil/water) WQ

Lab Sample ID:A1D070124 018

Method: OCLP OLC02.1

Volatile Organics, GC/MS (CLP-Low Level)

Sample WT/Vol: 25 / mL

Date Received: 04/07/01 Date Extracted: 04/11/01

Work Order: EAJ271AA Dilution factor: 1

Date Analyzed: 04/11/01

Moisture 4:

QC Batch: 1102435

Client Sample Id: HLDBLK

CAS NO.	COMPOUND	(ug/L or ug/kg) ug/L	<u> </u>
108-88-3	Toluene	1,0	ט
108-90-7	Chlorobenzene	1.0	<u> </u>
100-41-4	Ethylbenzene	1.0	U
100-42-5	Styrene	1.0	<u>"</u>
1330-20-7	Xylenes (total)		ט



SDG NARRATIVE

This narrative pertains to samples received from ERM from the MD Sand, Grayel & Stone Site, project number 48410.01. This data package, completed by STL North Canton, consists of data from the volatile analyses of five (5) water samples, two (2) waste samples and one (1) quality control sample analyzed using the CLP OLM02.1 protocols.

The following is a listing of the samples in SDG 1E25274:

Laboratory ID	Client ID	Sample <u>Receipt Date</u>
ED1NG	TMW-1S	05/25/01
ED1NR	TMW-2S	05/25/01
EDINX	TMW-5S	05/25/01
ED1N0	TMW-6S	05/25/01
ED1PH	TMW-7S	05/25/01
ED1PL	TB-1(5/24/	05/25/01
ED1PR	HLDBLK	05/25/01

During sample receipt, the following anomalies occurred:

See STL's Cooler Receipt Form for additional information.

During the preparation and analyses of these samples, the following anomalies occurred:

GC/MS VOLATILES

Sample(s) that contained concentrations of target analyte(s) at a reportable level in the associated Method Blank(s) were flagged with "B". All target analytes in the Method Blank must be below the reporting limit (RL) or the associated sample(s) must be ND with the exception of common laboratory contaminants.

Sample(s) that contain results between the MDL and the RL were flagged with "J". There is the possibility of false positive or mis-identification at these quantitation levels. In analytical methods requiring confirmation of the analyte reported, confirmation was performed only down to the standard reporting limit (SRL). The acceptance criteria

Some samples had elevated reporting limits due to matrix interferences, TICs, or dilution.

Jeffrey C. Smith
Project Manager
June 7, 2001

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SAMPLE DATA

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Lab Name: Severn Trent Laboratories, Inc.

SDG Number: 1E25274

Matrix: (soil/water) WG

Lab Sample ID:A1E250274 001

Method: SW846 8260B

Volatile Organics, GC/MS (8260B)

Sample WT/Vol: 2 / g Work Order: ED1NG1AA Dilution factor: 20 Date Received: 05/25/01 Date Extracted:05/30/01 Date Analyzed: 05/30/01

QC Batch: 1150502

Client Sample Id: TMW-1S Soil Extract Vol: 10 / mL

Soil Aliquot Vol: 2 / uL

CAS NO.	COMPOUND (ug/L or u	g/kg) ug/kg	0
74-87-3	Chloromethane	24000	_
74-83-9	Bromomethane	24000	
75-01-4	Vinyl chloride	24000	ات ا
75-00-3	Chloroethane	24000	_ l ul
75-09-2	Methylene chloride	140000	[
67-64-1	Acetone	210000	1
75-15-0	Carbon disulfide	12000	0
75-35-4	1,1-Dichloroethene	6200]3
75-34-3	1,1-Dichloroethane	12000	D
540-59-0	1,2-Dichloroethene (total)	12000	
67-66-3	Chloroform	25000	
107-06-2	1,2-Dichloroethane	12000_	<u> </u>
78-93-3	2-Butanone	490000	
71-55-6	1,1,1-Trichloroethane	130000	
56-23-5	Carbon tetrachloride	12000	_
75-27-4	Bromodichloromethane	12000	ات
78-87-5	1,2-Dichloropropane	12000	ע
10061-01-5	cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	12000	<u> </u>
79-01-6	Trichloroethene	20000	!
124-48-1	Dibromochloromethane	12000	
79-00-5	1,1,2-Trichloroethane	12000	
71-43-2	Benzene	12000	!!
10061-02-6	trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	12000	
75-25-2	Bromoform	12000	
108-10-1	4-Methyl-2-pentanone	670000	
591-78-6	2-Hexanone	50000	<u> </u>
127-18-4	Tetrachloroethene	26000	{
79-34-5	1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	12000	ט

Lab Name: Severn Trent Laboratories, Inc.

SDG Number: 1E25274

Matrix: (soil/water) WG

Lab Sample ID:A1R250274 001

Method: SW846 8260B

Volatile Organics, GC/MS (8260B)

Sample WT/Vol: 2 / g Work Order: ED1NG1AA Dilution factor: 20

Date Received: 05/25/01 Date Extracted:05/30/01 Date Analyzed: 05/30/01

QC Batch: 1150502

Client Sample Id: TMW-18 Soil Extract Vol: 10 / mL

Soil Aliquot Vol: 2 / uL

CAS NO.	COMPOUND	(ug/L or ug/kg) ug/kg Q	
108-88-3	Toluene	160000	
108-90-7	Chlorobenzene	120000	
100-41-4	Ethylbenzene	12000	ס
100-42-5	Styrene	12000	ט
1330-20-7	Tylenes (total)	23000	

Lab Name: Severn Trent Laboratories, Inc. SDG Number: 1E25274

Matrix: (soil/water) WG Lab Sample ID:A1E250274 001

Method: SW846 8260B

Volatile Organics, GC/MS (8260B)

Sample WT/Vol: 2.01 / g

Date Received: 05/25/01

Work Order: ED1NG2AA

Date Extracted:06/01/01

Dilution factor: 1990.05

Date Analyzed: 06/01/01

QC Batch: 1155456

Client Sample Id: TMW-1S -RE 1

Soil Extract Vol: 10 / mL Soil Aliquot Vol: 1 / uL

	CONCENTION	LION ONLIG.	
CAS NO.	COMPOUND (ug/L or t	1g/kg) ug/kg	<u>Q</u>
74-87-3	Chloromethane	2400000	
74-83-9	Bromomethane	2400000	ן ט
75-01-4	Vinyl chloride	2400000	<u> </u>
75-00-3	Chloroethane	2400000	_
75-09-2	Methylene chloride	1600000	
67-64-1	Acetone	5000000	ן ט
75-15-0	Carbon disulfide	1200000	<u></u>
75-35-4	1,1-Dichloroethene	1200000	ן ט
75-34-3	1,1-Dichloroethane	1200000	ן ט
540-59-0	1,2-Dichloroethene (total)	1200000	<u> </u>
67-66-3	Chloroform	940000	<u> </u>
107-06-2	1,2-Dichloroethane	1200000	U
78-93-3	2-Butanone	5000000	יט
71-55-6	1,1,1-Trichloroethane	23000000	i
56-23-5	Carbon tetrachloride	1200000	ט
75-27-4	Bromodichloromethane	1200000	יט ו
78-87-5	1,2-Dichloropropane	1200000	יט ו
10061-01-5	cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	1200000	וֹט
79-01-6	Trichloroethene	3700000	<u> </u>
124-48-1	Dibromochloromethane	1200000	ן ס
79-00-5	1,1,2-Trichloroethane	1200000	יס ו
71-43-2	Benzene	870000	J
10061-02-6	trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	1200000	ט
75-25-2	Bromoform	1200000	T T
108-10-1	4-Methyl-2-pentanone	5200000	i
591-78-6	2-Hexanone	5000000	ָ <u></u>
127-18-4	Tetrachloroethene	16000000	
79-34-5	1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	1200000	יס ו
			

Lab Name: Severn Trent Laboratories, Inc. SDG Number: 1E25274

Matrix: (soil/water) WG

Lab Sample ID:A1E250274 001

Method: SW846 8260B

Volatile Organics, GC/MS (8260B)

Sample WT/Vol: 2.01 / g

Date Received: 05/25/01 Date Extracted: 05/01/01

Work Order: ED1NG2AA Dilution factor: 1990.05

Date Analyzed: 06/01/01

QC Batch: 1155456

Client Sample Id: TMW-1S -RE 1

Soil Extract Vol: 10 / mL

Soil Aliquot Vol: 1 / uL

CAS NO.	COMPOUND	(ug/L or ug/kg) ug/kg Q
108-88-3	Toluene	38000000
108-90-7	Chlorobenzene	37000000
100-41-4	Ethylbenzene	2100000
100-42-5	Styrene	1200000 0
1330-20-7	Tylenes (total)	12000000

Lab Name: Severn Trent Laboratories, Inc.

SDG Number:1E25274

Matrix: (soil/water) WG

Lab Sample ID:A1E250274 002

Method: OCLP OLC02.1

Volatile Organics, GC/MS (CLP-Low Level)

Sample WT/Vol: 25 / mL Work Order: ED1NR1AA Dilution factor: 6250 Date Received: 05/25/01 Date Extracted: 05/30/01 Date Analyzed: 05/30/01

Moisture 1:

QC Batch: 1151299

Client Sample Id: TMW-2S

CAS NO.	COMPOUND (ug/L or u	ig/kg) ug/L	0
74-87-3	Chloromethane	6200	<u> </u>
74-83-9	Bromomethane	6200	<u> </u>
75-01-4	Vinyl chloride	6200	
75-00-3	Chloroethane	6200	<u> </u>
75-09-2	Methylene chloride	39000	{
67-64-1	Acetone	18000	JВ
75-15-0	Carbon disulfide	6200	<u> </u>
75-35-4	1,1-Dichloroethene	6200	ט
75-34-3	1,1-Dichloroethane	6200	<u></u>
540-59-0	1,2-Dichloroethene (total)	6200	ַן ַ ַ ַ ַ ַ ַ ַ ַ ַ ַ ַ ַ ַ ַ ַ ַ ַ ַ
67-66-3	Chloroform	17000	В
107-06-2	1,2-Dichloroethane	6200	U U
78-93-3	2-Butanone	31000	
71-55-6	1,1,1-Trichloroethane	76000	{
56-23-5	Carbon tetrachloride	6200	U
75-27-4	Bromodichloromethane	6200	U
78-87-5	1,2-Dichloropropane	6200	
10061-01-5	cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	6200	lU
79-01-6	Trichloroethene	43000	{[
124-48-1	Dibromochloromethane	6200	U
79-00-5	1,1,2-Trichloroethane	6200	
71-43-2	Benzene	6200	<u>"</u>
10061-02-6	trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	6200	<u> </u>
75-25-2	Bromoform	5200	וֹשו
108-10-1	4-Methyl-2-pentanone	62000	ii
591-78-6	2-Hexanone	31000	ם ם
127-18-4	Tetrachloroethene	17000	
79-34-5	1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	6200	U

Lab Name: Severn Trent Laboratories, Inc. SDG Number: 1E25274

Matrix: (soil/water) WG Lab Sample ID:A1E250274 002

Method: OCLP OLC02.1

Volatile Organics, GC/MS (CLP-Low Level)

Sample WT/Vol: 25 / mL Date Received: 05/25/01 Work Order: EDINRIAA Date Extracted:05/30/01

Dilution factor: 6250 Date Analyzed: 05/30/01

Moisture *:

QC Batch: 1151299

Client Sample Id: TMW-2S

CAS NO.	COMPOUND	ug/L or ug/kg) ug/L (
108-88-3	Toluene	120000	
108-90-7	Chlorobenzene	57000	i
100-41-4	Ethylbenzene	6200	U
100-42-5	Styrene	6200	יס
1330-20-7	Tylenes (total)	23000	ii

Lab Name: Severn Trent Laboratories, Inc. SDG Number: 1E25274

Matrix: (soil/water) WG

Lab Sample ID:A1E250274 003

Method: OCLP OLC02.1

Volatile Organics, GC/MS (CLP-Low Level)

Sample WT/Vol: 25 / mL Work Order: ED1NX1AA Dilution factor: 4166.67 Date Received: 05/25/01 Date Extracted: 05/31/01 Date Analyzed: 05/31/01

Moisture *:

QC Batch: 1151299

Client Sample Id: TMW-5S

CAS NO.	COMPOUND (ug/L or t	ig/kg) ug/L	Q
74-87-3	Chloromethane	4200	<u></u>
74-83-9	Bromomethane	4200	<u> </u>
75-01-4	Vinyl chloride	4200	<u> </u>
75-00-3	Chloroethane	4200	<u> </u>
75-09-2	Methylene chloride	29000	
67-64-1	Acetone	7300	<u> ЈВ </u>
75-15-0	Carbon disulfide	4200	<u> </u>
75-35-4	1,1-Dichloroethene	4200	<u>"</u>
75-34-3	1,1-Dichloroethane	670	l
540-59-0	1,2-Dichloroethene (total)	600	J
67-66-3	Chloroform	2100	Ј В
107-06-2	1,2-Dichloroethane	4200	ਹ
78-93-3	2-Butanone	21000	ן ט
71-55-6	1,1,1-Trichloroethane	32000	i
56-23-5	Carbon tetrachloride	4200	ŭ
75-27-4	Bromodichloromethane	720	JB
78-87-5	1,2-Dichloropropane	4200	<u>י</u>
10061-01-5	cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	4200	ט
79-01-6	Trichloroethene	18000	ii
124-48-1	Dibromochloromethane	4200	ן ס
79-00-5	1,1,2-Trichloroethane	4200	<u>ט</u>
71-43-2	Benzene	1700	J
10061-02-6	trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	4200	ן די
75-25-2	Bromoform	4200	ן ס
108-10-1	4-Methyl-2-pentanone	26000	i i
591-78-6	2-Hexanone	21000	י די
127-18-4	Tetrachloroethene	7700	i
79-34-5	1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	4200	

Lab Name: Severn Trent Laboratories, Inc.

SDG Number:1E25274

Matrix: (soil/water) WG

Lab Sample ID:A1E250274 003

Method: OCLP OLC02.1

Volatile Organics, GC/MS (CLP-Low Level)

Sample WT/Vol: 25 / mL

Date Received: 05/25/01

Work Order: EDINXLAA

Date Extracted: 05/31/01

Dilution factor: 4166.67

Date Analyzed: 05/31/01

Moisture 1:

QC Batch: 1151299

Client Sample Id: TMW-5S

CAS NO.	COMPOUND	(ug/L or ug/kg) ug/L	Q
108-88-3	Toluene	63000	
108-90-7	Chlorobenzene	12000	.1
100-41-4	Ethylbenzene	1000	J
100-42-5	Styrene	4200	וס סו
1330-20-7	Xylenes (total)	5000	i

BRM

Lab Name: Severn Trent Laboratories, Inc.

SDG Number: 1E25274

Matrix: (soil/water) WG

Lab Sample ID:A1E250274 004

Method: SW846 8260B

Volatile Organics, GC/MS (8260B)

Sample WT/Vol: 2.01 / g Work Order: ED1N02AA Dilution factor: 99.5

Date Received: 05/25/01 Date Extracted: 06/01/01 Date Analyzed: 06/01/01

QC Batch: 1155456

Client Sample Id: TMW-6S -RE 1

Soil Extract Vol: 10 / mL

Soil Aliquot Vol: 2 / uL

CAS NO.	COMPOUND (ug/L or u	iq/kg) ug/kg	Q
74-87-3	Chloromethane	120000	
74-83-9	Bromomethane	120000	ט ו
75-01-4	Vinyl chloride	120000	יס ו
75-00-3	Chloroethane	120000	ן ס
75-09-2	Methylene chloride	170000	
67-64-1	Acetone	91000	J i
75-15-0	Carbon disulfide	62000	<u>ט</u>
75-35-4	1,1-Dichloroethene	62000	
75-34-3	1,1-Dichloroethane	62000	_
540-59-0	1,2-Dichloroethene (total)	62000	
67-66-3	Chloroform	62000	
107-06-2	1,2-Dichloroethane	62000	_ <u></u>
78-93-3	2-Butanone	250000	_
71-55-6	1,1,1-Trichloroethane	510000	
56-23-5	Carbon tetrachloride	62000	ן ט
75-27-4	Bromodichloromethane	62000	_
78-87-5	1,2-Dichloropropane	62000	ן ט
10061-01-5	cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	62000	<u> </u>
79-01-6_	Trichloroethene	180000	
124-48-1	Dibromochloromethane	62000	_ <u> </u>
79-00-5	1,1,2-Trichloroethane	62000	_
71-43-2	Benzene	62000	_
10061-02-6	trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	62000	_
75-25-2	Bromoform	62000	_
108-10-1	4-Methyl-2-pentanone	360000	
591-78-6	2-Hexanone	250000	ם
127-18-4	Tetrachloroethene	240000	
79-34-5	1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	62000	U

Lab Name: Severn Trent Laboratories, Inc. SDG Number: 1E25274

Matrix: (soil/water) WG Lab Sample ID:A1E250274 004

Method: SW846 8260B

Volatile Organics, GC/MS (8260B)

Sample WT/Vol: 2.01 / g

Date Received: 05/25/01

Work Order: ED1N02AA

Date Extracted: 06/01/01

Dilution factor: 99.5

Date Analyzed: 06/01/01

QC Batch: 1155456

Client Sample Id: TMW-6S -RE 1

Soil Extract Vol: 10 / mL Soil Aliquot Vol: 2 / uL

CAS NO.	COMPOUND	(ug/L or ug/kg) ug/kg	<u> </u>
108-88-3	Toluene	430000	
108-90-7	Chlorobenzene	360000	
100-41-4	Rthylbenzene	40000	J
100-42-5	Styrene	62000	ט
1330-20-7	Tylenes (total)	230000	

ERM TENTATIVELY IDENTIFIED COMPOUNDS

Lab Name: Severn Trent Laboratories, Inc.

SDG Number: 1825274

Matrix: (soil/water) WG

Lab Sample ID:A1E250274 004

Method: SW846 8260B

Volatile Organics, GC/MS (8260B)

Sample WT/Vol: 2.01 / g Work Order: ED1NO2AA Dilution factor: 99.5 Date Received: 05/25/01 Date Extracted:06/01/01 Date Analyzed: 06/01/01

QC Batch: 1155456

Client Sample Id: TMW-6S -RE 1

Soil Extract Vol: 10 / mL

Soil Aliquot Vol: 2 / uL

(uq/L or ug/kg) uq/kq

(ug/n or ug/kg) ug/kg				
CAS NUMBER	COMPOUND NAME	RT	EST. CONC.	0
106-46-7	1,4-Dichlorobenzene	9.863	130000	·
95-50-1	1,2-Dichlorobenzene	10.23	67000	[]
120-82-1	1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	11.827	1900000	İ
87-61-6	1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene	12.312	380000	i i

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Lab Name: Severn Trent Laboratories, Inc. SDG Number: 1E25274

Matrix: (soil/water) WG

Lab Sample ID:A1E250274 005

Method: OCLP OLC02.1

Volatile Organics, GC/MS (CLP-Low Level)

Sample WT/Vol: 25 / mL

Work Order: ED1PH1AA

Dilution factor: 12500

Date Received: 05/25/01

Date Extracted: 05/31/01 Date Analyzed: 05/31/01

Moisture %:

QC Batch: 1151299

Client Sample Id: TMW-7S

COMPOUND (ug/L or u	ig/kg) ug/L	0
Chloromethane	12000	
Bromomethane	12000	<u></u>
Vinyl chloride	12000	<u> </u>
Chloroethane	12000	ט
Methylene chloride	43000	i
Acetone	34000	J B
Carbon disulfide	12000	<u> </u>
1,1-Dichloroethene	12000	<u> </u>
1,1-Dichloroethane	12000	0
1,2-Dichloroethene (total)	12000	ן ט
Chloroform	19000	B
1,2-Dichloroethane	12000	<u>"</u>
2-Butanone	62000	U
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	74000	
Carbon tetrachloride	12000	<u></u>
Bromodichloromethane	12000	<u> </u>
1,2-Dichloropropane	12000	Ū
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	12000	
Trichloroethene	42000	
Dibromochloromethane	12000	<u> </u>
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	12000	ן ט
Benzene	12000	ים וים
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	12000	ן ט
Bromoform	12000	<u>"</u>
4-Methyl-2-pentanone	61000	
2-Hexanone	62000	יט
Tetrachloroethene	17000	
1,1,2,2-Tetrachlorgethane	12000	ט
	Chloromethane Bromomethane Vinyl chloride Chloroethane Methylene chloride Acetone Carbon disulfide 1,1-Dichloroethane 1,2-Dichloroethane 1,2-Dichloroethane (total) Chloroform 1,2-Dichloroethane 2-Butanone 1,1,1-Trichloroethane Carbon tetrachloride Bromodichloromethane 1,2-Dichloropropane cis-1,3-Dichloropropene Trichloroethane Dibromochloromethane 1,1,2-Trichloroethane 1,1,2-Trichloroethane Benzene trans-1,3-Dichloropropene Bromoform 4-Methyl-2-pentanone 2-Hexanone Tetrachloroethene	Chloromethane

BRM

Lab Name: Severn Trent Laboratories, Inc. SDG Number: 1E25274

Matrix: (soil/water) WG Lab Sample ID:A1E250274 005

Method: OCLP OLC02.1

Volatile Organics, GC/MS (CLP-Low Level)

Sample WT/Vol: 25 / mL Date Received: 05/25/01 Work Order: ED1PH1AA Date Extracted:05/31/01 Dilution factor: 12500 Date Analyzed: 05/31/01

Moisture *:

QC Batch: 1151299

Client Sample Id: TMW-7S

CAS NO.	COMPOUND	(ug/L or ug/kg) ug/L	<u> </u>
108-88-3	Toluene	120000	.
108-90-7	Chlorobenzeze	57000	
100-41-4	Ethylbenzene	12000	ט
100-42-5	Styrene	12000	וס
1330-20-7	Xylenes (total)	22000	_ ii

Lab Name: Severn Trent Laboratories, Inc.

SDG Number: 1E25274

Matrix: (soil/water) WG

Lab Sample ID:A1E250274 008

Method: OCLP OLC02.1 Volatile Organics, GC/MS (CLP-Low Level)

Sample WT/Vol: 25 / mL Work Order: ED1PR1AA

Date Received: 05/25/01 Date Extracted:05/30/01 Date Analyzed: 05/30/01

Dilution factor: 1 Moisture *:

QC Batch: 1151299

Client Sample Id: HLDBLK

CAS NO.	COMPOUND (ug/L or t	ig/kg) ug/L	Q
74-87-3	Chloromethane	1.0	<u> </u>
74-83-9	Bromomethane	1.0	<u></u>
75-01-4	Vinyl chloride	1.0	<u> </u>
75-00-3	Chloroethane	1.0	<u> </u>
75-09-2	Methylene chloride	2.0	<u> </u>
67-64-1	Acetone	2.2	<u> </u>
75-15-0	Carbon disulfide	1.0	
75-35-4	1,1-Dichloroethene	1.0	<u>"</u>
75-34-3	1,1-Dichloroethane	1.0	<u>"</u>
540-59-0	1,2-Dichloroethene (total)	1.0	<u> </u>
67-66-3	Chloroform	1.0	<u> </u>
107-06-2	1,2-Dichloroethane	1.0	<u> </u> <u> </u> <u> </u>
78-93-3	2-Butanone	5.0	ן ט
71-55-6	1,1,1-Trichloroethane	1.0	<u></u>
56-23-5	Carbon tetrachloride	1.0	<u> </u>
75-27-4	Bromodichloromethane	1.0	U
78-87-5	1,2-Dichloropropane	1.0	<u> </u>
10061-01-5	cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	1.0	
79-01-6	Trichloroethene	1.0	<u> </u>
124-48-1	Dibromochloromethane	1.0	i
79-00-5	1,1,2-Trichloroethane	1.0	<u>"</u>
71-43-2	Benzene	11.0	יט ו
10061-02-6	trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	1.0	U
75-25-2	Bromoform	1.0	U
108-10-1	4-Methyl-2-pentanone	1.0	<u> </u>
591-78-6	2-Hexanone	5.0	U
127-18-4	Tetrachloroethene	1.0	<u>י</u>
79-34-5	1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	1.0	

Lab Name: Severn Trent Laboratories, Inc. SDG Number: 1E25274

Matrix: (soil/water) WG Lab Sample ID:A1E250274 008

Method: OCLP OLC02.1

Volatile Organics, GC/MS (CLP-Low Level)

Sample WT/Vol: 25 / mL Date Received: 05/25/01 Work Order: ED1PR1AA Date Extracted:05/30/01 Dilution factor: 1 Date Analyzed: 05/30/01

Moisture %:

QC Batch: 1151299

Client Sample Id: HLDBLK

CAS NO.	COMPOUND	(ug/L or ug/kg) ug/L (2
108-88-3	Toluene		ן ט
108-90-7	Chlorobenzene	1.0	U
100-41-4	Ethylbenzene	1.0	ן ש
100-42-5	Styrene	1.0	ן ש
1330-20-7	Xylenes (total)	1.0	<u>ס</u>

c

Appendix C BIOCHLOR Model Results

ဖြ 260 RESET Observed Centerline Conc. at Monitoring Wells Natural Attenuation Screening Protocol 2. Calculate by filling in gray. Data used directly in model. (To restore formulas, hit "Restore Formulas" button 882 /ertical Plane Source: Determine Source Well Location and Input Solvent Concentrations Restore Formulas 084 070 .003 467 View of Plume Looking Down Paste 97 150 5 410 Data Input Instructions: SEE OUTPUT Help Biotransformation Variable* is Occurring estii Rate Constant Calculations MD Sand Gravel & Stone **RUN ARRAY** L - Zone 1 Ekton, MD Zone 2= Single Planar · [] Continuous 1 £ CHOOSE TYPE OF OUTPUT TO SEE: 4.0 FIELD DATA FOR COMPARISON 7.0 O. Source Thickness in Sat. Zone* **RUN CENTERLINE** 74.0 30 ប Dist. from Source (ft) Modeled Area Length Modeled Area Width Source Options 6. SOURCE DATA DCA Conc. (mg/L) TCA Conc (mg/L) Simulation Time* Width* (ft) CA Conc. (mg/L) Zone 1 Length* Zone 2 Length* S. GENERAL Conc. (mg/L) Version 2.0 **⊉** 8 **BIOCHLOR Natural Attenuation Decision Support System** (cm/sec) 000 E € 990 \odot 1.04 Common R (used in model)* = 3 1.04 V 0.20 9.0E.04 Ethanes Ethenes Apha x alf-life (yrs) 28.5 8 **3**33 (kg/L) 19.811 (ft) 0.1 (-) 1.E-05 (-) A (1/yr) 0.000 151 0.000 1.67 3.465 0.000 0,000 0.729 TYPE OF CHLORINATED SOLVENT 4. BIOTRANSFORMATION FractionOrganicCarbon, foc Ethane DCA 🕹 CA \S 8 8 Hydraulic Conductivity Soil Bulk Density, rho \$ **%** & (Alpha y) / (Alpha x)* (Alpha z) / (Alpha x) TCA → Partition Coefficient J↑ V\$ 3. ADSORPTION Retardation Factor* Hydraulic Gradient Seepage Velocity **Effective Porosity** 2. DISPERSION CA A 1. ADVECTION Alpha x* Zone 2

DISSOLVED CHLORINATED SOLVENT CONCENTRATIONS ALONG PLUME CENTERLINE (mg/L) at Z=0

TCA	0	09	. 120	180	240	300	360	420	480	540	-009
No Degradation	74.000	49.534	37.628	31.493	27.591	24.796	22.629	20.841	19.271	17.791	16.278
Biotransformation	74.000	24.023	8.850	3.593	1.527	999.0	0.295	0.132	0.060	0.027	0.012
					Monitoring Well Locations (ft)	Well Locativ	ons (ft)				
	0							410	467	206.66	547
Field Data from Site	74.000							0.150	0.084	0.130	0.260
		1	■No Degradation/Production	n/Production	Sequenti	-Sequential 1st Order Decay	ges)				
											See TCA
(T/6)					:						See DCA
	/										See CA
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) 		- 6	200	300		400	500	009	Z	7% 1	
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			.					6 725			

DISSOLVED CHLORINATED SOLVENT CONCENTRATIONS ALONG PLUME CENTERLINE (mg/L) at Z=0

540	0.000 0.000	0.027 0.013		F 506.66 547	0.026 0.600		Sea TCA	See DCA		See CA			700		医唇性性 医甲状腺 医甲状腺 医甲状腺素	を 1 年 1 年 1 年 1 年 1 年 1 年 1 年 1 年 1 年 1		To Ali To Array
480	0.000	0.059		467	0.070													
420	0.000	0.128		410	0.140								009					Return to
360	0.000	0.278	ions (ft))ecay							209					
300	0.000	0.596	Monitoring Well Locations (ft)			-Sequential 1st Order Decay							400		nrce (ic.)			
240	0.000	1.261	Monitoring			Sequenti	in in in in in in in in in in in in in i								ince From Source (IC)			
180	0.000	2.597				VProduction							300		DISTANC		14.15.15.15.15.15.15.15.15.15.15.15.15.15.	Years
120	0.000	5.040				-No Degradation/Productio							200				Time:	32.0
- 60	0.000	8.187				Z							100					
	0.000	0.000		0.55	0.000		(ation
DCA	No Degradation	Biotransformation			Field Data from Site			7/ 6 w	00.9 (a) u			200	0					Prepare Animation

S S	0	60	120	180	,	300	ं ं360 ः ⊨	420	480	540	- 009
No Degradation	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.00	0000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
Biotransformation		1.019	0.717	0.387	0.192	0.092	0.043	0.020	0.009	0.004	0.002
					Monitoring	Monitoring Well Locations (ft)	(#) suc				
	0							410	467	206.66	547
Field Data from Site	0.000							0.026	0.003	0.000	0.000
		Ž	■No Degradation/Productio	/Production	Sequentia	Sequential 1st Order Decay	scay				
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				Distanc	Distance From Source (ft.)	irce (ft.)	144. 144.				
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noite min A creator	otion.		32.0	Years				Return to	<u></u>	To All	To Array
Tichaid Amili	allon		,					+100			

(0) 80 547 RESET Observed Centerline Conc. at Monitoring Wells Screening Protocol Natural Attenuation Calculate by filling in gray (To restore formulas, hit "Restore Formulas" button Variable* — • Data used directly in model .002 507 cells. Press Enter, then Vertical Plane Source: Determine Source Well Cocation and Input Solvent Concentrations Restore Formulas 000 467 View of Plume Looking Down Paste Example 410 200 Data Input Instructions: SEE OUTPUT Help Biotransformation is Occurring est if Rate Constant Calculations MD Sand Gravel & Stone **RUN ARRAY** Elkton, MÖ -Zone Zone 2= (1%) Single Planar Continuous **2** € 8, CHOOSE TYPE OF OUTPUT TO SEE 225 600 FIELD DATA FOR COMPARISON 43.0 TYPE 없 0 Source Thickness in Sat. Zone* RUN CENTERLINE 43.0 30 ပ် Modeled Area Length* Modeled Area Width. Dist. from Source (ft) Source Options 6. SOURCE DATA 5. GENERAL Simulation Time* MÇ Conc. (mg/L) Width* (ft) Zone 1 Length* Zone 2 Length* Conc. (mg/L)* Version 2.0 **BIOCHLOR Natural Attenuation Decision Support System** (an/sec) E ٤ 9 0.45 O Methylene Chloride Ethanes 0.011 9.0E-04 Coefficient 28.5 Calc. Alpha x -1st Order Decay Common R (used in model)" = (Ckg) (gg) 19.811 (ft) 0.1 (-) 1.E-05 (-) (1/yr) 0.693 Š 2.5E-4 CAS) 0.000 0000 000000 TYPE OF CHLORINATED SOLVENT: FractionOrganicCarbon, foc 4. BIOTRANSFORMATION Methylene Chloride Methylene Chloride Hydraulic Conductivity Soil Bulk Density, rho (Alpha y) / (Alpha x)* (Alpha z) / (Alpha x)*
3. ADSORPTION Partition Coefficient Retardation Factor Hydraulic Gradient Seepage Velocity* Effective Porosity
2. DISPERSION 1. ADVECTION Alpha x* **Zone 2**

DISSOLVED CHLORINATED SOLVENT CONCENTRATIONS ALONG PLUME CENTERLINE (mg/L) at Z=0

					Distance fro	Distance from Source (ft)	2				
Methylene Chloride	0	- 09	120	180	240	300	360	420	- 1480 - 1	540	
No Degradation	43.000	28.783	21.865	18.300	16.033	14.410	13.154	12.122	11.224	10.391	9.562
Biotransformation	43.000	9.796	2.533	0.721	0.215	990.0	0.020	0.006	0.002	0.001	0.000
					Monitoring Well Locations (ft)	Well Locatic	ons (ft)			TOTAL METERS OF THE PROPERTY O	
	0			100				410	467	506.66	547
Field Data from Site	43.000							0.007	0.000	0.002	0.000
			No Degradati	■No Degradation/Production		Seguential 1st Order Decay	Эесаў				
100.00					1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 -			\$			See PCE
9. - 2. - 7/ 6 m											See TCE
noir		/	/								See DCE
ent 0.											
nec			-								See VC
					- :						See ETH
		001	200	300	300 400 Distance From Source (ft.)	400	200	009		700	
				一種を 10 (10 (10 (10 (10 (10 (10 (10 (10 (10 (
Prepare Animation	ıation			32.0 Years				Return to		To All	То Аггау

(9 8 547 RESET Observed Centerline Conc. at Monitoring Wells Natural Attenuation Screening Protocol ↑ ~ 、 2. Calculate by filling in gray ______ cells. Press Enter, then (To restore formulas, hit "Restore Formulas" button Variable --- Data used directly in model 202 27 Vertical Plane Source: Determine Source Welf Location and Input Solvent Concentrations Formulas Restore .038 467 Paste View of Plume Looking Down 410 025 Data Input Instructions: SEE OUTPUT Biotransformation Help 115 is Occurring Test if Rate Constant Calculations MD Sand Gravel & Stone **RUN ARRAY** L - Zone 1 Elkton, MD Zone 2= Single Planar € Continuous €€ 8. CHOOSE TYPE OF OUTPUT TO SEE! 410 FIELD DATA FOR COMPARISON PPE Source Thickness in Sat, Zone* RUN CENTERLINE 57.0 8 δ Modeled Area Length* Dist. from Source (ft) Modeled Area Width* 6. SOURCE DATA Source Options 5. GENERAL Simulation Time* CB Conc. (mg/L) Width* (ft) Chlorobenzene Zone 1 Length* Zone 2 Length* Conc. (mg/L)* Version 2.0 **BIOCHLOR Natural Attenuation Decision Support System** (cm/sec) HELP £ Ê \odot 0.011 25 Chlorobenzene 9.0E-04 Ethanes half-life (yrs) Coefficient 28.5 Calc. Alpha x Common R (used in model)* = (<u>C</u>kg) (<u>C</u> (<u>S</u> 19.811 (ft) 0.1 (-) 1.E-05 (-) λ (1/yr) 0.513 0.000 0.000 0.00 0.000 1.67 TYPE OF CHLORINATED SOLVENT: 4. BIOTRANSFORMATION FractionOrganicCarbon, foc Partition Coefficient Chlorobenzene Chlorobenzene Hydraulic Conductivity (Alpha z) / (Alpha x)*
3. ADSORPTION
Retardation Factor* Soil Bulk Density, rho (Alpha y) / (Alpha x)* Hydraulic Gradient Seepage Velocity¹ **Effective Porosity** 2. DISPERSION 1. ADVECTION Alpha x* Zone 2

DISSOLVED CHLORINATED SOLVENT CONCENTRATIONS ALONG PLUME CENTERLINE (mg/L) at Z=0

410	16.051	0.050		[0.005	See PCE	See TCE	See DCE	See VC	See ETH			To Array
369	17.087	0.095		99.905	0.021		:: 				450		To All
328	18.210	0.179		467	0.038				_		80		<u> </u>
287	19.484	0.341		410	0.025						350		Return to Input
246	20.992	0.654	ins (ft)			Ø G G							
205	22.858	1.270	Monitoring Well Locations (ft)			Sequential 1st Order Decay.					300 300 urce (ft.)		
164	25.289	2.504	Monitoring								200 250 Distance From Source (ft.)		
123	28.679	5.062				n/Production							Years Sinear
82	33.897	10.665				No Degradation/					150	Time	32.0 Log <──<
/ 41 · ·	43.363	24.323									0		
ō	57.000	57.000		0	57.000						20		tion
Chlorobenzene	No Degradation	Biotransformation			Field Data from Site	100.00	_	noits:		0.00 0.00			Prepare Animation

88 8 RESET Observed Centerline Conc. at Monitoring Wells Natural Attenuation Screening Protocol n or 2. Calculate by filling in gray (To restore formulas, hit "Restore Formulas" button) → Data used directly in model 115 --- T. Enter value directly...or 28 5 Vertical Plane Source: Determine Source Well 207 Location and Input Solvent Concentrations Restore Formula View of Plume Looking Down 513 938 467 Paste Example 028 020 410 Data Input Instructions: SEE OUTPUT Help Biotransformation Variable* is Occurring Fest if Rate Constant Calculations MD Sand Gravel & Stone **RUN ARRAY** L - Zone 1 Elkton, MD Zone 2= Single Planar Continuous **€** 0 00 32 (yr) 225 (ff) 56007 (ff) 6004 (ff) € CHOOSE TYPE OF OUTPUT TO SEE FIELD DATA FOR COMPARISON YPE 43.0 Source Thickness in Sat. Zone* RUN CENTERLINE 43.0 ច စ္က Ö Modeled Area Length* Modeled Area Width. Dist. from Source (ft) Source Options S. SOURCE DATA PCE Conc. (mg/L) DCE Conc. (mg/L.) rce Conc. (mg/L) VC Cone. (mg/L) ETH Conc. (mg/L) Width* (ft) Simulation Time* Zone 1 Length* Zone 2 Length* 5. GENERAL Version 2.0 Conc 일일 **BIOCHLOR Natural Attenuation Decision Support System** (cm/sec) 밀 (£ 0.45 (H) \odot \circ 1038 Far 9.0E-04 0.011 Ethenes Ethanes Coefficient 28.5 hatf-life (yrs) Oak. 1.10 2.20 2 Common R (used in model)*== 19.811 (ft) 0.1 (-) 1.E-05 (-) _ - 320 -2 (1/yr) 00000 1.873 1.260 0.315 0.578 TYPE OF CHLORINATED SOLVENT Soil Bulk Density, rho FractionOrganicCarbon, foc 4. BIOTRANSFORMATION DC. DCE δĒ SE Hydraulic Conductivity (Alpha z) / (Alpha x)*
3. ADSORPTION
Retardation Factor* (Alpha y) / (Alpha x) 유 등 등 등 등 Partition Coefficient ETH Š Hydraulic Gradient Seepage Velocity* TGE 人 Effective Porosity 2. DISPERSION DCE 1. ADVECTION Alpha x* Zone 1 Zone 2

DISSOLVED CHLORINATED SOLVENT CONCENTRATIONS ALONG PLUME CENTERLINE (mg/L) at Z=0

009	3.616	0.014		547	0.008	See PCE	See TCE See DCE	See VC	See ETH	を開きます。 支強を対象がある。 対象を対象を対象を 対象を対象を 対象を対象を 対象を対象を 対象を対象を 対象を対象を 対象を	То Апау
540	4.014	0.027		99.905	0:130				- 102		To All
480	4.389	0.050		467	0.056						
420	4.770	0.095		410	0.087			1	009		Return to Input
360	5.192	0.180	ns (ft)) S			900		
240 300	5.694	0.346	Monitoring Well Locations (ft)			Sequential 1st Order Decay			400	rce (ft.)	
240	6.338	0.673	fonitoring V			atuenbes				Distance From Source (ft.)	
180	7.235	1.346				Loginos.				Distance	Years Shear
120	8.644	2.818				No Degradation/Production					25 25 35 4
- 60	11.379	6.497									
0	17.000	17.000		0	17.000						u _o
PCE	No Degradation	Biotransformation			Field Data from Site	(7/L)	m) noits	ncentr 0.00	000 000		Prepare Animation

		+	7 0 014		9.	7 0.027		See PCE	See TCE		See DCE		See VC	See ETH						To Array	
	7	10.154	0.027		506.66 ·-	0.037			T		Γ	· ·			T .	3				To All	
	₩	11.102	0.052		-467	0.022															
1 日本の日本の日本の日本の日本の日本の日本の日本の日本の日本の日本の日本の日本の日	420	12.066	0.102		440	0.020			-	_			1			3				Return to Input	
	360	13.132	0.203	ns (ft)			ecay	-			-		f			200					
DISSOLVED CHLORINALED SOLVENT CONCENT. Distance from Source (ff)	300	14.402	0.415	Monitoring Well Locations (ft)			Sequential 1st Order Decay				-	_				400		ource (ft.)		· 新聞の ない ・ 一番の ・ あい ・ あい ・ あい ・ ない ・ ない	
Distance from	240	16.030	0.883	Monitoring	BUILDING B	(P) (P) (P) (P) (P) (P) (P) (P) (P) (P)	Sequen					I				300		Distance From Source (ft.)			
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DISSOF		- n	43.000	43.000		0	43.000								•						ation
		TCE	No Degradation	Biotransformation			Field Data from Site	 100 00		1/g ₁		noi	1131 0.10			+ 00.0 0	•				Prepare Animation

DISSOLVED CHLORINATED SOLVENT CONCENTRATIONS ALONG PLUME CENTERLINE (mg/L) at Z=0

sformation 0.000 0	DCE	C	8	120	180	240	3000	360	420	480	540	600	
0.000 4.267 2.124 0.952 0.430 0.200 0.096 0.048 0.004 0.0013 0.00	No Degradation	000.0	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
0	otransformation	0000	4.267	2.124	0.952	0.430	0.200	0.096	0.048	0.024	0.013	0.007	
0.000 —No Degradation/Production — Sequential 1st Order Decay 100 200 300 400 500 600 700 Time: Time: 100						Monitoring	Well Locatic	ins (ft)					
0.000 0.056 0.038 0.017 0.00 —No Degradation/Production —Sequential 1st Order Decay 100 200 300, 400 500 600 700 100 200 300, 400 500 100 100 200 700 100 200 700 100 200 700 100 200 700 100 200 700 100 200 700 100 200 700 100 200 700	L	0							410	467	506.66	547	
No Degradation/ProductionSequential 1st Order Decay 100 200 400 500 600 700 Time: Time: Sequential 1st Order Decay	d Data from Site	0.000							0.058	0.038	0.017	0.008	
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DISSOLVED CHLORINATED SOLVENT CONCENTRATIONS ALONG PLUME CENTERLINE (mg/L) at Z=0

Concentration 0.10